

The Free Homestead.

LIBERTY, LITERATURE AND LAND.

VOL. 5. NO 23.

WINNEBAGO CITY, MINN. WEDNESDAY, MAY 6, 1868.

WHOLE NO. 236.

THE FREE HOMESTEAD.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.
Three months..... 50
Six months..... 75
One Year..... 1.50
If not paid in advance, at the rate of, a year, 2.00

RATES OF ADVERTISING.
1w 1m 6w 3m 1yr
1 inch \$1.00 \$2.50 \$5.00 \$8.00 \$10.00
2 inch 1.50 4.00 8.00 12.00 16.00
3 inch 2.00 6.00 12.00 18.00 24.00
4 inch 2.50 7.00 14.00 21.00 28.00
5 inch 3.00 8.00 16.00 24.00 32.00
6 inch 3.50 9.00 18.00 27.00 36.00
7 inch 4.00 10.00 20.00 30.00 40.00
8 inch 4.50 11.00 22.00 33.00 44.00
9 inch 5.00 12.00 24.00 36.00 48.00
10 inch 5.50 13.00 26.00 39.00 52.00
11 inch 6.00 14.00 28.00 42.00 56.00
12 inch 6.50 15.00 30.00 45.00 60.00
13 inch 7.00 16.00 32.00 48.00 64.00
14 inch 7.50 17.00 34.00 51.00 68.00
15 inch 8.00 18.00 36.00 54.00 72.00
16 inch 8.50 19.00 38.00 57.00 76.00
17 inch 9.00 20.00 40.00 60.00 80.00
18 inch 9.50 21.00 42.00 63.00 84.00
19 inch 10.00 22.00 44.00 66.00 88.00
20 inch 10.50 23.00 46.00 69.00 92.00
21 inch 11.00 24.00 48.00 72.00 96.00
22 inch 11.50 25.00 50.00 75.00 100.00
23 inch 12.00 26.00 52.00 78.00 104.00
24 inch 12.50 27.00 54.00 81.00 108.00
25 inch 13.00 28.00 56.00 84.00 112.00
26 inch 13.50 29.00 58.00 87.00 116.00
27 inch 14.00 30.00 60.00 90.00 120.00
28 inch 14.50 31.00 62.00 93.00 124.00
29 inch 15.00 32.00 64.00 96.00 128.00
30 inch 15.50 33.00 66.00 99.00 132.00
31 inch 16.00 34.00 68.00 102.00 136.00
32 inch 16.50 35.00 70.00 105.00 140.00
33 inch 17.00 36.00 72.00 108.00 144.00
34 inch 17.50 37.00 74.00 111.00 148.00
35 inch 18.00 38.00 76.00 114.00 152.00
36 inch 18.50 39.00 78.00 117.00 156.00
37 inch 19.00 40.00 80.00 120.00 160.00
38 inch 19.50 41.00 82.00 123.00 164.00
39 inch 20.00 42.00 84.00 126.00 168.00
40 inch 20.50 43.00 86.00 129.00 172.00
41 inch 21.00 44.00 88.00 132.00 176.00
42 inch 21.50 45.00 90.00 135.00 180.00
43 inch 22.00 46.00 92.00 138.00 184.00
44 inch 22.50 47.00 94.00 141.00 188.00
45 inch 23.00 48.00 96.00 144.00 192.00
46 inch 23.50 49.00 98.00 147.00 196.00
47 inch 24.00 50.00 100.00 150.00 200.00
48 inch 24.50 51.00 102.00 153.00 204.00
49 inch 25.00 52.00 104.00 156.00 208.00
50 inch 25.50 53.00 106.00 159.00 212.00
51 inch 26.00 54.00 108.00 162.00 216.00
52 inch 26.50 55.00 110.00 165.00 220.00
53 inch 27.00 56.00 112.00 168.00 224.00
54 inch 27.50 57.00 114.00 171.00 228.00
55 inch 28.00 58.00 116.00 174.00 232.00
56 inch 28.50 59.00 118.00 177.00 236.00
57 inch 29.00 60.00 120.00 180.00 240.00
58 inch 29.50 61.00 122.00 183.00 244.00
59 inch 30.00 62.00 124.00 186.00 248.00
60 inch 30.50 63.00 126.00 189.00 252.00
61 inch 31.00 64.00 128.00 192.00 256.00
62 inch 31.50 65.00 130.00 195.00 260.00
63 inch 32.00 66.00 132.00 198.00 264.00
64 inch 32.50 67.00 134.00 201.00 268.00
65 inch 33.00 68.00 136.00 204.00 272.00
66 inch 33.50 69.00 138.00 207.00 276.00
67 inch 34.00 70.00 140.00 210.00 280.00
68 inch 34.50 71.00 142.00 213.00 284.00
69 inch 35.00 72.00 144.00 216.00 288.00
70 inch 35.50 73.00 146.00 219.00 292.00
71 inch 36.00 74.00 148.00 222.00 296.00
72 inch 36.50 75.00 150.00 225.00 300.00
73 inch 37.00 76.00 152.00 228.00 304.00
74 inch 37.50 77.00 154.00 231.00 308.00
75 inch 38.00 78.00 156.00 234.00 312.00
76 inch 38.50 79.00 158.00 237.00 316.00
77 inch 39.00 80.00 160.00 240.00 320.00
78 inch 39.50 81.00 162.00 243.00 324.00
79 inch 40.00 82.00 164.00 246.00 328.00
80 inch 40.50 83.00 166.00 249.00 332.00
81 inch 41.00 84.00 168.00 252.00 336.00
82 inch 41.50 85.00 170.00 255.00 340.00
83 inch 42.00 86.00 172.00 258.00 344.00
84 inch 42.50 87.00 174.00 261.00 348.00
85 inch 43.00 88.00 176.00 264.00 352.00
86 inch 43.50 89.00 178.00 267.00 356.00
87 inch 44.00 90.00 180.00 270.00 360.00
88 inch 44.50 91.00 182.00 273.00 364.00
89 inch 45.00 92.00 184.00 276.00 368.00
90 inch 45.50 93.00 186.00 279.00 372.00
91 inch 46.00 94.00 188.00 282.00 376.00
92 inch 46.50 95.00 190.00 285.00 380.00
93 inch 47.00 96.00 192.00 288.00 384.00
94 inch 47.50 97.00 194.00 291.00 388.00
95 inch 48.00 98.00 196.00 294.00 392.00
96 inch 48.50 99.00 198.00 297.00 396.00
97 inch 49.00 100.00 200.00 300.00 400.00
98 inch 49.50 101.00 202.00 303.00 404.00
99 inch 50.00 102.00 204.00 306.00 408.00
100 inch 50.50 103.00 206.00 309.00 412.00
101 inch 51.00 104.00 208.00 312.00 416.00
102 inch 51.50 105.00 210.00 315.00 420.00
103 inch 52.00 106.00 212.00 318.00 424.00
104 inch 52.50 107.00 214.00 321.00 428.00
105 inch 53.00 108.00 216.00 324.00 432.00
106 inch 53.50 109.00 218.00 327.00 436.00
107 inch 54.00 110.00 220.00 330.00 440.00
108 inch 54.50 111.00 222.00 333.00 444.00
109 inch 55.00 112.00 224.00 336.00 448.00
110 inch 55.50 113.00 226.00 339.00 452.00
111 inch 56.00 114.00 228.00 342.00 456.00
112 inch 56.50 115.00 230.00 345.00 460.00
113 inch 57.00 116.00 232.00 348.00 464.00
114 inch 57.50 117.00 234.00 351.00 468.00
115 inch 58.00 118.00 236.00 354.00 472.00
116 inch 58.50 119.00 238.00 357.00 476.00
117 inch 59.00 120.00 240.00 360.00 480.00
118 inch 59.50 121.00 242.00 363.00 484.00
119 inch 60.00 122.00 244.00 366.00 488.00
120 inch 60.50 123.00 246.00 369.00 492.00
121 inch 61.00 124.00 248.00 372.00 496.00
122 inch 61.50 125.00 250.00 375.00 500.00
123 inch 62.00 126.00 252.00 378.00 504.00
124 inch 62.50 127.00 254.00 381.00 508.00
125 inch 63.00 128.00 256.00 384.00 512.00
126 inch 63.50 129.00 258.00 387.00 516.00
127 inch 64.00 130.00 260.00 390.00 520.00
128 inch 64.50 131.00 262.00 393.00 524.00
129 inch 65.00 132.00 264.00 396.00 528.00
130 inch 65.50 133.00 266.00 399.00 532.00
131 inch 66.00 134.00 268.00 402.00 536.00
132 inch 66.50 135.00 270.00 405.00 540.00
133 inch 67.00 136.00 272.00 408.00 544.00
134 inch 67.50 137.00 274.00 411.00 548.00
135 inch 68.00 138.00 276.00 414.00 552.00
136 inch 68.50 139.00 278.00 417.00 556.00
137 inch 69.00 140.00 280.00 420.00 560.00
138 inch 69.50 141.00 282.00 423.00 564.00
139 inch 70.00 142.00 284.00 426.00 568.00
140 inch 70.50 143.00 286.00 429.00 572.00
141 inch 71.00 144.00 288.00 432.00 576.00
142 inch 71.50 145.00 290.00 435.00 580.00
143 inch 72.00 146.00 292.00 438.00 584.00
144 inch 72.50 147.00 294.00 441.00 588.00
145 inch 73.00 148.00 296.00 444.00 592.00
146 inch 73.50 149.00 298.00 447.00 596.00
147 inch 74.00 150.00 300.00 450.00 600.00
148 inch 74.50 151.00 302.00 453.00 604.00
149 inch 75.00 152.00 304.00 456.00 608.00
150 inch 75.50 153.00 306.00 459.00 612.00
151 inch 76.00 154.00 308.00 462.00 616.00
152 inch 76.50 155.00 310.00 465.00 620.00
153 inch 77.00 156.00 312.00 468.00 624.00
154 inch 77.50 157.00 314.00 471.00 628.00
155 inch 78.00 158.00 316.00 474.00 632.00
156 inch 78.50 159.00 318.00 477.00 636.00
157 inch 79.00 160.00 320.00 480.00 640.00
158 inch 79.50 161.00 322.00 483.00 644.00
159 inch 80.00 162.00 324.00 486.00 648.00
160 inch 80.50 163.00 326.00 489.00 652.00
161 inch 81.00 164.00 328.00 492.00 656.00
162 inch 81.50 165.00 330.00 495.00 660.00
163 inch 82.00 166.00 332.00 498.00 664.00
164 inch 82.50 167.00 334.00 501.00 668.00
165 inch 83.00 168.00 336.00 504.00 672.00
166 inch 83.50 169.00 338.00 507.00 676.00
167 inch 84.00 170.00 340.00 510.00 680.00
168 inch 84.50 171.00 342.00 513.00 684.00
169 inch 85.00 172.00 344.00 516.00 688.00
170 inch 85.50 173.00 346.00 519.00 692.00
171 inch 86.00 174.00 348.00 522.00 696.00
172 inch 86.50 175.00 350.00 525.00 700.00
173 inch 87.00 176.00 352.00 528.00 704.00
174 inch 87.50 177.00 354.00 531.00 708.00
175 inch 88.00 178.00 356.00 534.00 712.00
176 inch 88.50 179.00 358.00 537.00 716.00
177 inch 89.00 180.00 360.00 540.00 720.00
178 inch 89.50 181.00 362.00 543.00 724.00
179 inch 90.00 182.00 364.00 546.00 728.00
180 inch 90.50 183.00 366.00 549.00 732.00
181 inch 91.00 184.00 368.00 552.00 736.00
182 inch 91.50 185.00 370.00 555.00 740.00
183 inch 92.00 186.00 372.00 558.00 744.00
184 inch 92.50 187.00 374.00 561.00 748.00
185 inch 93.00 188.00 376.00 564.00 752.00
186 inch 93.50 189.00 378.00 567.00 756.00
187 inch 94.00 190.00 380.00 570.00 760.00
188 inch 94.50 191.00 382.00 573.00 764.00
189 inch 95.00 192.00 384.00 576.00 768.00
190 inch 95.50 193.00 386.00 579.00 772.00
191 inch 96.00 194.00 388.00 582.00 776.00
192 inch 96.50 195.00 390.00 585.00 780.00
193 inch 97.00 196.00 392.00 588.00 784.00
194 inch 97.50 197.00 394.00 591.00 788.00
195 inch 98.00 198.00 396.00 594.00 792.00
196 inch 98.50 199.00 398.00 597.00 796.00
197 inch 99.00 200.00 400.00 600.00 800.00
198 inch 99.50 201.00 402.00 603.00 804.00
199 inch 100.00 202.00 404.00 606.00 808.00
200 inch 100.50 203.00 406.00 609.00 812.00
201 inch 101.00 204.00 408.00 612.00 816.00
202 inch 101.50 205.00 410.00 615.00 820.00
203 inch 102.00 206.00 412.00 618.00 824.00
204 inch 102.50 207.00 414.00 621.00 828.00
205 inch 103.00 208.00 416.00 624.00 832.00
206 inch 103.50 209.00 418.00 627.00 836.00
207 inch 104.00 210.00 420.00 630.00 840.00
208 inch 104.50 211.00 422.00 633.00 844.00
209 inch 105.00 212.00 424.00 636.00 848.00
210 inch 105.50 213.00 426.00 639.00 852.00
211 inch 106.00 214.00 428.00 642.00 856.00
212 inch 106.50 215.00 430.00 645.00 860.00
213 inch 107.00 216.00 432.00 648.00 864.00
214 inch 107.50 217.00 434.00 651.00 868.00
215 inch 108.00 218.00 436.00 654.00 872.00
216 inch 108.50 219.00 438.00 657.00 876.00
217 inch 109.00 220.00 440.00 660.00 880.00
218 inch 109.50 221.00 442.00 663.00 884.00
219 inch 110.00 222.00 444.00 666.00 888.00
220 inch 110.50 223.00 446.00 669.00 892.00
221 inch 111.00 224.00 448.00 672.00 896.00
222 inch 111.50 225.00 450.00 675.00 900.00
223 inch 112.00 226.00 452.00 678.00 904.00
224 inch 112.50 227.00 454.00 681.00 908.00
225 inch 113.00 228.00 456.00 684.00 912.00
226 inch 113.50 229.00 458.00 687.00 916.00
227 inch 114.00 230.00 460.00 690.00 920.00
228 inch 114.50 231.00 462.00 693.00 924.00
229 inch 115.00 232.00 464.00 696.00 928.00
230 inch 115.50 233.00 466.00 699.00 932.00
231 inch 116.00 234.00 468.00 702.00 936.00
232 inch 116.50 235.00 470.00 705.00 940.00
233 inch 117.00 236.00 472.00 708.00 944.00
234 inch 117.50 237.00 474.00 711.00 948.00
235 inch 118.00 238.00 476.00 714.00 952.00
236 inch 118.50 239.00 478.00 717.00 956.00
237 inch 119.00 240.00 480.00 720.00 960.00
238 inch 119.50 241.00 482.00 723.00 964.00
239 inch 120.00 242.00 484.00 726.00 968.00
240 inch 120.50 243.00 486.00 729.00 972.00
241 inch 121.00 244.00 488.00 732.00 976.00
242 inch 121.50 245.00 490.00 735.00 980.00
243 inch 122.00 246.00 492.00 738.00 984.00
244 inch 122.50 247.00 494.00 741.00 988.00
245 inch 123.00 248.00 496.00 744.00 992.00
246 inch 123.50 249.00 498.00 747.00 996.00
247 inch 124.00 250.00 500.00 750.00 1000.00
248 inch 124.50 251.00 502.00 753.00 1004.00
249 inch 125.00 252.00 504.00 756.00 1008.00
250 inch 125.50 253.00 506.00 759.00 1012.00
251 inch 126.00 254.00 508.00 762.00 1016.00
252 inch 126.50 255.00 510.00 765.00 1020.00
253 inch 127.00 256.00 512.00 768.00 1024.00
254 inch 127.50 257.00 514.00 771.00 1028.00
255 inch 128.00 258.00 516.00 774.00 1032.00
256 inch 128.50 259.00 518.00 777.00 1036.00
257 inch 129.00 260.00 520.00 780.00 1040.00
258 inch 129.50 261.00 522.00 783.00 1044.00
259 inch 130.00 262.00 524.00 786.00 1048.00
260 inch 130.50 263.00 526.00 789.00 1052.00
261 inch 131.00 264.00 528.00 792.00 1056.00
262 inch 131.50 265.00 530.00 795.00 1060.00
263 inch 132.00 266.00 532.00 798.00 1064.00
264 inch 132.50 267.00 534.00 801.00 1068.00
265 inch 133.00 268.00 536.00 804.00 1072.00
266 inch 133.50 269.00 538.00 807.00 1076.00
267 inch 134.00 270.00 540.00 810.00 1080.00
268 inch 134.50 271.00 542.00 813.00 1084.00
269 inch 135.00 272.00 544.00 816.00 1088.00
270 inch 135.50 273.00 546.00 819.00 1092.00
271 inch 136.00 274.00 548.00 822.00 1096.00
272 inch 136.50 275.00 550.00 825.00 1100.00
273 inch 137.00 276.00 552.00 828.00 1104.00
274 inch 137.50 277.00 554.00 831.00 1108.00
275 inch 138.00 278.00 556.00 834.00 1112.00
276 inch 138.50 279.00 558.00 837.00 1116.00
277 inch 139.00 280.00 560.00 840.00 1120.00
278 inch 139.50 281.00 562.00 843.00 1124.00
279 inch 140.00 282.00 564.00 846.00 1128.00
280 inch 140.50 283.00 566.00 849.00 1132.00
281 inch 141.00 284.00 568.00 852.00 1136.00
282 inch 141.50 285.00 570.00 855.00 1140.00
283 inch 142.00 286.00 572.00 858.00 1144.00
284 inch 142.50 287.00 574.00 861.00 1148.00
285 inch 143.00 288.00 576.00 864.00 1152.00
286 inch 143.50 289.00 578.00 867.00 1156.00
287 inch 144.00 290.00 580.00 870.00 1160.00
288 inch 144.50 291.00 582.00 873.00 1164.00
289 inch 145.00 292.00 584.00 876.00 1168.00
290 inch 145.50 293.00 586.00 879.00 1172.00
291 inch 146.00 294.00 588.00 882.00 1176.00
292 inch 146.50 295.00 590.00 885.00 1180.00
293 inch 147.00 296.00 592.00 888.00 1184.00
294 inch 147.50 297.00 594.00 891.00 1188.00
295 inch 148.00 298.00 596.00 894.00 1192.00
296 inch 148.50 299.00 598.00 897.00 1196.00
297 inch 149.00 300.00 600.00 900.00 1200.00
298 inch 149.50 301.00 602.00 903.00 1204.00
299 inch 150.00 302.00 604.00 906.00 1208.00
300 inch 150.50 303.00 606.00 909.00 1212.00
301 inch 151.00 304.00 608.00 912.00 1216.00
302 inch 151.50 305.00 610.00 915.00 1220.00
303 inch 152.00 306.00 612.00 918.00 1224.00
304 inch 152.50 307.00 614.00 921.

The Free Homestead.

LIBERTY, LITERATURE AND LAND.

VOL. 5. NO 28.

WINNEBAGO CITY, MINN. WEDNESDAY, MAY 6, 1868.

WHOLE NO. 236.

THE FREE HOMESTEAD.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.
Three months..... 50
Six months..... 75
One Year..... 1 50
If not paid in advance, at the rate of, 2 00

RATES OF ADVERTISING.
By line 1m 6m 1yr
1 inch \$1 00 \$2 50 \$5 00
2 inch 1 50 3 00 5 00
3 inch 2 00 4 00 6 00
4 inch 2 50 5 00 7 00
5 inch 3 00 6 00 8 00
6 inch 3 50 7 00 9 00
7 inch 4 00 8 00 10 00
8 inch 4 50 9 00 11 00
9 inch 5 00 10 00 12 00
10 inch 5 50 11 00 13 00
11 inch 6 00 12 00 14 00
12 inch 6 50 13 00 15 00
13 inch 7 00 14 00 16 00
14 inch 7 50 15 00 17 00
15 inch 8 00 16 00 18 00
16 inch 8 50 17 00 19 00
17 inch 9 00 18 00 20 00
18 inch 9 50 19 00 21 00
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72 inch 36 50 73 00 75 00
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143 inch 72 00 144 00 146 00
144 inch 72 50 145 00 147 00
145 inch 73 00 146 00 148 00
146 inch 73 50 147 00 149 00
147 inch 74 00 148 00 150 00
148 inch 74 50 149 00 151 00
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152 inch 76 50 153 00 155 00
153 inch 77 00 154 00 156 00
154 inch 77 50 155 00 157 00
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162 inch 81 50 163 00 165 00
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167 inch 84 00 168 00 170 00
168 inch 84 50 169 00 171 00
169 inch 85 00 170 00 172 00
170 inch 85 50 171 00 173 00
171 inch 86 00 172 00 174 00
172 inch 86 50 173 00 175 00
173 inch 87 00 174 00 176 00
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J Franklin	4	61
C Squires	678	62
G M Franklin	2	63
Methodist Parsonage	45	64
Wagner & Schall	all	64
J Mead	1234	65
A Soter	4	65
G B Kingsley	45	66
P C Seely 24 ft on w side	46	66
H Seely	8910	66
A W Eiler	1289	67
L Lodomis	all	69
Win Dustin	all	70
J Mead	45	72
J Kirby	6	72
F A Blackman	8	72
B Constan	1	74
A Anderson 20 ft front on		
Valencia at	74	
Roberts & Dr. 40 ft on Va-		
lencia at and 180 ft deep on		
n end 29 10	74	
E Gaylord	1	75
A Soter	2	75
W Hill	3	75
E J Huntington	n 1/2 45	75
E R Waite s 1/2 45	45	75
J Franklin 35 1/2 ft front on		
Valencia at on n end 16		
A Bonwell	8	75
Neal & Kingsley w 5-69	75	
Win Constans	n 1/2	75
W Hill	sh	77
L Newman	12345	79
L Richter	123456789	80
H Curtis	10	81
A Wert 129 45678910	81	
H D Newson	8	81
J H Mead	45	82
J A Willard	8	83
W Lewis	39	84
L Lodomis	all	85
W Lewis	3	88
A Johnson	8	88
Franklin	8910	88
B Johnson	679	89
A W Eiler	8	89
G B Kingsley	12345	91
L Richter	678910	93
Dustin & Hill 40 ft end		
45	94	
F A Davis 62 ft on s end 6	94	
H Mead	345678	95
M C Mead	9	95
J H Mead	s 1/2 10	95
H A Dudley	n 1/2 10	95
L Lodomis	678	96
A C Davis	12	97
S Mount	678910	97

YOUNG'S ADDITION TO R. E. CITY.		
H Raymond	1	2
E L Howard	13 14	2
A Anderson	2	2
E Little	2	2
W Baldwin	89	2
Schuler & Thurston	12	2
J Franklin	12 14	3
J Augustine	2	3
J Shuttleworth	n 1/2 4	3
A Johnson	78910	3
E Munger 20 ft on n 1/2	4	4
F Clement	4	4
H Kerner	6	4
"	123	5
P Kinney	2	6
O D Davis	4	6
D Pratt	5	6
C W Wilson	711	6
"	769	7
W Roberts	14	7
Schuler & Thurston	9	8
F L Howard	23 14	8
C Wilson	5	8
J C Howard	25	9
"	29 14	10
C W Wilson	1213	10
Schuler & Thurston	8	12
E Fulver	45	12
J C Howard	1	14
"	2	15
C W Wilson	1	15
J C Howard	9	16

DON & BOWEN'S ADDITION BLUE EARTH CITY.		
L Newman	34	7
E Fulver	5678	8
E Chute	12	9
K Keister	678910	9
W Baldwin	all	10
"	all	11
E Chute	3	14

EXPLANATIONS.		
The abbreviations used in the foregoing list are as follows: N stands for North, S for South, E for East, W for West, N E for Northeast, N W for Northwest, S E for Southeast, S W for Southwest, C for Corner, S for Section, A for Acre, T for Town, R for Range.		
F. W. CADY,		
Auditor of Fairbault County.		

The Free Homestead.

WEDNESDAY, MAY 13, 1908

Items From the Mankato Union.

CONGRESSIONAL CONVENTION.

At the head of the second page we publish the call for a republican convention of the 2d Congressional district, which is to take place at Owatonna on the 5th of July next. It will devolve upon the people of the district to elect a successor to Hon. Wm. Windom who, we understand will not be a candidate for reelection, and whose term expires on the 4th of March next. We trust that the District are as willing to excuse Mr. Windom from further service as he is to decline a nomination because it is tendered him. We have very little of his past services, which have materially benefited this locality, to record. And especially last fall, when the deepest interest was felt in the State election and the great national issue of endorsing Congress or an apostate President was to be decided, he was busy with his personal financial schemes, while the member from the 1st District, Hon. I. Donnelly, Hon. M. S. Wilkinson and others were doing yeoman service in collapsing the false theories of copperhead orators. But let him pass—Another will fill his place, and who shall it be? The Winona Republican says:

At no former time in the history of this State has there been such an imperative necessity as now exists for placing in nomination able, honest and efficient men as candidates for the public support. And especially is this so with regard to aspirants for Congressional honors. What the people ask for, and what they have a right to expect, at the hands of the forthcoming Republican Convention, is a candidate for Congress whose political faith has been well tested—whose fidelity to principle is beyond a question—whose honesty is assured—whose reputation for ability to serve the people in any and every emergency is established. We cannot

we must not—take up a man in whom these essential pre-requisites are in the least degree wanting. To do so would be to court defeat. The First Congressional District is strongly Republican, we grant, but there is no "margin" for a doubtful or incompetent candidate. Only a thoroughly good and worthy man deserves to succeed—only such a man can succeed.

It continues to speak also of the importance of a thorough waking up among the voters, so that the will of the people rather than that of politicians should be subserved. If this plain duty is performed by the people it has no fears of the result. The suggestions of the *Republican* are very good, but after beating around the bush at some length the article closes without giving any intimation as to who possesses those qualifications so necessary in the successor of Mr. Windom. The people will to some extent look to the press for their views upon the question of capability in the various candidates, and as the *Republican* is the leading organ of the District it would not be improper to name a man whose political faith has been well tested—whose fidelity to principle is beyond question—whose honesty is assured—and whose reputation for ability to serve the people is established. If the *Republican* has no such person in view, perhaps it will allow us to suggest and co-operate with us in securing his nomination.

MONTANA COLLECTIONSHIP.

A Washington letter in the St. Paul Press of the 28th ult. contains some reflections upon the recent appointment of J. B. Hubbell as Collector of Montana, in which it intimates that Hon. I. Donnelly has been engaged in securing the removal of Langford and appointment of Mr. Hubbell in the interest of the democracy. That Mr. Donnelly has had anything to do in the matter is absolutely false, and Mr. Hubbell has not only not solicited his aid but has not even a personal acquaintance with him. Mr. Ramsey having promised no opposition to his confirmation no effort was necessary.

The fight is purely upon republican grounds. Mr. Langford having been very reticent and weak kneed on political issues until after the passage of the tenure of office bill, and given two of his most important deputyships to rebels. Mr. Hubbell would not have been a candidate had it not been for this fact, and knowing that his political record was largely against him with sound republicans. Nothing but Langford's relationship with Gov. Marshall could save him. Of course the Governor had other business in Washington besides defeating this confirmation but it appears from the letter that he has been some busy on this account, the other objects of his visits being likely to be defeated. The Governor, however, has been seconded in his efforts by Saakatchewan Taylor, J. J. Knox & Co. Applicants for office should apply to this company, if they desire success.

Ku-Klux Klan.

Wolf's Den, SECRET CONCLAVE, 12 P. M., April 25, 1898.

Hearts Blood *****

***** Lay *****

***** measure is *****

***** taking *****

K. (The rope) K. (Skull and) K. cross bones. Revenge.

B. E. L. No. 1. Be Ready—2 P. M.—May 1st. Warning. Do take—Publish no more Radical articles—Exit instantly—Sell—Leave. 10 days is the utmost. You are doomed. New moon—1st May—Early dawn. Take heed. Thirty one are sworn to the task. Ye despotic Coss, Die or leave. Bullets, Daggers—Sharp. The 31 will do or die.

By order of GRAND CYCLOPS.

(Countersigned) Death to Radicals, our Motto.

The above notice, as an advertisement, bears the characteristics of uniqueness, especially for this latitude. It came through the post-office addressed to the Editor of the Mankato Union. As communications to the editor are generally intended for publication we give the notice one insertion. As a specimen of "how they do it" down in Dixie, where the Ku Klux Klan mostly do congregate, it could not be surpassed. It is a faithful portrait of the malice preposse which rankles in the bosoms of such blood thirsty vampires as perpetrated the Lawrence and Fort Pillow massacres, and piled their villainous guerilla warfare upon the rebellion. It is further the quintessence of cowardice, as it seems that 31 are required to perform the delicate task of giving us a scare. They must think the editor of the Union is considerable of an elephant. It used to be said that one southerner could "lick" any half dozen Yankees in the north. The tune is reversed. Thirty one against one. As a threat we presume that its extent is a gigantic "goak" and therefore we don't scare much. But as the injunction is to "publish no more radical articles" we presume the perpetrators to be in sympathy with the party known as democrats. How do the democracy like the associations? We showed it to the irrepressible Wallace and his first impulse was to "Call the Club." He further suggests that Chief Police McEwen take the case in hand and work it up. A word describing the document and we dismiss the subject. The dagger, bowie knife, skull and cross bones, and rope are pictured in red ink, and a coffin in black. Under the dagger is the word "revenge" written in blood red. Over the bowie knife are the words "hearts blood," also in red. On the coffin is placarded "Thy measure is taking," and across the page, in red, are the words "death to radicals our motto." Enclosed was a bullet and percussion cap, but neither will fit our shooting iron. We are much obliged to our contrib-

utors from whom emanated such touching designs of "peace and good will toward men," but further communications of a similar nature will not be noticed unless accompanied by the real name of the authors.

FROM GARDEN CITY.

By our own reporter.

A number of buildings are in process of erection, mostly dwelling houses. The Marvin Bros. have erected a store on Main street 20x40 two stories, and have nearly enclosed. They are driving fellows and buildings go up in a hurry when they get hold of them.

E. P. Evans is in town. He intends making extensive improvements on the hotel. Mr. Manly, editor *Herald* is about erecting a printing office and dwelling house.

Business is improving a little in all its branches. Our stores are all being replenished with new goods. Two or three nice stores are soon to be opened.

Emigrants are constantly coming in, some intend to stop and go in to business, others are purchasing farms.

Religious meetings are still held three evenings in the week and a good interest is kept up.

We had two very able lectures from Dr. Cooly, of Fairbault, on Thursday and Friday evenings of last week, they were exceedingly interesting.

RAILROAD NEWS.—The engineer corps of the Minnesota Valley Railroad arrived in town on Tuesday evening last and put up at the Clifton House. Gen. Bishop, Chief engineer heads the party. They are now permanently locating the road from Kasota to the city line of Mankato which is near the beer garden below town. When this labor is concluded, the next business will be to locate the route through town. J. J. Thompson, Esq., who went below to employ an engineer to estimate the cost of the various routes proposed, returned on Sunday last, having secured the services of Major Rogers, the acting Chief engineer on the Milwaukee and St. Paul road, who will be in town on Monday next, for that purpose. The corps of the Valley road will remain here to assist the engineer, and probably before the week closes the result will be announced.

FIRE IN STERLING.—On Sunday last some one set fire to the dead grass on section 12 in the town of Sterling and it spread rapidly toward the timber destroying a great amount of young trees. It also made havoc with the fencing of Mr. Beel destroying it for a great distance round his place. The recklessness of those who are in the habit of setting prairie on fire should be referred to the Grand Jury for action. The law provides that such persons shall be punished by fine.

DEDICATION AND ORDINATION.—The Baptist church of this city will be dedicated next Sabbath morning, May 3d, at 10 o'clock. Exercises to be participated in by ministers from abroad. The ordination services of the pastor elect, E. K. Cressley, will occur in the evening of the same day. Sermon by Rev. A. L. Cole of Owatonna, ordination prayer, charge to the candidate, charge to the church, and welcome to the ranks of the ministry, by other clergymen present. There will also be preaching in the church Saturday evening previous, by a visiting minister, and Sunday afternoon at 4 o'clock, by Rev. Henry Doehner, of Ottawa, in the German language.

NEW MILLINERY GOODS.—We call the attention of our readers to the fact, that Mrs. G. O. Williams, who is located over the hardware store of Owen Brothers, has just received her spring stock of millinery goods. Quite a number of her patrons have been awaiting their arrival, and we are able to announce that she has a full, fashionable and elegant stock of goods very desirable to behold and still more desirable to wear. Her ribbons, flowers and other trimmings have been selected with great care and taste, and her taste for "getting up" bonnets is not excelled by any other establishment in the city. Step in and see the goods.

FIRE IN MAPLETON.—On Sunday the 19th inst., Mr. Thomas Eaves met with a loss by fire under the following circumstances. On the Friday previous he went to the Land Office at Winnebago City to prove up his homestead claim, having lived on it five years. He remained over Sunday with his wife, visiting friends in that neighborhood. His boy who was old on the premises was burning up an old straw pile and in an unguarded moment the fire reached the barn and burned it to ashes. Mr. Eaves loses a quantity of oats, his wheat for summer's use, a harrow, two plows, and a new mower and reaper. The total loss is not much less than \$400, which will bear heavily on Mr. Eaves.

PRECAUTIONARY MEASURES.—Last week Winona was visited by a gang of thieves and small parcels of money were taken from the bedside of several of its prominent citizens. The fact placed the whole town on the defensive and measures were instituted to prevent further plunder. The *Republican* notices the matter as follows:

The precautions against burglars last night were extensive and amusing, the most prominent feature being the illuminations. Kerosene was used with a lavishness that was perfectly regardless of expense; old cow bells were hung on wooden doors; tea bells were tied to the scissors, and the scissors inserted over the kitchen window; wash tubs filled with tin ware, from the pantry, were placed on rickety chairs, that were tied to the window; back doors were barricaded with the contents of the woodshed; men lent money to their friends so as not to have them in their pockets; pocket books were stowed away in Jerusha's night cap; dogs were tied

to the tea kettle, and everybody slept in one room. Should the burglars give Winona another scare there would be a general exodus for the country.

A WOODEN WEDDING.—Mr. and Mrs. Jerome Hollenbeck on Tuesday evening last celebrated the 5th anniversary of their marriage by a wooden wedding. Between thirty and forty invitations were extended, and they being to married persons mostly, the company would consist of nearly double that number. This plan of celebrating a marriage at stated occasions originated from an ancient custom of celebrating the 50th year of marriage as an occasion of uncommon occurrence, which was styled the Golden Wedding. The 25th anniversary is styled the silver wedding and the 10th the tin wedding, and it has been a custom of late to make a wooden wedding on the 5th year. We are informed that the guests bestowed their presents quite profusely, while in turn they were entertained with bounteous hospitality. Two pieces of music were employed for the occasion besides the piano, the three lending enchantment to the soul; and measured cadences for the feet. Among the presents bestowed were a pair of wooden shoes for the bride and groom, cups, saucers and wine glasses turned from cedar wood, bracelets of wood, wooden jewelry tipped with metals, a light stand, a very handsomely carved wooden clock, photographs of the seasons, of India ink, touched with colors, and many other articles our "reporter" failed to enumerate. Mrs. Hollenbeck and Henry Shaubert Esq., donned the wooden shoes and danced a quick step, much to the amusement of the company. As the fashion is now inaugurated for the first time in Mankato we may expect similar weddings *ad libitum*. They form a pleasant pastime and will doubtless be encouraged.

WHOLESALE & RETAIL STATIONERY HOUSE.—For the past week Ira S. Smith Murphy & Co. have been receiving a large stock of goods pertaining to their line of business, which they are now offering at wholesale and retail at the lowest cash rates. It is a fact beyond dispute that they are the closest buyers west of Chicago, are fully posted in the business, and can offer to customers rates that defy competition. In wholesale they propose to duplicate any bill ordered from Chicago. A country merchant who had bought at Chicago "acknowledges the corn" and says he can buy cheaper of Smith Murphy & Co. Dealers in the country will do well to make a note of this. Their stock consists of a nice selection of miscellaneous reading books, school books, writ g books, pens ink and paper, wall paper, a fine assortment of blank books for book keeping purposes, memorandum and pass books, paper, cloth and rubber shades, pocket books, hair and clothes brushes, and all kinds of notions incident to their trade. They are also selling wrapping paper as low as merchants can lay it down at their doors for. A superior article of gold pens they offer, and warrant for a year. They offer to printers a full assortment of papers such as note and Congress letter, folio past, demi, cat cap, card board, colored paper for pamphlet covers and other purposes, blank statements, bill head paper and print. We can recommend this firm on the above articles and know from experience that they offer them at a close margin above cost. Their growing trade is the best evidence that their prices are satisfactory and we heartily wish them success, and commend them to the public as gentlemen who do business uprightly, and honorably in every particular.

AN EXTENSIVE ESTABLISHMENT.—We publish this week elsewhere the new card of J. F. Meagher of hardware, and agricultural machinery fame. In passing through his extensive ware rooms we are surprised at the immense piles of goods which he is receiving and offering for sale. Nearly every boat brings either hardware, stores or machinery for J. F. Meagher. One steamer alone collected a freight bill amounting to \$830,35—the largest freight bill ever paid by one man for a single lot of goods. Among the stocks of goods already arrived we notice blacksmith's anvils and bellows, circular saws, between two and three hundred kegs of nails, and about the same number of kegs of Fahns stocks celebrated white lead, large quantities of bar iron, mowers, reapers, thrashers, etc., without number, and hay and barn forks, rakes, shovels, spades, hoes and all garden and farm tools. He also keeps a large variety of box, parlor, and cooking stoves with tin to match. A new feature in the Olive Branch cooking stove is a reservoir in which water is always kept hot as well as pure—a very nice improvement.

Another feature of his business is his wholesale department. Goods are kept in packages and sold unbroken at wholesale. We were surprised on seeing his order book to know that already he is building up an extensive wholesale trade with our country mechanics. Milwaukee and Chicago bills have been compared with his and his customers find it even to their advantage to buy of him in preference to going to Chicago. The reason of this is that Meagher buys at head quarters in large quantities, and sells on a low margin. We are glad to know that he can successfully compete with eastern houses, and that our country merchants can be supplied on such favorable terms. Mr. Meagher does business with promptness and integrity toward his patrons and deserves the large patronage he is now receiving.

CERTAIN SIGNS.—If you break a looking glass it is a sign that you will have a love another one.

Never start to go anywhere or do anything on Friday, because you can't get a great way before Sunday.

WASHINGTON, April 27.—The bill introduced in the House to admit the State of Arkansas to representation to Congress, is similar to that reported in March by Mr. Franks. It declared Arkansas to have framed and adopted a State government which is republican in form. It shall be entitled to representation when the Legislature of the State shall have duly ratified the 14th article proposed as an amendment to the Constitution of the United States, and on condition that the State Constitution shall never be amended or changed so as to deprive any citizen or class of citizens of the right to vote who are entitled to vote by the Constitution herein recognized, or so amended or changed as to allow any person to vote who is excluded from office by the third section of the 14th article of the amendment to the Constitution, until the disabilities proposed by said section shall have been removed in the manner therein provided.

Admission of Arkansas.

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Elegant Drawing Room Coaches ever put on a railway in this country, are now in use upon this line, which will leave Chicago on Bay Express at 7:00 A. M., running through to Cleveland without change. The Drawing Room Coaches, Sleeping Coaches, and Day Coaches of this line are unsurpassed by those of any railway line in this country. For prompt and safe service, passengers for Detroit, and all points in Canada, and those for Ohio, Pennsylvania, New York, and New England should purchase tickets via Michigan Southern Railroad, which are on sale at all principal Railway Ticket Offices, and at the Company's Office.

No. 36 Clark St., Chicago. F. E. MORSE, Gen'l Pass. Agt., Chicago.

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T. DREW,

(Successor to Drew & Payne) Dealer in PLAIN & ORNAMENTAL FURNITURE.

Largest Stock of Mirrors ever brought to Mankato and at the Very Lowest Cash Prices. China, Glass, and Marble. Tables of every kind and quality. What-Not of all Styles. Barrels, Bedsteads, Longones, Light Stands, Full Size Stands, Wash Stands, Mattresses, &c., &c., of all qualities, and prices to suit purchasers.

Also a Splendid Lot of Mouldings for Picture Frames Constantly on hand.

FOR SALE OR RENT. A Store, twenty by forty, four feet, favorably located in BLUE EARTH CITY, MINN., Opposite Constant's new Hall. The second story is arranged for a residence.

Daguerreian Gallery AND RESIDENCE.

For particulars inquire personally or by letter at the HOMETOWN OFFICE, WINNEBAGO CITY, MINN., No. 42 St.

General Headquarters, State of Minnesota.

ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE, Saint Paul, April 23d, 1898.

GENERAL ORDERS NO. 1.

I. Officers of the militia and citizens to whom arms, accoutrements or ammunition were issued during the Fourth War of 1862 or for frontier defense during the years 1862 or 1863, are hereby requested to make a full and complete return of ordnance stores issued to them during any time above mentioned within ninety days from the date of publication of this notice.

II. Such return shall be in writing and shall specify the kind, number and condition of arms, accoutrements or other material of war issued to them, the place or locality where they are kept, in whose charge they are at present, and the approximate or estimated value of such stores.

III. The arms shall be properly classified as to their condition of being either serviceable, unserviceable, or worthless.

IV. No person to whom such issues were made will be relieved from further responsibility for such stores unless a return, as herein specified, is properly made out and forwarded within the time specified, and approved upon examination by this office.

By order of the commander-in-chief, H. C. VAN CLEVELAND, Adjutant and Quartermaster General.

New Millinery Store JUST OPENED.

Mrs. Kalvelage has just opened a very large and choice selection of ALL NEW and desirable Millinery Goods

Selected by Herself.

Remember the place, between Pratt & Dulleson's and Marks, Front Street, MANKATO, MINN., and that she will keep

A FRESH SUPPLY CONSTANTLY. N. B. All Hatters and Bonnet makers over, and All kinds of Millinery work done at reasonable prices.

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GERMAN

BITTERS!

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS,

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN TONIC.

Prepared by Dr. C. M. JACKSON, PHILADELPHIA, PA.

The Great Remedies for all Diseases OF THE

LIVER, STOMACH, or DIGESTIVE ORGANS.

Hooftland's German Bitters are composed of the purest juices (or, as they are medically termed, the *essence*) of Root, Herbs and Berries, making a preparation, highly concentrated, and entirely free from Alcohol.

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN TONIC is a combination of all the ingredients of the Bitters, with the purest quality of Santa Cruz Iron, Orange, etc., making one of the most pleasant and agreeable remedies ever offered to the public. Those preferring a Medicine free from Alcohol, will use

Hooftland's German Bitters. In cases of nervous depression, when some alcohol stimulus is necessary.

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN TONIC should be used.

The Bitters of the Tonic are both equally good, and contain the same medicinal virtues.

The stomach, from various causes, such as Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Nervous Debility, etc., is very apt to be changed. The result of which is, that the patient suffers from several or more of the following diseases:

Constipation, Flatulence, Inward Piles, Fullness of Blood to the Head, Acid-ity of the Stomach, Nausea, Heartburn, Disagut for the Food, Fullness or weight in the Stomach, Bouts Eructations, Sinking or Fluttering of the Pit of the Stomach, Swelling of the Head, Headache or Difficult Breathing, Fainting at the Heart, Choking or Suffocating Sensations when in a Lying Position, Dizziness of Vision, Dots or Webs before the Sight, Dull Pain in the Head, Headache, Yellow-ness of the Skin, Pain in the Side, Back, Limbs, etc., Sudden Flashes of Heat, Burning in the Throat, Constant Imaginings of Evil, and Great Depression of Spirits.

These remedies will effectively cure the Liver Complaint, Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Chronic or Nervous Debility, Chronic Diarrhea, Disease of the Kidneys, and all Diseases arising from a Disordered Liver, Stomach, or Intestines.

TOBACCO. Recalling from any Cause whatever, PROSTITUTION OF THE SYSTEM, Induced by Excessive Labor, Hardships, Exposure, Fevers, etc.

There is no medicine extant equal to these remedies in such cases. A tone and vigor is imparted to the whole system, the Appetite is strengthened, food is consumed, the stomach digests promptly, the blood is purified, the

THE FREE HOMESTEAD.

WEDNESDAY, MAY 6, 1898.

Republican Congressional Convention.

The Republicans of the First Congressional District of Minnesota are requested to meet in Delegate Convention at OATONNA, Steele Co., on WEDNESDAY, the 5th day of JULY, 1898, at 4 o'clock p. m., for the purpose of putting in nomination a candidate for Representative in Congress for said District. The several counties comprising the District will be entitled to delegates as follows, viz:

Blue Earth.....	2	Nicollet.....	3
Brown.....	2	Olushtet.....	3
Dodge.....	4	Redwood.....	1
Faribault.....	4	Renville.....	1
Fillmore.....	4	St. Louis.....	6
Frederick.....	4	Wadena.....	3
Houston.....	5	Winona.....	3
Jackson.....	1	Watson.....	1
Le Sueur.....	1	Scott.....	2
Martin.....	2	Sibley.....	2
Mower.....	3	Steele.....	4

Emerick is taking some very fine pictures.

At the old stand. Tomato, Cabbage, Cauliflower, etc., ready to set out.

Our Fairmont correspondence will be resumed as soon as we are through with the Tax Lists, Laws, &c.

Geo. K. Moulton is building a large barn on his premises in this village. Carpenter Ross is doing the job.

We are informed that the east bank of the Blue Earth River is covered this spring with small rattlesnakes or copperheads.

It should be distinctly understood that Sargent pays the highest market price for green Hides and Furs, at his store in Winnebago City.

The story of "Foul Play" in Every Saturday is becoming intensely interesting—Single copies 10 cts.

For SALE.—Six acres of timber land situated three miles south of Winnebago City—\$40 per acre. Inquire of Wallace at the Hardware in Winnebago City.

Winship & Goodwin are doing a snug trade, and are giving their customers perfect satisfaction in the way of good goods and pleasant prices. Their new advertisement talks for itself.

SEED CORN.—Fifty Bushels of Prime Seed Corn for sale at One Dollar and Fifty Cents a Bushel, three miles North of Winnebago City, by C. VAN NICE.

The Atlantic for May is, very interesting. The article on "The Turf and the Trotting Horse in America" will please every lover of good horses, and "The next President" is sound to the core.

TICKNOR & FIELDS, Boston.

By the new advertisement of Dr. Farley, it will be seen that very many articles are now being sold cheap for cash, at the Winnebago City Drug Store. The Dr. has recently received a new stock of goods, and his selections seem to be well adapted to the wants of the people of Southern Minnesota.

REMOVAL.—The Office of the "Printers' Circular" and Printers' Furnishing Warehouse, formerly located at 36 Hudson Street, has been removed to 515 Minor Street. Address all orders for material to R. S. Menamin, 515, Minor Street, Philadelphia, Penna.

ALWAYS GET THE BEST.—Especially in getting Saleratus as the best costs but a trifle for a year's supply, and that the good costs but a trifle more than the poor. The best goes farther than the poor, and much more healthy. We can recommend the Best Chemical Saleratus to be the best.

We hear that a Mr. Hastings of Wisconsin has engaged to have three acres of hops planted this spring, in the town of Verona in this county.

We have no doubt that abundant crops of hops can be raised here, but have always been in doubt about its being a paying enterprise, on account of the scarcity of hop poles.

Success to Mr. H.

Thousands of shade and fruit trees have been set out in Winnebago within the last week, and their green leaves which are now putting forth, will soon show to advantage. Ross, Farley and Bailey Madison have fenced their lots, and the improved appearance of the town is frequently remarked.

The house of Mr. John Korman of Guthrie was struck with lightning on the morning of Friday last, killing a dog lying within reach of Mr. Korman, as he lay in bed. None of the inmates of the house were injured, and the house but slightly. It is supposed that the lightning entered by way of an outside cellar door.

INVALUABLE RECIPE.—To quiet a crying baby, prop it up with pillows if it can not sit alone, and smear its fingers with thick molasses; then put half a dozen feathers into its hands, and it will sit and pick the feathers from one hand to the other until it falls asleep. As soon as it wakes again—more molasses and feathers.

The above is respectfully dedicated to the editors of Fairmount, and the Editor of the Atlas in particular.

Those big oxen belonging to Goff of Fairmont, passed through here last week, creating quite an excitement. The inevitable "Ten-foot pole and fish-line" were produced, but public opinion frowned on their use, and numbers prevailing, the oxen were taken to Moulton's and found to weigh 3710 pounds. The largest ox weighed 2050 pounds.

Martin county is ahead on beef as well as rats.

Harper's Magazine for May contains Among the Andes of Peru and Bolivia; The Return of the Birds; Cradle Lands; Voyage Alone in the Rob Roy; Uncle George; Nazareth Pitcher; Whitecliffe; Faith and Falability; The Crabbe Family; About Trees; A Village Library; The Woman's Kingdom; A Love Story; Drawing Bureau Rations; At Twilight; From Derby to Disraeli; Editor's Easy Chair; Literary Notices; Monthly Record of Current Events; and Editor's Drawer.

HARPER & BROTHERS, Franklin Square, N. Y.

Law has sold out. In other words he is dead to Winnebago, and proposes to enliven Chatfield with his jolly joviality. We are sorry he is going, but our loss is Chatfield's gain, and charity will not allow us to complain. We blew him up here, but he goes to the people of Chatfield with a sound right hand, and may they shake it right merrily. He will subscribe for the Democrat, and McKenny must not lose sight of Law.

The Hotel will hereafter be under the proprietorship of Messrs. Collins, late of Indiana, and when they have time to call at the HOMESTEAD office, they will find a space open for their dictation.

"Please accept this fruit as a 'peace offering' would send more, but am short."

So writes the celebrated Fruit, Oyster and Pea-Nut man of Mankato. The next express brought us a snug box of Oranges, Lemons, Apples, Maple Sugar and Sardines.

Who would not have such a friend? One is sure of never being left naked to his enemy Hunger, so long as Wallace lives. We learned to know Wallace when reading the "Scottish Chiefs," and now Wallace sends us lots of good things, and it is impossible to avoid praising him.

MORAL.—Wallace of Mankato sells Groceries cheap, and many people go thirty, forty and fifty miles to trade with him.

The Galaxy for May contains The Black Boss; Our Millionaires; The Trumpet Smith; Personalism, by Walt Whitman. The Shadow on the Wall; Clementina Kimmiside; Soldier-Statesmen; The House and the Heart; The Pilgrimage to Mecca; Woods and Waters; Beechdale; Words and their Uses; Five Years in Japan; Steven Lawrence Yoeman; Wreck; The Galaxy Miscellaneous; Drift-Wood; Literature and Art; Nebulae.

With this number The Galaxy is enlarged so as to contain fully fifty per cent. more matter than heretofore. It is now the largest Magazine (with a single exception) in the country. The price of The Galaxy is \$4 a year. Subscriptions should be addressed to SHELDON & CO., Nos. 498 and 509 Broadway, New York.

The Caucus which met in Winnebago City Thursday evening, elected J. H. Welch, James Crays, E. A. Hotchkiss, S. J. Abbott and F. F. Harlow as Delegates to attend the County Convention which was held at Blue Earth City on Saturday last.

Mr. S. J. Abbott, the Secretary of the County Convention, promised us a full report of the proceedings of the County Convention, but as yet, we have not seen anything of the "report" or "promise," and give the following figures from memory.

A. R. More was chosen Chairman, and on the first informal ballot, J. B. Wakefield received	24 votes
A. H. Bullis	12
J. H. Welch	9
Allen Shultz	13
F. F. Harlow	19
On the last ballot,	
J. B. Wakefield received	24
H. M. Huntington	2
F. F. Harlow	22
A. H. Bullis	15
S. P. Childs	13
Allen Shultz	19
J. H. Welch	2

Messrs. Wakefield, Bullis, Harlow and Shultz were then declared elected delegates to attend the State Convention to be held at St. Paul, on the 13th inst.

The County Commissioners of Mower county have purchased a poor farm.

The Diamond Dickens Complete.

THE UNCOMMERCIAL TRAVELLER, AND ADDITIONAL CHRISTMAS STORIES.—This is the last volume of the Diamond Edition of Dickens's Works, published by Ticknor & Fields. It contains several "Uncommercial Traveller" papers, not included in any other American edition, and a number of Mr. Dickens's later Christmas Stories,—as Mrs. Lirriper's Lodgings, Mrs. Lirriper's Legacy, Doctor Marigold, The Boy at Mugby, The Holly Tree. These have been specially collected and revised for this edition by Mr. Dickens himself.

This volume also contains a complete Index of Characters introduced in all Mr. Dickens's Novels, and a Synopsis of the Principal Incidents,—a feature peculiar to this edition of Dickens.

The fourteen volumes of this elegant edition are of uniform merit, and combine, in a rare and degree, compactness, clearness of typography, beauty of illustration, and cheapness. It is only proper to add that this and the two other Editions published by Ticknor & Fields are the only authorized American editions of Mr. Dickens's Works.

The cost of each volume of the beautiful Illustrated Diamond Dickens is only \$1.50; plain edition, \$1.25. It can be procured of any bookseller, or will be sent postpaid by the publishers, Ticknor and Fields, Boston.

Country Merchants, Dairy-men, Farmers,

AND OTHERS, CONSIGN YOUR

Ashes,
Beeswax,
Beans, Butter,
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and Meal, Flax, Cotton,
Furs and Skins, Dried and
Green Fruits, Grain, Wool,
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&c., &c.

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A book for all sections and all parties. This thoroughly interesting book by "our great statesman" of the South, presents the most complete and impartial analysis of the causes of the war which has ever appeared from a Southern point of view, without partiality, and in the most moderate moderation of the character of the struggle; and in its description of the conduct of the war, it gives those interior fights and shadows of the conflict only known to those high officers who were on the spot, and who were accessible to its fountain-springs, and which were so accessible to Mr. Stephens from his position as second officer of the Confederate States. The results of the war, present and future, have never been treated by any other author, and Mr. Stephens's great abilities have here found their full career in play.

The intense desire everywhere manifested to obtain this work, its Official Character and ready sale, combined with an increased commodity, make it the best subscription book ever published, and offers to Agents the finest opportunity to make money ever heard of in the history of books.

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Owing to the unprecedented popularity of this work, a small English abridgment in duodecimo form, of about 500 pages, has been reprinted in this country in larger type, and spread over 800 octavo pages, evidently by making a larger book than the original—to give the impression that it is our edition. It has less than half the reading matter of ours, and is sold considerably higher than the English edition of same book in this country. Some agents are endeavoring to palm off this juvenile edition for ours.

Agents and subscribers see that you get the GENUINE EDITION BY DR. SMITH and do not be imposed upon by juvenile editions, nor imperfect reprints.

The Springfield Republican says, this edition published by Messrs. Burr & Co., is the genuine thing.

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The FREE HOMESTEAD for one year and a splendid likeness of yourself—all for One Dollar and Fifty Cents.

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The REV. EDWARD A. WILSON will send (free of charge) to all who desire it, the prescription with the directions for making and using the simple remedy by which he was cured of a lung affection, and that dread disease Consumption. His only object is to benefit the afflicted, and he hopes every sufferer will try this prescription, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing. Please address

REV. EDWARD WILSON, No. 165 South Second St., Williamsburgh, N. Y.

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WHY NOT? Serious Reflections for Young Men, in Essays of the Howard Association, on the Physiological Errors, Abuses and Diseases induced by ignorance of Nature's Laws, in the first age of man. Sent in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Address, D. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Howard Association, Philadelphia, Pa. 24531y1

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My hair was gray, and the Lotio has restored it to its original color. W. LAKEMAN, Clerk Mill Creek Township. Wholesale orders addressed to A. R. CHRISTY & Co., Cincinnati.

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A Clergyman, while residing in South America as a missionary, discovered a safe and simple remedy for the cure of Nervous Weakness, Early Decay, Diseases of the Urinary and Seminal Organs, and the whole train of disorders brought on by baneful and vicious habits. Great numbers have been cured by this noble remedy. Prompted by a desire to benefit the afflicted and unfortunate, I will send the recipe for preparing and using this medicine, in a sealed envelope, to any one who needs it. Free of Charge.

Address JOSEPH T. INMAN, Station D, Bible House, New-York City.

Information.

Information guaranteed to produce a luxuriant growth of hair upon a bald head or beardless face, also a recipe for the removal of Pimples, Blisters, Eruptions, etc., on the skin, leaving the same soft, clear, and beautiful, can be obtained without charge by addressing T. O. S. F. CHAPMAN, 822 Broadway, New York.

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Would respectfully inform the public that they have opened a first class Livery Stable in Winnebago City, where good "establishments" can be had at all times, day or night. Passengers arriving by stage, carried to any point desired. Stable and Office in rear of Winnebago City Hotel. Hay, Oats and Stabling at reasonable rates. Winnebago City, Dec. 4th, 1897.

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Plain and Fancy Candies, and Nuts from every clime. Winnebago City, Feb. 27, 1897. 245t 18

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To canvass for Chas. W. Elliot's new work, RE MARKABLE CHARACTERS and MEMORABLE PLACES OF THE HOLY LAND. The following array of contributors is sufficient guarantee of its value. HENRY WARD BEECHER, F. D. Woolsey, LL. D., Pres. of Yale Col., Jos. C. Chamberlain, D. D., LL. D., Pres. of Wesleyan Univ., Rt. Rev. Theo. M. CLARK, Bishop of N. I., &c., &c.

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LIBERTY, LITERATURE AND LAND.

VOL. 5. NO 29.

WINNEBAGO CITY, MINN. WEDNESDAY, MAY 13, 1868.

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Stages leave this House for all Points.
There is also a good livery connected with the House. 2001

WINNEBAGO CITY HOTEL.
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Stages leave this Hotel Mondays and Thursdays for the nearest Railroad station, and Tuesdays and Saturdays for the West.
A good livery is connected with the Hotel, and there are ample accommodations for tourists. 2124

MANKATO HOUSE
GROVER C. BURT, Proprietor.
HAVING refurnished throughout the above well known house, the proprietor asks a continuance of public patronage. Good stable accommodations are connected with the house. Charges moderate. 209

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Front Street, near the Levee.
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PROPRIETORS.
General Stage Office for all Points in the State. Good Stabling, with attentive Outlets. 1971

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Terms Reasonable.—Teamsters over night one dollar and a quarter.
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Nov. 1867. 21341

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Manufacturer and Dealer in
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MANKATO, MINN.
REDUCED PRICES.
FULL SETS OF TEETH—15 DOLLARS.
All work warranted to give perfect satisfaction. Teeth extracted without pain, with the use of Nitrous Oxide or Laughing Gas.
Rooms over Christensen's and Bro's Store. 2174

OFFICIAL.

Laws of Minnesota.

AN ACT to reorganize and provide for the government and regulation of the University of Minnesota, and to establish an Agricultural College therein.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

[CONTINUED FROM LAST WEEK.]

Sec. 5. The Board of Regents shall elect from the members of the Board a President of the Board, Secretary and Treasurer, who shall hold their respective offices during the pleasure of the Board, and the President and Treasurer each before entering upon the duties of his office shall execute a bond in the penal sum of fifty thousand dollars, with at least two sufficient sureties to the State of Minnesota, to be approved by the Governor, conditioned for the faithful and honest performance of the duties of his office according to law. Which bonds, when so approved shall be filed in the office of the Secretary of State.

Sec. 6. The Board of Regents shall have power and it shall be their duty to enact by-laws for the government of the University of Minnesota in all its departments, to elect a President of the University, and the requisite number of professors, instructors, officers and employees, and to fix their salaries, also the term of office of each, and to determine the moral and educational qualifications of applicants for admission, and the department of professors, instructors and other officers, and assistants of the University and in prescribing the studies and exercises thereof, and in all the management and government thereof, no partiality or preference shall be shown to one sect or religious denomination over another; and the Board of Regents shall have power to regulate the courses of instruction, and prescribe the books and authorities to be used, and also to confer such degrees and grant such diplomas as are usual in Universities, in their discretion. It shall be the duty of the Secretary to record all the proceedings of the board, and carefully preserve all its books and papers, and before entering upon the duties of his office he shall take and prescribe an oath to perform his duties honestly and faithfully as such officer. It shall be the duty of the Treasurer to keep an exact and faithful account of all moneys, bills, receipts and evidences of indebtedness and all securities and property, received or paid out by him, and before entering upon his duties he shall take and subscribe an oath that he will well and faithfully perform the duties of treasurer thereof. It shall be the duty of the President to preside at all the meetings of the Board; and in case of his inability to preside, the Board may appoint a President pro tempore.

Sec. 7. In addition to all the rights, immunities, franchises and endowments hereafter granted or conferred to or upon the University of Minnesota for the endowment, support and maintenance thereof, there shall be and is hereby, inviolably appropriated and placed at the disposal of the board of regents thereof, to be drawn from the State Treasury upon the order of the President, countersigned by the Secretary of the board and payable to the order of the treasurer of the board, all the interest and income of the fund to be derived from the sales of all the lands granted and to be granted to the State of Minnesota by virtue of an act of Congress entitled "An act donating lands to the several States and Territories which may provide colleges for the benefit of Agriculture and the Mechanic arts," approved July 2, A. D. 1862; and also all such gifts, grants and contributions to the endowment thereof as may be derived from any and all sources.

Sec. 8. And in order to effect a settlement of all remaining indebtedness of the University, all the powers and authorities given by chapter 18, of the laws of 1864, entitled "An act relating to the University of Minnesota," and chapter 11, of the laws of 1866, entitled "An act to amend an act entitled 'an act relating to the University of Minnesota,'" approved March 4, 1864, to the regents therein mentioned, are hereby given to and conferred upon the Board of Regents of the University of Minnesota aforesaid; and the said acts are hereby continued and shall be in force until such outstanding indebtedness is fully liquidated.

Sec. 9. The first meeting of the Board of Regents under the provisions of this act shall be held at the University building, on the first Wednesday of March, 1868, at which meeting the officers of the Board shall be elected, and the annual meeting of the Board shall be held on the second Tuesday of December in each and every year thereafter. Special meetings of the Board shall be

called and holden of such times and in such manner as the Board of Regents shall determine.

Sec. 10. Any person or persons contributing a sum not less than \$15,000, shall have the privilege of endowing a professorship in the University, the name and object of which shall be designated by the Board of Regents.

Sec. 11. The said Board of Regents shall succeed to and have the control of the books, records, building, and all other property of the University; and the present Board of Regents shall be dissolved immediately upon the organization of the Board herein provided for; Provided that all contracts made and at that time binding upon the Board, shall be deemed to be assumed and discharged by their successors in office.

Sec. 12. It shall be the duty of the Board of Regents herein provided for, to make arrangements for securing suitable lands, pursuant to the act of Congress above mentioned, in the vicinity of the University, for an experimental farm; and as soon as may be thereafter, to make such improvements thereon as will render the same available for experimental purposes in connection with the course in the Agricultural College; and for such purpose the Board of Regents is hereby authorized to expend a sum not exceeding the amount specified by the act of Congress aforesaid.

Sec. 13. On or before the second Tuesday of December, in each and every year the Board of Regents, through their President, shall make a report in detail to the Governor, showing the progress, condition, and wants of the University, and recording any improvements and experiments made, with their costs and result; the number of professors and students; the amount of receipts and disbursements, together with the nature, costs and results of all important investigations and experiments; and such other matters, including State industrial and economical statistics, as may be deemed important or useful, one copy of which shall be transmitted to all the other colleges which shall be endowed under the provisions of said act of Congress, and also one copy to the Secretary of the Interior.

Sec. 14. The President of the University shall be President of the faculty and the executive head of the Institution in all its departments. As such officer, he shall have authority subject to the Board of Regents, to give general direction to the practical affairs and scientific investigations of the University and in the recess of the Board of Regents, to remove any employee or subordinate officer not a member of the faculty and supply, for the time; any vacancies thus created; and so long as the interests of the institution require it, he shall be charged with the duties of one of the professors; and it shall be the duty of the President of the University to make to the Superintendent of Public Instruction on or before the second Tuesday of December in each and every year a report in detail, showing the progress and condition of the University the number of professors and students the nature, cost and results of all important investigations and experiments, and such other matters, including industrial and economical statistics as he shall deem useful.

Sec. 15. Chapter eighty of the laws of eighteen hundred and sixty, chapter eighty-seven of the laws of eighteen hundred and sixty-two, and so much and such parts of any and all acts and laws whether general or special as are inconsistent with the provisions of this act, are hereby repealed.

Sec. 16. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved Feb. 18, 1868.

AN ACT to define the duties of Surveyor General of the First District of Minnesota.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Sec. 1. The Surveyor General of the First District shall keep an alphabetical list of all the log marks, recorded in his office, and opposite each mark a statement of

First. The book and page in which the mark is recorded.

Second. Date of record.

Third. By whom cut.

Fourth. By whom owned.

Fifth. Reference to record of all instruments, orders, &c., affecting the mark in any way.

Entries to be made in such record in their appropriate place, of all matters affecting each mark, so soon as the same shall be presented for record.

Sec. 2. The Surveyor General of the First District shall appoint such persons his deputies as may be recommended by the Board of Trade of the city of Stillwater, or by any number of petitioners living in said District, representing ten millions feet of logs or lumber, one of whom shall reside either in the town of Deerpark, Afton or Lakeland; Washington county, three or more at the city of Stillwater, one at Marine Falls, Washington county, one at Taylor's Mills, Chisago county.

Sec. 3. It shall be the duty of the

Surveyor General of the First District to scale or cause to be scaled, all rafts, bills or lots of logs which may pass down or through Lake St. Croix, before passing out of said Lake St. Croix.

Also all rafts, bills or lots of logs run through or gathered into any side booms or lake booms for sawing or other use, within the limits of said district subsequent to the scale at the St. Croix boom corporation's boom and before using or passing out of said lake, and all parties having logs in his or their possession which have not been scaled by the Surveyor General as set forth in this section, shall before sawing, using or running away said logs, shall give notice to the Surveyor General in due time, that he may cause the same to be scaled.

All logs thus scaled shall be entered on the Surveyor General's books in their proper place.

Sec. 4. That in all cases whenever the Surveyor General shall scale logs the fees shall be paid by the party for whom the logs are scaled, unless otherwise agreed upon.

Sec. 5. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved February 27, 1867.

AN ACT to authorize Railroad Companies to execute Mortgages or deeds of trust, and provide for the recording of the same.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

SECTION 1. The several railroad companies of this State shall have the power, and are hereby authorized, to mortgage or execute deeds of trust, of the whole or any part of their property and franchises, to secure money borrowed by them for the construction and equipment of their roads, and may issue their corporate bonds in sums not less than five hundred dollars, secured by said mortgages or deeds of trust, payable to bearer or otherwise, and if payable to bearer, negotiable by delivery, bearing interest at the rate not to exceed ten per cent. per annum, and convertible into stock or not, as may be deemed expedient, and may sell them at such rates or prices as they deem proper; and if said bonds shall be sold below their nominal par value, they shall be valid and binding on the company, and no plea of usury shall be put in or allowed by said companies in any suit or proceeding upon the same.

Sec. 2. Said mortgages or deeds of trust may, by their terms, include and cover, not only the property of the companies making them at the time of their date, but property, both real and personal, which may thereafter be acquired by them, and shall be as valid and effectual for that purpose, as if the property were in possession at the time of the execution thereof.

Sec. 3. Said mortgages or deeds of trust, shall be recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of each county through which the road mortgaged or deeded may run, or wherever it may hold lands, and shall be notice to all the world of the rights of all parties under the same, and for this purpose and to secure the right of mortgages or parties interested under deeds of trust so executed and recorded, the rolling stock and personal property of the company, properly belonging to the road and appertaining thereto, shall be deemed a part of the road, and said mortgages and deeds so recorded, shall have the same effect both as to notice and otherwise, as to the personal, as to the real estate covered by them.

Sec. 4. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved March 5, 1868.

AN ACT for the protection of persons when operating or using threshing machines.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

SECTION 1. That it shall be the duty of any person or persons, company or companies having and operating a threshing machine or machines, the horse power and separator of which are connected by what is termed a tumbling rod, to box or cover and enclose the knuckles and the machine with a board box, so that no part or portion thereof shall be exposed, whereby persons shall be liable to be injured when the machine is in operation.

Sec. 2. Any person or persons, company or companies, who shall refuse or neglect to comply with the provisions of this act, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof before any magistrate or court having jurisdiction, shall be fined not more than fifty dollars for each and every offence, and pay all costs of prosecution.

Sec. 3. All actions under this act shall be commenced within thirty days from the time the offence was committed.

All fines imposed and collected under this act shall be paid one half to the complainant, and the other half into the county treasury for the use of common schools.

Sec. 4. This act shall take effect

and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved Feb. 15, 1868.

AN ACT to amend section 8 chapter 23, of session laws of 1867, entitled an act to provide for the incorporation of Saving Associations.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Sec. 1. That section eight of chapter twenty-three, of session laws of 1867, be amended so as to read as follows:

Section 8. At least half of the whole amount deposited shall be invested in the stocks or other securities of the United States, or of this State, on which interest is regularly paid or loaned on unincumbered real estate worth at least double the amount to be secured. The remainder may be invested in said stocks or loaned on the aforesaid securities, or upon approved personal security and to buy and sell exchange—but no lien shall be made upon the personal security of less than two responsible individuals.

Approved March 4, 1868.

AN ACT to amend an act for organizing, arming and disciplining the Militia of the State of Minnesota, approved March 6, 1867.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Sec. 1. That the seal now used in the office of the Adjutant General shall continue to be the seal of his office, and shall from time to time be delivered to his successors in office and all copies of records or papers in his office duly certified and authenticated under the said seal, shall be evidence in all cases in like manner as if the originals were produced.

Sec. 2. This act shall be in force from and after its passage.

Approved March 4, 1868.

AN ACT to amend chapter fifty-four (54) of the General Laws of eighteen hundred sixty-seven (1867), relating to the publication of the laws in certain newspapers.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Sec. 1. That section one (1) of chapter fifty-four (54) of the General Laws of eighteen hundred and sixty-seven (67), be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

Sec. 1. All laws of a general nature which shall hereafter be passed by the Legislature, shall be published once in the several newspapers of the State.

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved Feb. 12, 1868.

AN ACT to amend section three, (3) of chapter nine, (9) of the General Statutes, relating to resignations, vacancies and removals.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Sec. 1. That section three, (3) of chapter nine, (9) of the General Statutes, be and the same is hereby amended by adding the word "Auditor" after "Coroner," in the second line of aforesaid section.

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved Feb. 4, 1868.

AN ACT to amend section eight of chapter 26 of the General Statutes relating to Notaries Public.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Sec. 1. That section eight of chapter twenty-six of the general statutes, be amended to read as follows:

Sec. 8. Every Notary Public, when any bill of exchange or promissory note is by him protested for non-acceptance or non-payment, shall give notice thereof in writing to each party protested against, immediately after such protest is made, and such notice may in all cases be given by depositing the same in the post office, postage paid, and directed to the party protested against, at his reputed place of residence, and the Notary shall in such instrument of protest, certify to the time and manner of service of such notice upon the several parties protested against, and shall make a record of such instrument of protest in his official register, which record or a duly certified copy thereof shall be prima facie evidence of the facts therein contained.

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved March 3, 1868.

The contrast between Fanny Fern and her husband (Mr. Parton) is great. She has a fresh, full face, and crimps her hair. Parton is pale and thin with straight black hair. She looks like one of the Merry Wives of Windsor; he is a thoughtful Hamlet. She smiles often and loud; over his face the dim shadows slowly creep, and no smile turns down the corners of his mouth.

We clip the following from the St. Paul Pioneer:—

Many letters are received asking if this pamphlet is now published, upon what terms and where procured. A brief explanation will answer them and save many letters and some postage. I am now sending out thirty-five thousand copies. They are paid for by the State and other parties, sent by mail without cost, to list of names furnished me. This year's issue is enlarged and improved, contains prices of almost everything, and brings us down to date.

I might take this occasion to speak of several matters connected with this subject, in which our people are interested, but will only refer to one or two.

I have learned by reason of an immense correspondence and personal interview with strangers since the first edition was published.

1st. That there prevails, very extensively a wrong impression regarding our climate and the length and severity of our winters.

2d. As new fields of immigration are opened in the South and southwest, the more actively is now published, propagated. Indeed such is now the zeal in behalf of other localities, that men who come here have to fight their way over a thousand misrepresentations, as well as through States that are themselves not averse to more men.

Although the number and strength of competing locations have been greatly augmented recently, and the competition now on the increase, yet by properly advertising the State we can have a million people here within five years. An hour spent among the letters in my office from our own and foreign countries will satisfy any intelligent man of the above, and lead him to appreciate those Senators and members who tried last winter to get the State to help herself. In this contest more can be done now for our State with one dollar than with five hundred five years hence, and each dollar properly expended, now to promote immigration, is an investment worth one thousand dollars to the State. Those who take the trouble to examine this question will find this a low estimate, so rapidly do results duplicate themselves in the matter of the peopling a new western country.

The interest that every business—every property owner—every citizen of Minnesota has in this matter is my excuse for asking the editors of the State to publish this note. Respectfully,

GIRARD HEWITT.

St. Paul, 27th April, 1868.

Gen. Rousseau has arrived in Washington.

"Boy, where does this road go to?"

"Nowhere, as I know on. It's allers been here.

"I know enough about the world," remarks a writer, "to understand that one's conduct is often censured by the very persons who would have advised it had one consulted them.

The only thing which one can do, and the only thing which any man need do, is—his "duty." 'Tis a short word, but covers a vast space. How few know it, and still fewer practice it.

"I never complained of my condition but once," said an old man, "when my feet were bare and I had no money to buy shoes; but I met a man without feet, and became contented."

A Buffalo paper, in speaking of a late ball in that city, says: "Miss H— dances with abandon, and attracts much attention." To which an exchange replies that he don't wonder, provided she dances with nothing but a band on.

A Nova Scotia Pogrom cries out thus for repeal; "Had I ten thousand voices, each as loud as a dozen cats in a garden—ay, louder still, with those ten thousand voices, I would cry till my ten thousand throats were raw, Repeal, Repeal, Repeal!"

NOT PROFANE.—"Just what a 'tinker's dam' is I have no means of knowing; but I believe it to be something very worthless indeed," says Mr. Thom. White, in his "Little Sermon," in Putnam's, for March. Mr. Thom. White's ignorance can, perhaps, be enlightened, and his belief shown to be sound. The tinkers used to tramp about England mending pots and kettles. They masticated and moistened a bit of bread, and used it as a dam around the hole to be repaired to prevent the solder from running off. After being thus employed what value remained in the "dam"? Can anything be imagined more worthless? Hence the proverb.

THE FREE HOMESTEAD.

WEDNESDAY, MAY 13, 1868.

This paper has a larger circulation than any other paper in Faribault County, and is the only paper in the county, which is printed entirely at home.

Republican Congressional Convention.

The Republicans of the First Congressional District of Minnesota are requested to meet in District Convention at OWATONNA, Steele Co., on WEDNESDAY, the 8th day of JULY, 1868, at 4 o'clock p. m., for the purpose of putting in nomination a candidate for Representative in Congress for said District. The several counties comprising the District will be entitled to delegates as follows, viz:

Blue Earth.....	6	Nicollet.....	3
Brown.....	2	Olustash.....	1
Dodge.....	4	Redwood.....	1
Fairbault.....	4	Renoville.....	1
Hennepin.....	8	Rice.....	6
Isabel.....	4	Wadena.....	3
Houston.....	5	Winona.....	3
Jackson.....	1	Watonwan.....	1
Le Sueur.....	3	Scott.....	2
Martin.....	2	Sibley.....	2
Mower.....	3	Steele.....	2

The remaining counties in the District one each.

C. L. TAPPAN, Chairman.
A. C. DUNN,
O. P. WHITCOMB,
E. W. DIKE,
D. SMITH,
D. B. JOHNSON, Jr.,
W. B. STRAIT,
Congressional Com. First District.
Owatonna April 22, 1868.

The Donnelly-Washburne "Mill."

A sharp onslaught of words, looks and gestures recently took place in Congress between Donnelly of Minnesota and Washburne of Illinois, and the whole affair is generally characterized by the press of both parties as being disgraceful in the extreme. Indeed, both gentlemen were called to order by the Speaker for indulging in unparliamentary remarks; but when it is considered that the principals hate each other so cordially, it may not be wrong in a worldly point of view to say the House was right in disregarding Mr. Speaker's anxiety for decorum, and permitting the outflow of vulgar invective. Vulgar? That is the word the big mouthed dailies use, and the aspiring weeklies soften it down into "coarse, brutal Billingsgate." Certain passages, it is true, too much resemble the common brick plover style; but otherwise, the speech of Donnelly is exactly what we should expect in reply to the personal charges of Washburne, and we see no need—as an exchange suggests of sending South for Morrissey to go to Washington to teach Donnelly manners. Whatever may be said of certain passages, the speech proper of Mr. Donnelly is pithy and to the point, and it is no wonder the House was anxious to hear him out.

The following is the telegraphic account of the action:

On returning from the Senate Mr. Donnelly, of Minnesota, obtained leave to make a personal explanation. He then made a statement relative to his presenting a bill some time since to aid a railroad in his State. Mr. Washburne objected; subsequently he wrote a letter to the constituents of Donnelly making certain charges regarding Donnelly's previous political record and action in this Congress. Mr. Donnelly, after causing the letter to be read, said it contained twenty-three falsehoods, and continued in vindication of himself, characterizing Mr. Washburne's course in charging him with being an office-beggar as consistent and coming with bad grace from a gentleman of his family name; the race of Washburnes are chronic office-beggars, and are as miserable and uncomfortable out of office as a stump-tailed cow in fly time. Every male born in the Washburne family is born with "M.C." franked on his broadest part.

After further comments Mr. Donnelly said he had analyzed the stomach of the gentleman from Illinois, and if it is possible for him by his peristaltic action to bring up anything more loathsome and disgusting than he has vomited over me in that letter, in God's name let it come.

The Speaker called Mr. Donnelly to order twice. Mr. Donnelly occupied his hour in a similar strain, and was allowed to proceed by consent of the House, Mr. Washburne joining in urging that he have permission to proceed; he continued in a strain of vindictive retort to disprove the charges made in the letter, his remarks being received with great good humor by the members. Mr. Donnelly concluded by saying that Mr. Washburne had lowered the honor of Congress.

MR. WASHBURNE'S REPLY.

Mr. Washburne, of Illinois, said: During my entire time of service in this House, I have never asked leave to make a personal explanation, and I never expect to. The party from Minnesota has had read a letter which I wrote to a gentleman in that State, and it has gone on the record.—Every assertion made in that letter is true, and whoever says it is not true, states what is false. If I were called on, and I desire to say this, under any operation of circumstances if I were called on to make a personal ex-

planation in reply to a member, it would not be to a member who had committed a crime; it would not be to a member who had changed his name; it would not be to a member whose whole record in this House is covered with corruption and crime.

The Speaker reminded Mr. Washburne his remarks were unparliamentary. Mr. Washburne said he was sorry the Chair supposed him out of order, and said:

"I repeat if I were called upon to make personal explanation, I should make it with a member not covered over with crime and infamy, whose record is stained with every fraud, embracing whisky and other frauds, with a man who has proved false alike to his friends, his country, his constituents, his religion and his God."

Mr. Windom gave notice that he should offer a resolution of censure on Mr. Washburne.

On Monday, Mr. Windom rose to a question of privilege, stated that at the request of his colleague he had decided to modify his resolution of censure out of the letter of Mr. Washburne in relation to his colleague, of which he gave notice on Saturday, to one of inquiry. He thought the resolution of censure would not reach the case for the reason that one of the two gentlemen should be expelled.

Mr. Eldridge objected to debate, and Mr. Windom submitted his proposition. The preamble recited the facts relative to the publication of an obnoxious letter in the St. Paul Press, the repetition of the charges of bribery and corruption, and of being a fugitive from justice in the House on Saturday, reciting Mr. Washburne's language therefore.

Resolved, That a select committee of seven members be appointed to investigate the truth or falsehood of the charges made, with power to send for persons and papers with leave to report to the House at any time.

The committee was appointed in accordance with the above resolution, with authority to send for persons and papers.

A Model Village.

The future model village of New England, as I see it, shall have for the use of its inhabitants not merely a town lyceum hall and a town library, but a town laundry, fitted up with conveniences such as no private house can afford, and paying a price to the operators which will enable them to command an excellence of work such as private families seldom realize. It will also have a town bakery, where the best of family bread, white, brown and of all grains, shall be compounded; and lastly a town cook-shop, where soups and meats may be bought, ready for the table. Those of us who have kept house abroad remember the ease with which our foreign establishments were carried on. A suite of elegant apartments, a courier, and one female servant, were the foundation of domestic life. Our courier boarded us at a moderate expense, and the servant took care of our rooms. Punctually at the dinner hour every day, our dinner came in on the head of a porter from a neighboring cook-shop. A large chest lined with tin, and kept warm by a tiny charcoal stove in the centre, being deposited in an ante-room, from it came forth, first, soup, then fish, then roast of various names, and lastly pastry and confections—far more courses than any reasonable Christian needs to keep him in healthy condition; and dinner being over, our box, with its debris, went out of the house, leaving a clear field.—J. B. Storer.

Andrew Johnson

Was, or should have been impeached at noon, yesterday. Last week Thursday on motion of Mr. Morrill the Senate agreed to adjourn until last Monday, at 12 o'clock, for the purpose of debating on the rules of the Senate, and that on Tuesday (yesterday,) at 12 o'clock they should proceed to vote without debate on the several articles of impeachment, and that each Senator file within two days after the vote his written opinion, to be printed with the proceedings of the Senate.

In Washington the bets on the result were even.

The fifteenth General Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church of the United States, convened on the 1st inst. in Chicago. The conference was called to order by the venerable Bishop Morris, of Ohio, who, immediately after the opening, retired, when the chair was taken by Bishop E. S. James, of New York.

The decrease of the public debt for April will be about \$5,000,000.

Darkness in Chicago.

A special dispatch to the St. Paul Press, dated Chicago, May 6th, says:

A singular phenomenon visited this city yesterday, three times in succession, lasting a few minutes at a time.—The city became darkened to such an extent that gas had to be lighted in the streets, after which the clouds broke away, and the sun shone. The Chicago Republican describes it as follows:

The peculiarity of the appearance was that the clouds which separately darkened the sky, seemed to come from no point of compass in particular, but appeared suddenly to envelop the entire face of nature in its cold damp shadow. It disappeared in the same manner, none being able to tell whether it went any more than whence it came. It was almost as sudden as the extinguishment of a gas light within a room, and the accompanying sensations of cold and dampness which pervaded the atmosphere like a breath from a tomb, lent horror to the scene and caused many to tremble who are not superstitious. The sensation was as though a tremendous hail storm must have passed very near us. The telegraph wires worked with so much difficulty that we were unable to obtain satisfactory information with reference to the extent of country involved in this remarkable visitation.

Terrible Earthquake.

The bark Comet, which arrived at San Francisco from the Sandwich Islands on the 7th inst., brings accounts of a terrible volcanic eruption. Mauna Leo began the demonstration on the 27th of March. On the 28th over one hundred earthquake shocks were felt. Nets followed. During the two weeks following to April, 2,000 earthquake shocks occurred. At Waiachina the earth opened in many places. The tidal wave was 60 feet high, over the tops of cocoa trees 3500 feet inland, sweeping human beings, houses, and everything moveable before it. A terrible shock prostrated a church and houses, killing many. In all there were one hundred lives lost, besides thousands of horses and cattle. A river of lava five or six miles long flowed to the sea at the rate of ten miles an hour, destroying everything before it, and forming an island in the sea.

A new crater two miles wide opened, and threw rocks and streams of fire 1000 feet high. A stream of lava rolled to the sea, and at one time the illumination extended 50 miles at night. Lava has pushed out from shore one mile.

At Waiachina, 3 miles from shore, a conical island rose suddenly, emitting a columnar stream and smoke, while the Kona packet was passing, spattering mud on the vessel.

The greatest shock occurred on the 2d of April prior to the eruption. There was a great shower of ashes and pumice. During the great shock, the swaying motion of the earth was dreadful—no person could stand. An eruption of red earth poured down the mountain, rushing across the plain three miles in three minutes, and then ceased. Then came the great tidal wave, and then the streams of lava. The villages on the shore were all destroyed by this wave. The earth opened under the sea and reddened the water. The earth's eruption swallowed thirty persons, and the sea many more. Great suffering and terror prevailed in the whole region affected. The King the Sandwich Islands had issued a proclamation for the relief of the sufferers. The worst is thought to be over, but the lava flow continues, and is a grand spectacle.

Mr. McGee's Dream.

The Canadian Freeman relates the following:

Palm Sunday, two days before the assassination, Mr. McGee spent with an esteemed friend in Ottawa, from the members of whose family we heard the particulars of what we are about to relate. The deceased went to holy communion in the morning at early mass. During the fore part of the day he wrote letters to the Earl of Mayo and Dr. Tupper, who is now in London. After dinner he retired to the library and had a short sleep.

Upon returning to the family circle, he said he felt somewhat annoyed at a singular dream he had had. Upon the ladies asking him to repeat it, he said: "I dreamt I was standing by the Falls of Niagara, and saw a boat containing two men sailing down the rapids, and approaching the brink of the cataract. Seeing their danger and apparent ignorance of it, I rushed forward to warn them. The boat turned round and proceeded up the rapids, and I went over into the gulf beneath." These are, as near as possible, the words which Mr. McGee told a dream which seems to have been a premonition of that death which so soon followed. It certainly derives great significance from its awful fulfillment.

Pedestrianism.

WESTON IN THE FIELD AGAIN.

George K. Goodwin, the backer of Weston, the hero of the famous tramp from Portland to Chicago, is out in a card, in which he offers to back Weston for \$40,000, to perform the following unparalleled feats:

First, of walking 100 miles in 23½ consecutive hours; 2d, 100 miles in 23-25-00; 3d, 100 in 22-20-00; 4th, 100 in 23-15-00; 5th, 100 in 23-10-00; 6th, 100 in 23-5-00; 7th, 100 in 23; 8th, 100 in 22-55-00; 9th, 100 in 22-50-00; 10th, 100 in 22-45-00; 11th, 100 in 22-40-00; 12th, 100 in 22-35-00; 13th, 100 in 22-30-00; 14th, 100 in 22-25-00; 15th, 100 in 22-20-00; 16th, 100 in 22-15-00; 17th, 100 in 22-10-00; 18th, 100 in 22-5-00; 19th, 100 in 22; 20th, 100 in 21.

The above, with the proviso, that he shall make a specialty of each attempt; that is, commence with the 100 miles in 23½ consecutive hours, and that one week and not more than two weeks shall intervene before he attempts the second specialty, that of walking 100 miles in 23-25-00 consecutive hours, and so on in rotation until he shall have attempted the twenty specialties. In case he fails to accomplish the specialty he shall attempt, then I will forfeit the sum of two thousand dollars (2,000) on each and every one he fails to perform; and in case he performs the specialty he attempts, I then win two thousand dollars on each and every one he is successful in. In case more than two weeks intervene between the attempts I agree to forfeit \$500 for each failure. I reserve to Mr. Weston the right to choose his own time and place of walking, to have a body guard of at least twenty sworn men to accompany him at each trial, a band of music to cheer him at least twelve hours out of the twenty-one, the expense of which shall be paid out of the money taken at the gate. The balance, if any, for the benefit of Mr. Weston. At the expiration of the above walking match, I will wager ten thousand (\$10,000) dollars that Mr. E. P. Weston can beat the best sworn time on record of any long distance pedestrian, and one thousand (\$1,000) dollars that E. P. Weston can walk fifty miles in nine hours, square heel and toe.

JOHN GOULDING AND JAMES MILES.

An interesting pedestrian exhibition is now going on at a billiard saloon in Chatham street for the purpose of testing the endurance of two sporting men. Two Englishmen, John Goulding, aged thirty five, and James Miles, aged twenty-one years, are each endeavoring to walk a thousand miles in a thousand consecutive hours.

Their field of action is a billiard room containing three tables, at the back of a drinking saloon. Forty walks around these tables complete the mile. A beginning was made last Saturday at noon. In order to perform the feat, it will be necessary to walk for six weeks, less eight hours. A state of complete physical exhaustion may be expected on the part of both contestants long before that time.

The only man who has yet accomplished the feat was Captain Barclay, in England, about twenty years ago. He showed signs of great fatigue before his five hundredth mile was completed. He would fall while walking, and frequently had to be raised. Severe castigations with whips were administered, to excite and thoroughly arouse him. He was pricked also with needles, and pistols were fired near his ears. Doctors were constantly present also to administer stimulents. Profound sleep would ensue at each moment of rest, and at the close of the feat, it was long and enduring. His nerves and muscles, however, from constant previous habit, impelled him to rise at the usual intervals, for at least a fortnight, and walk while sleeping. To prevent this, he was forcibly held until his system returned to its normal condition.

Barclay had an advantage over the present contestants in walking in the open air. He had beds immediately within the outer doors of two cottages, and laid in them alternately. Goulding and Miles are in an atmosphere somewhat vitiated by a constant crowd, though a draft rushes through, and at the close of each walk, are compelled to ascend a pair of stairs to their bedrooms. Both are light, bony men.

Both men took a long breath at the close of each circuit of the tables, which lasts them nearly to their return. They look at no one in passing. Their eyes are vacant, and indicate a mental absorption in their work. Their eyebrows are curved and hands brought to a level with the center of their chests. Each

shoulder is elevated and depressed in turn as steps are taken. This materially aids motion and stays fatigue.

They perform their mile, usually, in from eight to thirteen minutes. Each has once performed it in eight minutes and forty-one seconds. They take a morning shower bath of salt water, and are rubbed from time to time with oil. Their feet are often rubbed with beef brine or forge water, in which blacksmiths have dipped hot irons. This is mingled with a little of carbonate of ammonia.

The admission is fifteen cents, and, during the day, they walk every hour, in order to exhibit themselves frequently. After midnight they walk two miles at a time, and thus are enabled to sleep about forty-five minutes at the close of each hour, and an equal time at the beginning of the next. It is noticeable, that their greatest drowsiness is from two to six in the morning. The air has then less buoyancy than at other times. The present match is for \$2,000. If both accomplish the feat, they will continue walking till one of the two is unable to continue. N. Y. Post, 29th.

CHIEF JUSTICE CHASE.

Clothed in a little brief authority, feeling his bignesse and imitates ye nervous country pedagogue.

The following remarkable scene occurred in the Court of Impeachment, after Judge Bingham had closed his argument. A few persons in the galleries applauded him; whereupon the Chief Justice angrily called "order." The manner in which he did it, instead of having the desired effect, only made the applause more general. The Chicago Times (Dem.) telegram says:

While the noise was at its loudest; the Chief Justice, in an angry tone ordered the Sergeant-at-Arms to clear the galleries, but it was manifest that without the consent of the offenders the order could not be executed. A few cried out, "He can't do it." "He hasn't men enough." "We won't go out," and other indications that they meant what they said, and were determined not to be put out.

The doorkeeper attempted to enforce the order by announcing it, but they were very slow to move. The Senators beginning to get alarmed, for really the scene began to smack of the French revolution, when the crowd used to overawe the National Assembly. Mr. Grimes angrily asked, after surveying the scene, why the order was not enforced forthwith, to which the Chief Justice, who seemed to be getting quite nervous, explained that the order would be enforced.

A volley of hisses for Grimes came next, and, that too, from the most respectable part of the galleries. Many a finely dressed lady contributed to them. An attempt was made to get up a more violent insult in the way of a loud "bah," and some hoootings were heard, such as the rabble sometimes deal out to speakers they don't like. Trumbull quickly came to the relief of Grimes with a motion that the offenders be arrested as well as the galleries cleared.

"I would like to see you do it," shouted several of the retiring applauders in reply.

The galleries were by this time about half cleared, but not because of the order of the chief Justice. It had got out that the Court was about to retire or adjourn, and those who had left had done so under this impression. Suddenly a few men cried out:

"HOLD ON!"

They ain't going to adjourn; let us see this thing out." Then came a halt, and hundreds took their seats again, with the utmost unconcern, and totally indifferent to the order for their ejection.

Mr. Cameron, amid the din and confusion rose to hope that the galleries would not be cleared. He did not believe it fair to punish all for the offense of some, and hoped none but those who had made the demonstration would be put out.

Fessenden and Johnson sharply called Cameron to order, and insisted that the clearance be proceeded with, at which there was another volley of hisses, and a few more hoootings, and the scene looked more revolutionary than ever.

Meantime, in the corridors, a few hundred of the ejected had formed into a crowd, and commenced singing "OLD GRIMES IS DEAD," that poor old soul." They were joined by the ladies with great glee. Between the verses the Iowa Senator was liberally and maliciously cursed and damned as a traitor and a copperhead. One man attempted to make a speech against Grimes, and the other renegades, but the tumult was too great for him, and he all around him were too much interested in the song, which was thought to be peculiarly appropriate and piquant.—"Will the ladies help us to sing?" said one. "Certainly they will," said another; and so they did.

While this extraordinary scene was taking place in the corridors and within the hearing of the High Court of Impeachment, Senators were wondering what still kept the galleries at least half full. Sherman attempted to solve the mystery by suggesting to the Chief Justice that perhaps those who remained in the galleries did not understand the nature of the order.

The Chief Justice repeated the order for their benefit, and again instructed the Sergeant-at-Arms to enforce it, which he, with the aid of all the capitol employees he could find, proceeded at once to do it.

Finally, all were cleared but the reporters and the diplomatic gallery.—The occupants of these thought themselves exempt from the rule. The Sergeant-at-Arms quickly dispersed these by sending the posse to eject them.

THE BRITISH MINISTER.

at first remonstrated; then went out to find the Sergeant-at-Arms, and then again tried to secure the interposition of Sumner, but all to no purpose. He and all his choice company of distinguished foreigners had to leave.

Greeley on Impeachment.

"Well," said Mr. Greeley, recently, "I'll tell you what I think about impeachment. I heard of a tavern keeper's bill once, that illustrated it." A guest got drunk, smashed the furniture, broke the dishes, kept all the servants waiting on him, and all the inmates of the hotel awake with his howlings.—When he came to leave, his bill was handed in:

To two days' board, - - - 9 50
To raising hell generally, - - 50 00

Total, - - - - - 59 00

"I think that's about the view the American people take of our present account against A. Johnson."

Davy's Expedition.

The General in command of the Indian Territory of Dakota, has notified Capt. Davy that it is inexpedient for him to take his expedition to the Black Hills, owing to the fact that that portion of Dakota has been set apart as an Indian reservation during the ensuing summer. Capt. Davy will undoubtedly proceed to Washington at once, to confer with the authorities there as to whether this order is imperative or not, and until the results of his mission are made public, nothing definite can be stated relative to the matter.—Winona Republican.

Jeff. Davis' bail has been renewed. It is said that gamblers of New York win \$10,000,000 annually.

A case of genuine ancient leprosy exists in the Montreal hospital. Robins are selling in the Alexandria Va., market for 50 cents a dozen.

The Continental Hotel of Philadelphia employs three hundred servants. H. H. Lloyd, the map publisher, died at Newark, N. J., on the 29th, aged 39 years.

One hundred and forty thousand tons of ice are stored in Chicago for home consumption.

A Boston match manufacturer paid the Government last year \$400,000 for one cent stamps.

Attempts have recently been made to assassinate some Americans at the City of Mexico.

A man in New Orleans has just married a woman from whom he was divorced twenty years ago.

The Seminoles of Florida, following the example of their brethren of the plains, have taken to murder end scalping.

The Frankfort (Ky.) Commonwealth of April 17th, contained no less than six proclamations by Gov. Stevenson, offering rewards for the arrest of assassins.

S. B. Fairman, proprietor of the Elmira N. Y. Advertiser, died at Port Jervis on the 1st, of injuries received at the late disastrous railroad accident.

The trestle work at the Erie Railway depot, in Jersey City, gave way on Tuesday, the 6th inst., letting a locomotive into the river. The engineer and fireman were drowned.

A destructive tornado passed through Putnam county, Ind., last Wednesday. The woods for several miles are badly damaged, and in many places trees three feet in diameter twisted off.

The Pioneer says that a private letter from Dr. A. E. Ames, at New York, en-route to California, states that the spring is more backward in Michigan, New York and the New England States than in Minnesota.

Bills for the admission of Arkansas, Louisiana, South Carolina and North Carolina are before Congress. Only the trial of the President prevents the immediate restoration of the representatives of these States to their seats in the capitol.

Mexico is again in trouble. Passengers from Vera Cruz to Havana state that before sailing, a telegram was received announcing that a revolution had taken place in the capital, and that President Juarez was flying to the Texas frontier with \$7,000,000 in his possession. The death penalty had been abolished.

J Franklin	4	61
C Squires	6 7 8	62
G M Franklin	12	63
Methodist Parsonage	45	64
Wagner & Schall	45	65
J Mead	123 4	66
A Soter	6	67
GB Kingsley	45	68
F C Seely 24 ft on w side	6	69
H Seely	89 10	70
J Franklin	38	71
A w Eter	12 3 4	72
L Lodomis	all	73
"	all	74
Wm Dustin	all	75
J Mead	45	76
F A Blood	8	77
B Constans	12	78
A Anderson 20 ft front on	74	
Valucia at		
Roberts & Bro. 40 ft on Va-		
lucia st and 180 ft deep on		
n end 89 10		
E Gaylord	1	75
A Soter	2	76
W Hill	3	77
E J Huntington n 1/2 45		
E R Waite n hf 1/2 lots 4		
5		75
J Franklin 25 1/2 ft front on		
Valucia at n end 14 6		
7		75
A Bonwell	8	75
Meal & Kingsley w 5-6 9		77
Wm Constans n hf		77
W Hill	sh	77
L Newman	123 45	79
H Curtis 123 45 6 7 8 9		
10		80
A West 129 45 6 7 8 9 10		81
H D Newsen	45	82
J A Willard	7	83
W Lewis	83	83
"	23 4	84
L Lodomis	all	85
W Lewis	3	88
A Johnson	4	88
A Franklin	89 10	88
B Johnson	67 8	89
A w Eter	8	89
GB Kingsley	123 45	91
L Kister	67 8 9 10	92
Dustin & Hill 40 ft on end		
45		94
E A Davis 62 ft on end 6		94
J H Mead	345 67 8	95
M O Mead	9	95
J H Mead n hf 1/2 10		95
" middle 1/2 10		95
H A Dudley n hf 1/2 10		95
L Lodomis	67 8	97
A C Day	345	97
S Mount	67 8 9 10	97
YOUNG'S ADDITION TO B. E. CITY.		
H Raymond	1	2
E L Howland	13 14	2
A Anderson	2	2
G Little	2	2
Wm Baldwin	8	2
Schuler & Thurston	12	2
J Franklin	12 14	3
J Augustine	3	3
J Shuttleworth	n hf 4	3
A Johnson	7 8 9 10	3
E Manger 20 ft on hf 4		4
F Clement	5	4
H Kanar	6	4
"	12 3	4
P Kinney	2	4
O G Davis	4	6
D Pratt	5	6
C W Wilson	7 11	6
"	7 8 9	7
W Roberts	14	7
Schuler & Thurston	9	8
F L Howland	23 14	8
C Wilson	1	9
"	1	9
J C Howland	25 6	9
"	89 14	10
C W Wilson	12	10
Schuler & Thurston	3	12
E Pulver	45 6	12
J C Howland	1	14
A Johnson	9	15
C W Wilson	1	15
J C Howland	2	16
DOW & BOWEN'S ADDITION		
BLU EARTH CITY.		
I Newman	34	7
E Pulver	567 8	7
E Chute	12	8
Deister	67 8 9 10	9
W Baldwin	all	10
E Chute	all	11
"	all	11

The Free Homestead.

WEDNESDAY, MAY 6, 1868

Items from the Mankato Union.

CONGRESSIONAL CONVENTION.

At the head of the second page we publish the call for a republican convention of the 2d Congressional district, which is to take place at Owatonna on the 8th of July next. It will devolve upon the people of the district to elect a successor to Hon. Wm. Windom who, we understand will not be a candidate for re-election, and whose term expires on the 4th of March next. We trust that the District are as willing to excuse Mr. Windom from further service as he is to decline a nomination before it is tendered him. We have very little of his past services, which have materially benefited this locality, to record. And especially last fall, when the deepest interest was felt in the State election and the great national issue of endorsing Congress or an apostate President was to be decided, he was busy with his personal financial schemes, while the member from the 1st District, Hon. I. Donnelly, Hon. M. S. Wilkinson and others were doing yeoman service in collapsing the false theories of copperhead orators. But let him pass. Another will fill his place, and who shall it be? The Winona Republican says: At no former time in the history of this State has there been such an imperative necessity as now exists for placing in nomination able, honest and efficient men as candidates for the public support. And especially is this so with regard to aspirants for Congressional honors. What the people ask for, and what they have a right to expect, at the hands of the forthcoming Republican Convention, is a candidate for Congress whose political faith has been well tested—whose fidelity to principle is beyond a question—whose honesty is assured—whose reputation for ability to serve the people in any and every emergency is established. We cannot

we must not—take up a man in whom these essential pre-requisites are in the least degree wanting. To do so would be to court defeat. The First Congressional District is strongly Republican, we grant, but there is no "margin" for a doubtful or incompetent candidate. Only a thoroughly good and worthy man deserves to succeed—only such a man can succeed.

It continues to speak also of the importance of a thorough waking up among the voters, so that the will of the people rather than that of politicians should be subserved. If this plain duty is performed by the people it has no fears of the result. The suggestions of the *Republican* are very good, but after beating around the bush at some length the article closes without giving any intimation as to who possesses those qualifications so necessary in the successor of Mr. Windom. The people will to some extent look to the press for their views upon the question of capability in the various candidates, and as the *Republican* is the leading organ of the District it would not be improper to name a man whose political faith has been well tested—whose fidelity to principle is beyond question—whose honesty is assured—and whose reputation for ability to serve the people is established. If the *Republican* has no such person in view, perhaps it will allow us to suggest and co-operate with us in securing his nomination.

MONTANA COLLECTORSHIP.

A Washington letter in the St. Paul Press of the 28th ult. contains some reflections upon the recent appointment of J. B. Hubbell as Collector of Montana, in which it intimates that Hon. I. Donnelly has been engaged in securing the removal of Langford and appointment of Mr. Hubbell in the interest of the democracy. That Mr. Donnelly has had any thing to do in the matter is absolutely false, and Mr. Hubbell has not only not solicited his aid but has not even a personal acquaintance with him. Mr. Ramsey having promised no opposition to his confirmation no effort was necessary. The fight is purely upon republican grounds, Mr. Langford having been very reticent and weak kneed on political issues until after the passage of the tenure of office bill, and given two of his most important deputyships to rebels. Mr. Hubbell would not have been a candidate had it not been for this fact, and knowing that his political record was largely against him by sound republicans. Nothing but Langford's relationship with Gov. Marshall could save him. Of course the Governor had other business in Washington besides defeating this confirmation but it appears from the letter that he has been some busy on this account, the other objects of his visits being likely to be defeated. The Governor, however, has been seconded in his efforts by Saskatchewan Taylor, J. J. Knox & Co. Applicants for office should apply to this company, if they desire success.

Ku-Klux Klan.
Wolf's Den, Secret Conclave, }
12 P. M., April 23, 1868. }
Hearts Blood

***** measure is
***** taking.

K. (The rope) K. (Skull and K. cross bones).
B. E. L. No. 1. Be Ready—2 P. M.—May 1st. Warning do take—Publish our most Radical articles—Exit instant—Sell—Leave. 10 days is the utmost. You are doomed. New moon—1st May—Early dawn. Take heed. There are sworn to the task. Ye despotic Gays, Die or leave. Bullets, Daggers—Sharp. The 31 will do or die.

By order of
GRAND CYCLOPS.

(Countersigned) Death to Radicals, our Motto.

The above notice, as an advertisement, bears the characteristics of uniqueness, especially for this latitude. It came through the post-office addressed to the Editor of the Mankato Union. As communications to the editor are generally intended for publication we give the notice one insertion. As a specimen of "how they do it" down in Dixie, where the Ku Klux Klan mostly do congregate, it could not be surpassed. It is a faithful portrait of the malice prepense which rankles in the bosoms of such blood thirsty vipers as perpetrated the Lawrence and Fort Pillow massacres, and piled their villainous guerrilla warfare during the rebellion. It is further the quintessence of cowardice, as it seems that 31 are required to perform the delicate task of giving us a scare. They must think the editor of the Union is considerable of an elephant. It used to be said once a southerner could "lick" any half dozen Yankees in the north. The tune is reversed. Thirty-one against one. A threat we presume that its extent is a gigantic "goak" and therefore we don't scare much. But as the injunction is to "publish no more radical articles" we presume the perpetrators to be in sympathy with the party known as democrats. How do the democracy like the associations? We showed it to the irrepressible Wallace and his first impulse was to "Call the Club." He further suggests that Chief Police McEwen take the case in hand and work it up. A word describing the document and we dismiss the subject. The dagger, bowie knife, skull and cross bones, and rope are pictured in red ink, and a coffin in black. Under the dagger is the word "revenge" written in blood red. Over the bowie knife are the words "hearts blood," also in red. On the coffin is placed "Thy measure is taking," and across the page, in red, are the words "death to radicals our motto." Enclosed was a bullet and percussion cap, but neither will fit our shooting iron. We are much obliged to our contrib-

utors from whom emanated such touching designs of "peace and good will toward men," but, further communications of a similar nature will not be noticed unless accompanied by the real name of the authors.

FROM GARDEN CITY.

By our own reporter.

A number of buildings are in process of erection, mostly dwelling houses. The Marvin Bros. have erected a store on Main street 20x40 two stories, and have it nearly enclosed. They are driving fellows and buildings go up in a hurry when they get hold of them.

E. P. Evans is in town. He intends making extensive improvements on the hotel. Mr. Manly, editor *Herald* is about erecting a printing office and dwelling house.

Business is improving a little in all its branches. Our stores are all being replenished with new goods. Two or three nice stores are soon to be opened.

Emigrants are constantly coming in, some intend to stop and go in to business, others are purchasing farms.

Religious meetings are still held three evenings in the week and a good interest is kept up.

We had two very able lectures from Dr. Cooley, of Fairbault, on Thursday and Friday evenings of last week, they were exceedingly interesting.

RAILROAD NEWS.—The engineer corps of the Minnesota Valley Railroad arrived in town on Tuesday evening last and put up at the Clifton House. Gen. Bishop, Chief engineer heads the party. They are now permanently locating the road from Kasota to the city line of Mankato which is near the beer garden below town. When this labor is concluded, the next business will be to locate the route through town. J. J. Thompson, Esq., who went below to employ an engineer to estimate the cost of the various routes proposed, returned on Sunday last, having secured the services of Major Rogers, the acting Chief engineer on the Milwaukee and St. Paul road, who will be in town on Monday next, for that purpose. The corps of the Valley road will remain here to assist the engineer, and probably before the week closes the result will be announced.

FIRE IN STERLING.—On Sunday last some one set fire to the dead grass on section 13 in the town of Sterling and it spread rapidly toward the timber destroying a great amount of young trees. It also made havoc with the fencing of Mr. Beel destroying it for a great distance round his place. The recklessness of those who are in the habit of setting prairie on fire should be referred to the Grand Jury for action. The law provides that such persons shall be punished by fine.

DEDICATION AND ORINATION.—The Baptist church of this city will be dedicated next Sabbath morning, May 3d, at 10 o'clock. Exercises to be participated in by ministers from abroad. The ordination services of the pastor elect, E. K. Cressey, will occur in the evening of the same day. Sermon by Rev. A. L. Cole of Owatonna, ordination prayer, charge to the candidate, charge to the church, and welcome to the ranks of the ministry, by other clergymen present. There will also be preaching in the church Saturday evening previous, by a visiting minister, and Sunday afternoon at 4 o'clock, by Rev. Henry Doehrer, of Ottawa, in the German language.

NEW MILLINERY GOODS.—We call the attention of our readers to the fact, that Mrs. G. O. Williams, who is located over the hardware store of Owen Brothers, has just received her spring stock of millinery goods. Quite a number of her patrons have been awaiting their arrival, and we are able to announce that she has a full, fashionable and elegant stock of goods very desirable to wear. Her ribbons, flowers and other trimmings have been selected with great care and taste, and her taste for "getting up" bonnets is not excelled by any other establishment in the city. Step in and see the goods.

FIRE IN MAPLETON.—On Sunday the 19th inst., Mr. Thomas Eaves met with a loss by fire under the following circumstances. On the Friday previous he went to the Land Office at Winnebago City to prove up his homestead claim, having lived on it five years. He remained over Sunday with his wife, visiting friends in that neighborhood. His boy who was left on the premises was burning up an old straw pile, and in an unguarded moment the fire reached the barn and burned it to ashes. Mr. Eaves loses a quantity of oats, his wheat for summer's use, a harrow, two plows, and a new mower and reaper. The total loss is not much less than \$400, which will bear heavily on Mr. Eaves.

PRECAUTIONARY MEASURES.—Last week Winona was visited by a gang of thieves and small parcels of money were taken from the bedside of several of its prominent citizens. The fact placed the whole town on the defensive and measures were instituted to prevent further plunder. The *Republican* notices the matter as follows:

The precautions against burglars last night were extensive and amusing, the most prominent feature being the illuminations. Kerosene oil was used with a lavishness that was perfectly regardless of expense; oil cow bells were hung on woodshed doors; tea bells were tied to the scissars, and the scissars inserted over the kitchen window; wash tubs filled with tin ware, from the pantry, were placed on rickety chairs, that were tied to the window; back doors were barricaded with the contents of the woodshed; men lent money to their friends so as not to have any in their pockets; pocket boxes were stowed away in Jerusalem's night cap; dogs were tied

to the tea kettle, and everybody slept in one room. Should the burglars give Winona another scare there would be a general exodus for the country.

A WOODEN WEDDING.—Mr. and Mrs. Jerome Hollenbeck on Tuesday evening last celebrated the 5th anniversary of their marriage by a wooden wedding. Between thirty and forty invitations were extended, and they being to married persons mostly, the company would consist of nearly double that number. This plan of celebrating a marriage at stated occasions originated from an ancient custom of celebrating the 50th year of marriage as an occasion of uncommon occurrence, which was styled the Golden Wedding. The 25th anniversary is styled the silver wedding and the 10th the tin wedding, and it has been a custom of late to make a wooden wedding on the 5th year. We are informed that the guests bestowed their presents quite profusely, while in turn they were entertained with bounteous hospitality. Two pieces of music were employed for the occasion besides the piano, the three lending enchantment to the soul, and measured cadences for the feet. Among the presents bestowed were a pair of wooden shoes for the bride and groom, cups, saucers and wine glasses turned from cedar wood, bracelets of wood, wooden jewelry tipped with metals, a light stand, a very handsomely carved wooden clock, photographs of the seasons, of India, ink, touched with colors, and many other articles our "reporter" failed to enumerate. Mrs. Hollenbeck and Henry Shaubert Esq., donned the wooden shoes and danced a quick step, much to the amusement of the company. As the fashion is now inaugurated for the first time in Mankato we may expect similar weddings *ad libitum*. They form a pleasant pastime and will doubtless be encouraged.

WHOLESALE & RETAIL STATIONERY HOUSE.—For the past week Ira S. Smith Murphy & Co have been receiving a large stock of goods pertaining to their line of business, and they are now offering at wholesale and retail at the lowest cash rates. It is a fact beyond dispute that they are the closest buyers west of Chicago, are fully posted in the business, and can offer to customers rates that defy competition. In wholesale they propose to duplicate any bill ordered from Chicago. A country merchant who had bought at Chicago "acknowledges the corn" and says he can buy cheaper of Smith Murphy & Co. Dealers in the country will do well to make a note of this. Their stock consists of a nice selection of miscellaneous reading books, school books, writing books, pens ink and paper, wall paper, a fine assortment of blank books for book keeping purposes, memorandum and pass books, paper, cloth and rustic shades, pocket books, hair and clothes brushes, and all kinds of notions incident to their trade. They are also selling wrapping paper as low as merchants can lay it down at their doors for. A superior article of gold pens they offer, and warrant for a year. They offer to printers a full assortment of papers such as note and Congress letter, folio past, demy, flat cap, card board, colored paper for pamphlet covers and other purposes, blank statements, bill head paper and print. We can recommend this firm on the above articles and know from experience that they offer them at a close margin above cost. Their growing trade is the best evidence that their prices are satisfactory and we heartily wish them success, and commend them to the public as gentlemen who do business uprightly, and honorably in every particular.

AN EXTENSIVE ESTABLISHMENT.—We publish this week elsewhere the new card of J. F. Meagher of hardware, and agricultural machinery fame. In passing through his extensive ware rooms we are surprised at the immense piles of goods which he is receiving and offering for sale. Nearly every boat brings either hardware, stores or machinery for J. F. Meagher. One steamer alone collected a freight bill amounting to \$530.35—the largest freight bill ever paid by one man for a single lot of goods. Among the stocks of goods already arrived we notice blacksmith's anvils and bellows, circular saws, between two and three hundred kegs of nails, and about the same number of kegs of Fabius stocks celebrated white lead, large quantities of bar iron, mowers, reapers, thrashers &c, without number, and hay and barn forks, rakes, shovels, spades, hoes and all garden and farm tools. He also keeps a large variety of box, parlor, and cooking stoves with tin to match. A new feature in the Olive Branch cooking stove is a reservoir in which water is always kept hot as well as pure, a very nice improvement.

Another feature of his business is his wholesale department. Goods are kept in packages and sold unbroken at wholesale. We were surprised on seeing his order book to know that already he is building up an extensive wholesale trade with our country merchants. Milwaukee and Chicago bills have been compared with his and his customers find it even to their advantage to buy of him in preference to going to Chicago. The reason of this is that Meagher buys at head quarters in large quantities, and sells on a low margin. We are glad to know that he can successfully compete with eastern houses, and that our country merchants can be supplied on such favorable terms. Mr. Meagher does business with promptness and integrity toward his patrons and deserves the large patronage he is now receiving.

CERTAIN SIGNS.—If you break a looking glass, it is a sign that you will have to get another one. Never start to go anywhere or do anything on Friday, because you can't get a great way before Sunday.

IMPEACHMENT.
Summary of Nelson's Speech for the Defense.
WASHINGTON, April 25.
SENATE.—Mr. Nelson concluded his speech yesterday. Alluding briefly to the high commendation of the President written by Mr. Stanton in 1865, and the strangeness of the fact that the President is only now impeached for offenses against the defendant thirty-ninth Congress, Mr. Nelson proceeded to consider the articles of impeachment separately. He held, in the first place, that there was a distinction made by both common and statute law between a crime and an attempt to commit a crime; and as the civil tenure bill relates only to actual removal from office, and the President made none, the charges made in most of the articles fail. But aside from this objection, which though technical, should still, he claimed, have weight, he would maintain these propositions, viz: That the tenure of office law is void; that if it is not, Stanton's case is not covered by it; and that even if it is legal and applicable, the President is not guilty of a crime because he acted from laudable motives. He quoted at great length from debates on the formation of the constitution, and the passage of the act of 1789, and from legal authorities, to show that the question of the President's power of removal was definitely settled by Congress at that time, and claimed therefore that he had grounds for honestly forming the opinion on which he acted from the constitutional requirements that the Attorney General is to furnish the President with opinions in writing, and the fact that such opinions are collected and bound by authority of Congress. Mr. Nelson argued that they have a quasi authoritative character for the President's action.

He next considered the position that Congress has by implication superior power to the executive, and maintained that no greater powers were granted in that way to the legislature than the executive branches of the government.

Mr. Nelson continued the citation of authorities in support of the President's views on the question of his power of removal, and proceeded to argue that the President had the same power to construe acts of Congress as Congress itself, again supporting his views by numerous quotations.

Passing to the consideration of the second and third articles, he adopted the statement in the President's answer as sufficient answer to them.

With regard to the fourth article, which charges conspiracy to obtain possession of the War Office by intimidation and threats, he claimed that it was covered by the act of 1861, which it is claimed was violated.

The fifth article alleging intended employment of force he held was not supported by the testimony.

The sixth article, in violation of the tenure of office law is also alleged, he considered that he had disposed of by the argument on the constitutionality of that law.

The seventh article was passed over with details that the President's oath of office was violated.

The offense charged in the eighth article he met by the argument that the allegation of an endeavor to obtain possession of the money in the War Department, even if made, was not in violation of the tenure law, as stated.

With reference to the ninth article, he held that the President was doing his duty when conferring with Gen. Emory about the disposition of forces, and that no evidence whatever had been adduced to prove that his purpose in that interview was evil.

Considering the tenth article, he claimed that it was based on principles which underlie the section law, which, ever since its passage, had stunk in the nostrils of the American people.

After a brief consideration of the eleventh article, which he said was sufficiently answered by his remarks concerning the preceding article, he referred to the charge by Mr. Boutwell, that the President wished to control the election in the southern States, and asked how that could be possible with the officers designated by Congress in command and exercising control over that portion.

Mr. Stevens then referred to the claim of the President to violate the tenure of office law because he considered it invalid, and considered the position of the President in accepting the oath to take care that the laws are faithfully executed. He also detailed the action of Congress on the law, expounded its provisions and criticized the claim of the President to disregard them. He then took up the action of the Senate on the message of the President informing that body of the suspension of Stanton, and afterwards its action upon the removal of Stanton, and the appointment of Thomas ad interim, notwithstanding the Senate declared that he had no power, to remove the Secretary of War, and designate any other officer to perform the duties of the office ad interim. He continued.

Thomas in office, this offense of assassination—said Mr. Stevens—turns upon the Senate, who have thus rebuked him in a constitutional manner, and bids them defiance.

Mr. Stevens then discussed the article charging the President with usurpation of legislative powers, and proceeded to show how he had interfered with the work of reconstruction. He then briefly reviewed the whole case, compared the services of Stanton with those of Johnson, noticed the claim of the President that Stanton still held on to the office, and concluded by saying that if the President is not willing to execute the laws of Congress, let him resign and retire to his village obscurity.

The following is a concluding paragraph of the speech of Mr. Stevens:

After the death of Mr. Lincoln, instead of being content with the position the people had given him, he sought to become thereafter, as then, the Chief Executive of the nation. This he knew could only be done by changing the principles on which he was nominated, and seeking a new party to sustain him. After some little hesitation he resolved upon that course and perpetrated a betrayal of the party that had elected him and the principles he professed, baser than the betrayal by Judas, for he, Johnson, sacrificed a whole nation and a host of principles.

In conclusion, he reminded the Senate that trouble and confusion had usually followed the exercise of revolutionary or unconstitutional power in the deposition of kings and rulers of the people, and implored them to so perform the high duties now devolving upon them as to merit the approbation of their consciences, their countrymen, and their God.

Of Judge Nelson's speech the Winona

Republican speaks as follows:
Judge Nelson's speech in defense of his particular friend and fellow Democrat from Tennessee, Andrew Johnson, is described as being one of the most ludicrous harangues ever delivered in the Senate. Had A. J. been gathered to his fathers and Judge N. appointed to pronounce a funeral oration over his remains, he could not have indulged in more ridiculous and extravagant eulogy. A correspondent says that in the manner of the speaker, in some of the matter, in the gestures, in the earnestness, and in the effect upon the Senators, the effort was fully equal to a hard-shell sermon. It more than overbalanced the worst that has been charged on the matter or bearing of any of the Managers, and it is said that Judge Curtis and Everts could scarcely conceal their contempt and disgust.

Mr. Johnson certainly made a woeful mistake when he consented that his old political associate should make a speech in his defense.

Stevens' Argument.

WASHINGTON, April 27th.
The Chief Justice directed that the argument proceed, and at 12:30 Mr. Stevens mounted the Clerk's desk and read his arguments in a pretty firm voice from printed slips. After about ten minutes he took a chair and read sitting. At five minutes before one his voice showed signs of weakness, and General Butler read the remainder of his argument.

Mr. Stevens said he should discuss but a single article, the one that was finally adopted upon his earnest solicitation, and which, if proved, he considered as quite sufficient for the conviction of the distinguished respondent. He desired to discuss the charges in no mean spirit of vituperation, but to argue in a manner worthy of the high tribunal before which he appeared, and of the exalted position of the accused. The trial of the chief magistrate of the nation, which was interesting to millions of men, could not be belittled and reduced to mockery. When Andrew Johnson took upon himself the duties of his office he swore to take care that the laws be faithfully carried out. The duties of legislation and the adjusting of laws fall no way to his lot. To obey the command of the sovereign power of the nation; and see that others obey these, was his whole duty. His attempt to escape that duty will be suspicion of perjury.

Mr. Stevens said: I accuse him in the name of the House of Representatives of having perpetrated that foul offense. Mr. Stevens then reviewed the question of the Secretaryship of War, and charged that the President had plainly and willfully violated a law which he had sworn to see faithfully executed. Mr. Stevens ridiculed the idea set up by the respondent, that the case did not come under the Tenure of Office law, because Stanton was appointed by Lincoln. He claimed that by the Constitution the Vice President when called to the Presidency, was not serving out a new term of his own, but serving an unexpired term of his predecessor. Mr. Stevens said the President asserted that he did not remove Secretary Stanton under the Tenure of Office law. This was a direct contradiction of his own letter to the Secretary of the Treasury.

How necessary that a man should have a good conscience or a good memory. The President denies that he attempted to prevent the execution of the tenure of office law, and yet in his correspondence with Grant he reproached the General by the assertion that he (the General) knew his object was to prevent B. M. Stanton from forthwith resuming the functions of his office, notwithstanding the Senate might decide in his favor. A question of veracity grew out of this correspondence, the President asserting that the General had promised to aid him in defeating the execution of the laws by preventing the immediate resumption of the functions of Secretary of War by Stanton; and that the General violated his promise. This the General denies, though he agrees with the President that the President did induce him to make such promise and enter into such arrangement. He maintained that the President had been guilty of violating law and of misprision and official perjury.

STATE NEWS.
Last week, Tuesday morning, an extensive fire occurred in St. Paul which destroyed McKubins Block and several smaller buildings. The total loss is estimated at \$100,000 on which there was about \$70,000 insurance. The upper part of the building contained the Masonic Hall. The Masons loss was about \$5,000 by the fire, many of the articles being very difficult to replace. The origin of the fire is unknown.

The Hon. Alex. McDonald, U. S. Senator elect from Arkansas, reports that since the recent election many whites have declared in favor of the constitution and reconstructed State, government, and have admitted that their opposition was founded in fear of the Democrats. He believes that the next election will develop a Republican majority in the white vote of the State. This is not at all improbable. Indeed, the same result will follow the adoption of the constitutions of Georgia and North Carolina.

Reconstruction in the South.
A dispatch from General Canby to General Grant says that the total vote in South Carolina so far as reported amounts to 65,843 votes and that the majority for the constitution is 33,161. Three districts have not yet been heard from. In Louisiana the Republicans claim twenty-four out of thirty-six Senators, and forty members of the House as far as heard from. The latest dispatches from Raleigh and Wilmington render it certain that North Carolina has ratified the constitution by a large majority. The Conservatives have elected only one representative to Congress. The result in Georgia is no longer doubtful. The republicans have carried the election by 7,000 majority.

Gen. Schofield has issued an order postponing the Virginia election indefinitely, on the ground that no appropriation had been made by Congress or by the State Convention for the expenses of conducting it.

If you drop a fork and it sticks in the floor, it is a sign that it is a fork.
If you spill the salt, it is a sure sign that you have salt room.

If you spill the table cloth on the floor, it is a sign you'll have to pick it up again.
These signs all hold good in a dry time.

On April 14, 1849, three feet of snow fell in Boston, and on April 17th, 1863, over a foot of snow fell. Therefore, the doos of six inches, last week, is welcomed, as probably the last of the season, and not very bad.

THE FREE HOMESTEAD.

WEDNESDAY, MAY 13, 1868.

An apprentice wanted immediately at the HOMESTEAD office.

Market Reports are necessarily omitted this week.

Deeds and Mortgages for sale at the HOMESTEAD office as cheap as they can be had anywhere.

John Smith—Blacksmith, who removed to Vernon last year, has just returned with his family to Winnebago.

FOR SALE.—Six acres of timber land situated three miles south of Winnebago City—\$40 per acre. Inquire of Wallace at the Hardware in Winnebago City.

WHY NOT.—We can see no reason why D. B. De Land & Co.'s Best Chemical Saleratus should not be used in all cases, as it has no superior, and weighs more than other Saleratus.

It should be distinctly understood that Sargent pays the highest market price for green Hides and Furs, at his store in Winnebago City. half

Beautifully engraved Marriage Certificates from the celebrated firm of Tibbels & Co., 118 Nassau St. New York, for sale at the HOMESTEAD office. Price 10 cts. By mail, 12 cts.

NOTICE.
WHEREAS, my wife, Rebecca Hyde, left my bed and board on the twenty-seventh day of April, 1868, without just cause or provocation, and has since that time been absent from my house, and I have no news of her, and I will pay no debts of her contracting.
JOHN A. HYDE.
Winnebago City, May 11th, 1868.

Attention Farmers!
MARSH'S new Mill at Shelbyville is now running for
ONE TENTH TOLL.
No. 1 Flour \$1.00 per hundred. Satisfaction guaranteed. G. W. MARSH, Proprietor. Shelbyville, April 17th, 1868. 294w4

New Wagon and Blacksmith Shop.
THE subscribers have opened a shop on Blue Earth Avenue, where they can be found every day, ready to do any job of wood or iron work. Particular attention given to Repairing and Horse Shoeing.
A fair share of patronage is all we ask, and we will endeavor to give satisfaction.
232w4 F. A. GAN & LOUZEINER.
Winnebago City, April, 1868.

U. S. Land Office.
Winnebago City, Minn., April 28, 1868.
To Peter L. Scriver.
John Eaton has this day applied for the north east quarter section 24, township 105 north, range 30 west, it being the land you filed on. You are hereby notified to be and appear at this office on Saturday, the 30th day of May, 1868, at 9 a. m. for the purpose of giving the whole matter a fair and impartial investigation.
239 A. H. BULLIS, Register.
H. W. HOLLEY, Receiver.

U. S. Land Office.
Winnebago City, Minn., April 27th, 1868.
To Henry Kuntz.
Anna Engstrom has this day applied for the south east quarter section 24, township 101 north, range 30 west, it being the land you filed on. You are hereby notified to be and appear at this office on Saturday, the 30th day of May, 1868, at 9 a. m. for the purpose of giving the whole matter a fair and impartial investigation.
245 A. H. BULLIS, Register.
H. W. HOLLEY, Receiver.

U. S. Land Office.
Winnebago City, Minn., April 27th, 1868.
To John S. Gilky.
Lyman B. Seavill has this day applied for the south east quarter section 24, township 101 north, range 30 west, it being the land you filed on. You are hereby notified to be and appear at this office on Friday, the 29th day of May, 1868, at 9 a. m. for the purpose of giving the whole matter a fair and impartial investigation.
255 A. H. BULLIS, Register.
H. W. HOLLEY, Receiver.

U. S. Land Office.
Winnebago City, Minn., April 27th, 1868.
To John S. Hall.
Joseph B. Bunnell has this day applied for the south west quarter section 24, township 101 north, range 30 west, it being the land you filed on. You are hereby notified to be and appear at this office on Friday, the 29th day of May, 1868, at 9 a. m. for the purpose of giving the whole matter a fair and impartial investigation.
265 A. H. BULLIS, Register.
H. W. HOLLEY, Receiver.

U. S. Land Office.
Winnebago City, Minn., April 27th, 1868.
To Wm H. Cook.
Joseph Smith has this day applied for the north east quarter section 24, township 101 north, range 30 west, it being the land you filed on. You are hereby notified to be and appear at this office on Friday, the 29th day of May, 1868, at 9 a. m. for the purpose of giving the whole matter a fair and impartial investigation.
285 A. H. BULLIS, Register.
H. W. HOLLEY, Receiver.

U. S. Land Office.
Winnebago City, Minn., April 14th 1868.
To Geo A. Harkins.
Mr Richard Gibbins has this day applied for the south east quarter section 24, township 102 north, range 29 west, it being the land you filed on. You are hereby notified to be and appear at this office on Monday, the 11th day of May, 1868, at 9 a. m. for the purpose of giving the whole matter a fair and impartial investigation.
294 A. H. BULLIS, Register.
H. W. HOLLEY, Receiver.

PROBATE NOTICE.
STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of Faribault, In Probate Court, Special term, April 15th, 1868.
In the matter of the Estate of Elizabeth Weir, deceased.
It is ordered that the 26th day of May, A. D. 1868, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for the hearing of said petition, and that the heirs at law of the said deceased and all other persons interested in the said estate be required to appear at a session of the Probate Court, then to be holden, at the Probate office, at Blue Earth City, in said county, and show cause why the prayer of the petition should not be granted. And it is further ordered that the said petition give notice of the pendency of said petition, by causing a copy of this order to be published in the FREE HOMESTEAD for three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing.
A. F. DELAVERGNE.
296w3 Probate Judge.

NEW FIRM.

New Goods.

WELCH AND WALLACE

Dealers in

Stoves, Tin

AND SHEET IRON WARE,

FARMING IMPLEMENTS,

SHELF AND HEAVY

HARDWARE.

SASH, GLASS AND PUTTY.

Manufacturers of

EAVE, TROUGHS SPOUTING,

and all kinds of

TIN WARE.

A fine assortment of

Table and Pocket Cutlery,

Grind-Stones and Hahgings,

Breaking and Crossing

PLOWS,

Fence-Wire, &c., &c.

J. H. Welch, Wm. Wallace, Chas. Wallace.

Winnebago City, Minn.

April 7th, 1868.

Country Merchants, Dairy-men, Farmers,

AND OTHERS, CONSIGN YOUR

Ashes,

Beeswax,

Beans, Butter,

Cheese, Eggs, Flour,

and Meal, Flax, Cotton,

Furs and Skins, Dried and

Green Fruits, Grain, Wool,

Game, Poultry, Naval Stores,

Hops, Ginseng, Feathers,

Hemp, Provisions, Oils,

Lard, Tallow, Tobacco,

Seeds, Sorghum,

MOLASSES,

&c., &c.

JOSHUA CARPENTER,

GEN'L COMMISSION MERCHANT,

442 Washington Street,

NEW YORK CITY.

And receive his weekly Price Current of Produce

and Groceries the most complete Price Current

Published in the United States.

Send for a Price Current.

Marking Plates and Cards, furnished free.

Liberal Advances made on Consignments.

Established, May 1st, 1860.

FIRST CLASS REFERENCES GIVEN WHEN RE

QUIRED.

AGENTS WANTED TO SELL THE HISTORY OF

The War Between the States,

Its Causes, Character, Conduct, and Results,

By Hon. Alexander H. Stephens

A work for all sections and all parties. This

absorbingly interesting book by "THE GREAT

statesman" of the South presents the most com

plete and impartial analysis of the causes of the

war which has ever appeared from a Southern

point of view. It is a masterpiece of history and

the most moderate of the character of the strug

gle, it gives those interior lights and shadows of

the conflict only known to those high officers who

waged the flood tide of revolution from its

mountain-springs, and which were so accessible to

Mr. Stephens from his position as second in com

mand of the Confederate States. The results of the

war, present and future, have never been treated

by any other author, and Mr. Stephens' great

abilities have here found their fullest play.

The intense desire everywhere manifested to

obtain this work, its Official Character and ready

sale, combined with an increased commission,

make it the best subscription book ever published,

and offers to Agents the finest opportunity

to make money ever heard of in the history of

books.

Send for descriptive circular and Terms to

Agents.

Address, ZEIGLER, GURDY & Co.,

Lombard Block, Chicago, Ill.

WANTED.

AGENTS TO SELL

Dr. William Smith's

DICTIONARY OF THE BIBLE.

It contains OVER ONE THOUSAND closely

printed, double-column, octavo pages, from new

electrotype plates, on good paper, and is appro

Adamantean!!!

Pictures Free

TO EVERY NEW SUBSCRIBER

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FREE HOMESTEAD.

L. J. EMERICK

OF

WINNEBAGO CITY,

will furnish one of Dean and

Emerson's celebrated

ADAMANTEAN PLATE

Pictures to every new subscri

ber to the

FREE HOMESTEAD

Free of charge.

NOW IS YOUR TIME.

The REV. EDWARD A. WILSON will send

(free of charge) to all who desire it, the prescrip

tion with the directions for making and using the

simple remedy by which he was cured of a

long affection, and that dread disease Consump

tion. His only object is to benefit the afflicted,

and he hopes every sufferer will try this pre

scription, as it will cost them nothing, and may

prove a blessing. Please address

REV. EDWARD WILSON,

No. 165 South Second St., Williamsburgh, N. Y.

To Marry or not to Marry?

WHY NOT?

Serious Reflections for Young Men, in Essays

of the Howard Association, on the Physiological

Errors, Abuses and Diseases induced by igno

rance of Nature's Laws, in the first age of man.

Sent in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge.

Address, D. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, H. C. A.

ard Association, Philadelphia, Pa. v4s3ly1

\$500 REWARD.—For anything in the

shape of a Hair Wash, that will pro

duce much hair upon a baldhead as Prof. CHRIS

TY'S HAIR LOTION. See what one of the first

medical men of the city says about it.

I have used Prof. Christy's Hair Lotion for

restoring diseased hair. I find it superior to any

other I have used. W. LAKEMAN, Clerk

Mill Creek Township.

My hair was gray, and the Lotion has restored

it to its original color. W. LAKEMAN, Clerk

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MICHIGAN SOUTHERN

AND

LAKE SHORE R. R. LINE.

VIA

TOLEDO & CLEVELAND.

THE ONLY DIRECT ROUTE TO

Cleveland, Erie, Dunkirk, Buffalo,

AND ALL PRINCIPAL POINTS IN

NEW YORK AND NEW ENGLAND.

All the principal Railways of the North

west and Southwest connect at Chicago with the

Four Daily Express Trains of the Michigan

Southern Railroad. The most

Elegant Drawing Room Coaches

ever put upon a Railway in this country, are in

use upon this line, one of which will leave Chi

cago on Day Express at 7.00 A. M., running through

to Cleveland without change. The Drawing

Room Coaches, Sleeping Coaches, and Day

Coaches of this line, are unsurpassed by those of

any Railway line in this country. The smooth

and perfect track gives the advantage of quick

time and sure connections. Passengers for Detroit,

and all points in Canada, and those for Ohio,

Pennsylvania, New York and New England should

purchase tickets via Michigan Southern Railroad,

which are on sale at all principal Railway Ticket

Offices, and at the Company's Offices,

No. 55 Clark Street, Chicago.

F. E. MORSE

Gen'l Pass. Agt., Chicago.

GEO. J. GRAY,

Gen'l Passenger Agent M. & S.

L. S. Line, Chicago.

To Consumptives.

The REV. EDWARD A. WILSON will send

(free of charge) to all who desire it, the prescrip

tion with the directions for making and using the

simple remedy by which he was cured of a

long affection, and that dread disease Consump

tion. His only object is

The Free Homestead.

LIBERTY, LITERATURE AND LAND.

VOL. 5, NO. 30.

WINNEBAGO CITY, MINN. WEDNESDAY, MAY 20, 1868.

WHOLE NO. 238.

THE FREE HOMESTEAD.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.
Three months..... 50
Six months..... 1 00
One year..... 1 50
If not paid in advance, at the rate of, a year, 2 00

RATES OF ADVERTISING.
1st 10 2nd 6 3rd 5 4th 4 5th 3 6th 2 7th 1 8th 1 9th 1 10th 1
1 inch \$1.00 2 inch \$2.00 3 inch \$3.00 4 inch \$4.00 5 inch \$5.00 6 inch \$6.00 7 inch \$7.00 8 inch \$8.00 9 inch \$9.00 10 inch \$10.00
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10 col. 25 00 20 col. 50 00 30 col. 75 00 40 col. 100 00 50 col. 125 00 60 col. 150 00 70 col. 175 00 80 col. 200 00 90 col. 225 00 100 col. 250 00
Notices inserted in the reading columns at double rates.

E. A. HOTHKISS,
Editor and Proprietor.

Business Directory.

Andrew C. Dunn,
Attorney and Counselor at Law in Winnebago City, Minn., will attend to professional business throughout the State. 1741

Dr. J. P. Humes,
Physician & Surgeon.
Office at his residence on Cleveland street, second house east of the Post Office, Winnebago City, Minn.

P. K. WISER,
Practical Watch-Maker, and
JEWELER, Mankato, Minn.
DEALER IN
Watches, Clocks, Jewelry & Silver-Ware. Repairing neatly executed and warranted. 2121

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Manufacturer of and dealer in Furniture, embracing Bureaus, Tables, Mattresses, Bedsteads, Lounges, Mirrors, Piano Chairs, and in fact every article of Parlor, Bedroom or Kitchen Furniture. Front Street, two doors North of Shoemaker's Hall, Mankato, Minnesota. 2431

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Dealers in

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POST OFFICE BUILDING, FRONT ST.,
MANKATO, MINN.
Particular attention paid to Music Orders.

WINNEBAGO CITY HOTEL.
C. S. KIMBALL Proprietor.

Stages leave this Hotel Mondays and Thursdays for the nearest Railroad station, and Tuesdays and Saturdays for the West.
A good livery is connected with the Hotel, and there are ample accommodations for transient guests. 2121

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HAVING refurnished throughout the above well known house, the proprietor asks a continuance of public patronage. Good stable accommodations are connected with the house. Charges moderate. 209

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General Stage Office for all Points in the State. Good Stabling, with attentive Outlets. 1891

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Terms Reasonable.—Transients over night One dollar and a quarter.
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wholesale and retail dealers in

BOOTS, SHOES.
Leather, Findings, Shoemakers' Tools, etc.
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Opposite the Post Office, Mankato, Minn.

C. A. LOUNSBERRY,
NOTARY PUBLIC AND REAL ESTATE AGENT.

Will sell Real Estate, make Investments, examine Titles, pay Taxes, &c.
Office in Court House, Fairmont, Martin Co. Minnesota.
Nov. 1867. 2131

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FURNITURE
of every variety.

Gilt Mouldings Kept On Hand
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MANKATO, MINN.

REDUCED PRICES.
FULL SETS OF TEEN-15 DOLLARS.
All work warranted to give perfect satisfaction. Teeth extracted without pain, with the use of Nitrous Oxide or Laughing Gas.
Rooms over Christensen's and Bro's Store. 2174

THE WASECA NEWS.
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Subscriptions may commence at any time.
Address the News, Waseca, Minnesota.

OFFICIAL.

Laws of Minnesota.

AN ACT to appropriate moneys to Agricultural Societies.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Sec 1. There is hereby annually appropriated out of any money in the State Treasury belonging to the general revenue fund not otherwise appropriated, until the Legislature by law shall otherwise direct, to agricultural societies in the State of Minnesota, the sum of three thousand dollars, as follows, to wit:
The sum of one thousand dollars to the State Agricultural Society, and the further sum of two thousand dollars, to be divided equally among such county agricultural societies as shall comply with the requirements hereinafter mentioned, to be expended by said societies in such a manner as they may deem best calculated to promote and improve the condition of agriculture, horticulture, and the mechanical, manufacturing and household arts or interests in this State, either for the payment of premiums at the annual exhibitions of such societies, or in the purchase and distribution of choice seeds, cuttings, plants or tubers, which, having been tested, are found adapted to the soil and climate of this State, or in the prosecution or scientific investigations and diffusion of information tending to develop the natural and agricultural resources of Minnesota. *Provided*, That no part of the sums of money hereby appropriated shall be applied either directly or indirectly to the payment of any salaries or fees of any of the officers of said societies or as premiums for horse racing.

Sec 2. It shall be the duty of the executive committee of said Minnesota State Agricultural Societies, as also of each County Agricultural Society aforesaid, to keep a correct account of the manner of expenditure of the said sums of money hereby appropriated, and transmit the same, together with the vouchers thereof, to the Governor of this State in the month of December of each year, to be laid by him before the Legislature.

Sec 3. The sums of money hereby appropriated shall be paid to the treasurer of said societies in the month of August in each year upon the order of the President and Secretary, upon the State Auditor, who shall draw his warrant upon the Treasury of the State for the same.

Sec 4. The Treasurer of any county society, on making application to the State Auditor for any moneys appropriated under this act, shall have upon his order for the same, the certificate of the register of deeds of the county wherein such society is located, to the effect that said society has performed the requirements of section three, chapter twenty-one, general laws of Minnesota for 1867, in an act entitled an act to provide for the organization of Agricultural Societies.

Sec 5. County Agricultural societies desiring to receive from the State Treasury any moneys appropriated under this act, shall file their application for the same with the State Auditor, on or before the first day of August in each year in order to furnish the said State Auditor with the proper data from which to make the proper division of the sum heretofore mentioned, appropriated to county agricultural societies.

Sec 6. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved Feb. 27, 1868.

AN ACT proposing an amendment to section one (1,) article seven (7.) of the Constitution of the State of Minnesota.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Sec 1. The following amendment to the Constitution of the State of Minnesota is hereby proposed for publication, and approval and rejection by the people, in accordance with section one of article fourteen of the Constitution, that is to say, that section one of article seven of the Constitution shall be amended so as to read as follows:

Sec 1. Every male person of the age of twenty-one or upwards, belonging to either of the following classes, who shall have resided in the United States one year, and in this State four months next preceding annual election, shall be entitled to vote at such election, in the election district in which he shall at the time have been for ten days a resident, for all officers that now are or hereafter may be elected by the people.

First—Citizens of the United States.

Second—Persons of foreign birth who shall have declared their intention to become citizens conformably to the laws of the United States, upon the subject of naturalization.

Third—Persons of mixed white and Indian blood who have adopted the customs and habits of civilization.

Fourth—Persons of Indian blood residing in this State who have adopted the language, customs and habits of civilization, after an examination before any

district court of the State, in such a manner as may be provided by law, and shall have been pronounced by said court capable of exercising the rights of citizenship within this State.

Sec 2. This proposed amendment shall be submitted to the people of the several districts of this State, for their approval or rejection at the next general election for the year eighteen hundred and sixty-eight (1868) and each of the legal voters of the State, in their respective districts, may at such election vote by ballot for or against such amendment, and the returns thereof shall be made and certified, and such votes canvassed, and the result thereof declared in the manner provided by law for returning, certifying and canvassing votes at "general elections for State officers," and declaring the result thereof; and if it shall appear therefrom that a majority of voters present and voting at such election upon said amendment have voted in favor of the same, then within three days after that result shall have been ascertained and declared, the Governor shall make proclamation thereof, and such amendment shall thereupon take effect and be in force as a part of the Constitution.

Sec 3. The voters voting in favor of such amendment at said election, shall have written or printed or partly written and partly printed upon their general ballots used at said election the following words, "Amendment to section one, article seven, of the Constitution, Yes." And the ballots used at said election by those voting against such amendment shall have written or printed thereon the following words, "Amendment to section one, article seven, of the Constitution, No."

Sec 4. This act shall take effect from and after its passage.

Approved March 6, 1868.

AN ACT proposing an amendment to section seven of article one of the Constitution of the State of Minnesota.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Sec 1. That the following amendment to section seven, of article one of the Constitution of the State of Minnesota, be proposed to the people of said State, that is to say, that the said section be amended so as to read as follows:

Sec 7. No person for the same offense shall be put twice in jeopardy of punishment, nor shall be compelled in any criminal case to be witness against himself, nor be deprived of life, liberty or property without due process of law. All persons shall before conviction be bailable by sufficient sureties except for capital offenses where the proof is evident or the presumption great; and the privilege of the writ of *habeas corpus* shall not be suspended unless when in case of rebellion or invasion the public safety may require it.

Sec 2. This proposed amendment shall be submitted to the people of the said State for their approval or rejection, at the next general election for the year A. D. 1868; and each of the legal voters of the said State may, in their respective districts, at said election vote by ballot for or against said amendment, and the returns thereof shall be made and certified and such votes canvassed and the result thereof declared in the manner provided by law for returning, certifying and canvassing votes at "general elections for State officers," and declaring the result thereof; and if it shall appear therefrom that a majority of voters present and voting at such election have voted in favor of the said amendment, then within three days after that result shall have been ascertained and declared, the Governor shall make proclamation thereof, and such amendment shall thereupon take effect and be in force as a part of said Constitution.

Sec 3. The ballots used at said election by those voting in favor of said amendment shall have written or printed thereon the following words, "Against the Grand Jury;" and the ballots used at said election by those voting against the said amendment shall have written or printed thereon the following words, "For the Grand Jury."

Sec 4. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved March 6, 1868.

AN ACT to amend section seven, eight and nine, of chapter forty of the general statutes of this State, relating to deeds, mortgages, and other conveyances.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Sec 1. That section seven of chapter forty (40) of the general statutes of this State, is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

Sec 7. Deeds of lands or any interest in lands within this State, shall be executed in the presence of two witnesses, who shall subscribe their names to the same as such, and may be acknowledged by the person or persons executing the same, before any of the following officers:

First—If acknowledged within this State, any officer authorized by the laws of this State to take acknowledgments therein.

Second—If acknowledged out of this State and within the United States the Chief Justice and Associate Justice of the Supreme Court of the United States, Judges of the District Courts of the United States, the Judges or Justices of the Supreme, Superior, Circuit, or other court of record of any State, Territory or district within the United States; the clerks of the several courts above mentioned, and notaries public, justices of the peace, and commissioners appointed by the Governor of this State for such purpose; but no acknowledgments taken by any such officer shall be valid, unless taken within some place or territory for which he shall have been elected or appointed to such office, or to which the jurisdiction of the court to which he belongs shall extend.

Sec 2. That section eight (8) of said chapter forty (40) is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

Sec 8. Any officer taking the acknowledgment of a deed as provided in the preceding section shall endorse upon, or append to such deed, a certificate of such acknowledgment thereof, and the true date of the acknowledgment, and shall date and sign such certificate.

Sec 3. That section nine (9) of said chapter forty (40) is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

Sec 9. In the cases provided for in the second subdivision of section seven of this chapter unless the acknowledgment is taken before a commissioner appointed by the Governor of this State for that purpose, or before a notary public, or before a clerk of a court, or some other officer having a seal of office, and the certificate of acknowledgment upon such deed with the seal of office of such officer, affixed thereto, there shall also be attached or appended to or endorsed upon such deed, a certificate of the clerk or other proper certifying officer of a court of record of the county, district, or place within which such acknowledgment was taken, under the seal of his office, that the person whose name is subscribed to the certificate of acknowledgment, was at the date thereof such officer, as he is therein represented to be, that he is acquainted with the hand writing of such person, and that he verily believes the signature subscribed to the certificate of acknowledgment to be genuine.

Sec 4. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved March 6, 1868.

AN ACT proposing an amendment to article fifteen of the Constitution of the State of Minnesota by adding thereto a new section, relating to the disposal of the Internal Improvement Lands.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Sec 1. The following amendment to the Constitution of the State of Minnesota, is hereby proposed for publication and approval or rejection by the people, in accordance with section one, of article fourteen, of the Constitution, that is to say, article fifteen of the Constitution shall be amended by adding thereto a new section, to the sixth section of said article, which new section shall read as follows:

Sec 6. No law disposing of the five hundred thousand acres of land, or any part thereof, or the proceeds thereof, granted to the State of Minnesota under and by virtue of an act of Congress, entitled an act to appropriate the proceeds of the sales of the public lands, and to grant pre-emption rights, approved September 4th, 1841, shall take effect or be in force until such law shall have been submitted to a vote of the people of the State, and adopted by a majority of the electors of the State voting upon the same.

Provided, That nothing in this section contained shall be so construed as to prevent the Legislature from providing by law for the appraisal and sale of such lands and the investment of the proceeds thereof in State or Normal securities.

Sec 2. This proposed amendment shall be submitted to the people of the State for their approval or rejection, at the next annual election for the year 1868, and the qualified electors of the State in their respective districts, may at such election vote by ballot for or against such amendment, and the returns thereof shall be made and certified, and such votes canvassed, and the result thereof declared in the manner provided by law for returning, certifying and canvassing votes at annual elections for State officers, and declaring the result thereof. And if it shall appear therefrom that a majority of electors present and voted at such election, have voted in favor of the same, then within three days after that result shall have been ascertained and declared, the Governor shall make proclamation thereof, and such amendment shall thereupon take effect and be in force as a part of the Constitution.

Sec 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved Feb. 18, 1868.

AN ACT to amend section forty, title five, of the General Statutes, relating to the duties of the Attorney General.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Sec 1. Section forty of title five, of chapter six of the general statutes of the State of Minnesota, is hereby amended so as to read as follows: "Section 40. He shall, when required, give legal advice to the Governor, the Secretary, Auditor and Treasurer of State, the Warden and Directors of the Penitentiary, and the State Superintendent of Public Instruction, and Directors of benevolent institutions, in all matters relating to their official business, and shall give his written opinion upon any question of law to either House of the Legislature when required."

Approved March 6, 1868.

AN ACT to amend chapter thirty-five (35) of the general statutes relating to charitable institutions.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Sec 1. Section nineteen (19) of chapter thirty-five (35) of the general statutes of Minnesota, is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

effect and be in force as a part of the Constitution.

Sec 3. The ballots used at such election by electors voting in favor of such amendment, shall have written or printed or partly written and partly printed thereon, the following words: "Internal Improvement Lands—Amendment to article fifteen of the Constitution—Yes."

And the ballots used at such election by electors voting against such amendment, shall have written or printed or partly written and partly printed thereon the following words: "Internal Improvement Lands—Amendment to article fifteen of the Constitution—No."

Approved March 5, 1865.

AN ACT to amend section 152 of chapter eight, of the general statutes of the State of Minnesota, relating to registers of deeds.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Sec 1. That section 152, of chapter eight, of the general statutes of the State of Minnesota, be, and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

Sec 152. In each county there shall be elected a register of deeds, whose term of office shall two years and until his successor is elected and qualified, who shall hold his office at the county seat of the county in which he shall have been elected.

Sec 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved March 5, 1868.

AN ACT to provide for the collection of agricultural statistics, and define the duties of assessors in relation thereto.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Sec 1. Each township assessor shall at the time he is required by law to make his return of taxable property to the county auditor, also deliver to him a complete statement, in abstract, of the number of acres of wheat, rye, barley, buckwheat, corn, oats, beans, potatoes, sorghum, clover, timothy, and all other produce, and the quantity produced in his respective township; blanks for which shall be furnished him by the county auditor.

Sec 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved March 6, 1868.

AN ACT to change the time of holding the general term of the district court in the county of Chicago.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Sec 1. There shall be but one general term of the district court in the first judicial district, in the county of Chicago, to wit:

On the first Tuesday in May.

Sec 2. All acts and parts of acts inconsistent with this act, are hereby repealed.

Sec 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved March 6, 1868.

AN ACT to amend section ten of chapter forty of the general statutes, relating to the execution of deeds in foreign countries.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Sec 1. That section ten (10) of chapter forty (40) of the general statutes be and the same hereby is amended by adding to said section as follows: "Provided, That any such deed duly signed and sealed with two witnesses, and as acknowledged as aforesaid, shall be deemed good and sufficient, whether in accordance with the laws of such foreign country or not."

Approved Feb. 18, 1868.

AN ACT to amend section forty, title five, of the General Statutes, relating to the duties of the Attorney General.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Sec 1. Section forty of title five, of chapter six of the general statutes of the State of Minnesota, is hereby amended so as to read as follows: "Section 40. He shall, when required, give legal advice to the Governor, the Secretary, Auditor and Treasurer of State, the Warden and Directors of the Penitentiary, and the State Superintendent of Public Instruction, and Directors of benevolent institutions, in all matters relating to their official business, and shall give his written opinion upon any question of law to either House of the Legislature when required."

Approved March 6, 1868.

AN ACT to amend chapter thirty-five (35) of the general statutes relating to charitable institutions.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Sec 1. Section nineteen (19) of chapter thirty-five (35) of the general statutes of Minnesota, is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

Sec 19. Said Board of Directors shall annually select from their number a President, Secretary and Treasurer, and they shall also annually elect a Steward, who may or may not be of their own number, whose compensation shall be fixed by the said board.

Sec 2. Section twenty-one (21) of said chapter is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

Sec 21. The Treasurer shall safely keep, and faithfully disburse, all moneys belonging to or intrusted to said institution, shall render an exact and detailed account of expenditures on the first day of December in each year to said board, and whenever said board require, and shall perform all other duties required by the directors, according to the rules and regulations established by said board, and shall receive for his services a compensation to be fixed by said board not exceeding one hundred dollars per year.

Sec 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved March 6, 1868.

AN ACT to amend section 124 of chapter 8 of the general Statutes, relating to County Auditors.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Sec 1. That section 124 of chapter 8, of the general statutes of the State be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

Section 124. The salary of the County Auditor shall be regulated by the amount of taxable property in their respective counties for the preceding year, as follows:

They shall be entitled to receive four mills on each dollar of the first one hundred thousand dollars, one-half of one mill on each dollar of all amounts in excess of said sum, and less than two millions dollars, and one-fifth of one mill on each dollar of all sums in excess thereof. The Board of Commissioners of each county where clerk hire is necessary in the county auditor's office shall provide for the payment of the same. But no county Auditor shall receive any other fee or reward whatever for his services, but if any auditor receives fees or perquisites as provided by law for the use of the county, he shall keep an account thereof and pay the same into the county treasury upon the order of chairman of the board; *Provided*, That no county auditor shall receive more than twenty-five hundred dollars (\$2,500) per annum for his personal services, nor less than one hundred dollars (\$100.).

Sec 2. This act shall take effect from and after its passage.

Approved March 6, 1868.

AN ACT to prevent the running at large of Horses, or other animals, suffering from a disease known as the "Glanders."

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Sec 1. Any person being the owner of any horse, or other animal, having the disease known as the "glanders," who shall knowingly permit such animal to run at large, or be driven upon any of the highways of this State, or any hotel keeper or keeper of any public barn, who shall knowingly permit any horse or other animal having such disease to be stabled in such public barn, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction before any Justice of the Peace of any such offence, shall be punished by a fine of not more than one hundred dollars nor less than twenty-five dollars.

Sec 2. This act shall be in force from and after its passage.

Approved March 6, 1868.

AN ACT to amend section five (5) of title two (2), of section seven (7) of title three (3), and chapter thirty-two (32) of General Statutes.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Sec 1. That section five (5) of said title two (2) be amended by striking out the second sentence of said section, and inserting in lieu thereof the following: "The Mississippi river and its tributaries, from their sources to the mouth of St. Croix Lake, constitute the second district."

Sec 2. That section seven (7) of title three (3) of chapter thirty-two (32) of the general statutes, be so amended as to read as follows:

Sec 7. The surveyor of the first district shall keep his office at the city of Stillwater; of the second district at the Falls of St. Anthony, and shall appoint a deputy who shall reside at the city of St. Cloud; of the third district at the city of Red Wing; of the fifth district at the city of Wabashaw; of the sixth district at Oneta.

Sec 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved March 5, 1868.

Historical Society

THE FREE HOMESTEAD.

WEDNESDAY, MAY 20, 1868.

This paper has a larger circulation than any other paper in Faribault County, and is the only paper in the county, which is printed entirely at home.

Republican Congressional Convention.

The Republicans of the First Congressional District of Minnesota are requested to meet in Delegate Convention at OATONNA, Steele Co., on WEDNESDAY, the 8th day of JULY, 1868, at 4 o'clock p. m., for the purpose of putting in nomination a candidate for Representative in Congress for said District. The several counties comprising the District will be entitled to delegates as follows, viz:

Blue Earth.....	6	Nicollet.....	3
Brown.....	5	Redwood.....	1
Dodge.....	2	Renoville.....	1
Faribault.....	3	Rice.....	2
Freeborn.....	3	Wadena.....	3
Hennepin.....	5	Winona.....	3
Jackson.....	1	Watonwan.....	1
Le Sueur.....	3	Scott.....	2
Marion.....	2	Sibley.....	2
Mower.....	2	Steele.....	2

The remaining counties in the District one each.

C. L. TAPPAN, Chairman.
A. C. DUNN,
O. P. WHITCOMB,
E. W. DICK,
D. SMITH,
D. H. JOHNSON, Jr.,
W. B. STRAIT,
Congressional Comm. First District.
Oatonna, April 22, 1868.

State Convention.

The Republican State Convention which met at St. Paul last week Wednesday, was well attended.

M. S. Wilkinson presided, and Fred Driscoll and Frank Daggett acted as Secretaries.

Mr. Wilkinson made a speech which was loudly applauded.

J. B. Wakefield, of Faribault county, C. C. Andrews, of Stearns; A. H. Butler, of Fillmore; Gen. Van Cleave of Hennepin; Randolph of Brown; W. W. Scott, of Wabasha; Jesse Ames, of Rice, and Gen. McLaren, of Ramsey, were elected delegates to the National Convention at Chicago. Hon. J. B. Wakefield, of Faribault county was first elected, and by acclamation.

The following electors were nominated:—W. G. Rambusch, of Freeborn; O. Malnros, of Ramsey; C. T. Brown, of Nicollet, and T. G. Jones, of Anoka.

The State Central Committee for the ensuing year consists of F. Driscoll, of Ramsey; M. S. Chandler, of Goodhue; D. Sinclair, of Winona; S. R. Thayer, of Hennepin; H. A. Kimball, of Rice; W. H. Seigler, of Nicollet; and L. W. Collins, of Stearns.

The following platform was adopted:—

Resolved, That the rights of the people to participate in legislation is the best security of liberty and the foundation of all free government; for this purpose elections ought to be free and frequent, and every man having property in a common interest, and attachment to the community, ought to have the right of suffrage; that no man or set of men are entitled to exclusive or separate emoluments or privileges except in consideration of public services.

Resolved, That for three years the safety of the government has been daily imperilled, reconstruction delayed, peace and prosperity postponed, the public treasure wasted, the public credit paralyzed, the reign of violence and treason perpetuated through the South and fraud and corruption enthroned in every department of the public service at the north, by the perfidy and wickedness of an apostate President, who has not only employed all the powers of the executive office but has dared to usurp also the powers of the legislative and judicial departments, has defied the authority of Congress, trampled upon the laws and subverted the Constitution itself in order to force upon an unwilling nation the infamy of surrendering to rebels the government just rescued from their assaults in the battle field.

Resolved, That that the thanks of the loyal American people are due to the House of Representatives for interposing the high constitutional remedy of impeachment to restrain the lawless and high-handed usurpations of Andrew Johnson; that uniting with them in their grand appeal to the justice of the Senate, we declare in the name of the loyal people of Minnesota that his conviction and deposition from the great office whose trust he has so basely betrayed, are demanded not only by every principle of justice, but by every consideration of public safety and national policy. His conviction will establish forever the supremacy of law in this Republic, while his acquittal would make the constitution and the laws of the Executive caprice, and in the disastrous consequences to which it would lead, would overwhelm with the deserved reproaches of an enslaved posterity the Senators whose fatal weakness shall thus for the first time surrender the government to a triumph of executive usurpation.

Resolved, That we do not and cannot forget the services rendered by our soldiers in the late war for the Union, and we will ever bear in mind their heroic devotion and wonderful prowess exhibited on many well-fought battle-fields.

Resolved, That the reconstruction of the Union upon the basis of equality of all men before the law, the complete

extirpation of slavery and the ideas which gave it birth, the speedy restoration of permanent peace and prosperity, and the preservation of public credit and national faith, are all dependent upon the triumph of the national Republican party in the coming Presidential election.

Resolved, That we add our voice to the loud acclaim in favor of Gen. Ulysses S. Grant as the Republican candidate for President; and while recognizing the ability and public services of others whose names have been presented to the country, we hereby declare our preference for B. F. Wade for Vice President.

Some one moved to strike out Wade's name, and insert the name of Schuyler Colfax. This produced a spirited discussion, in which Wilkinson powerfully defended Wade. Daniels, Averill, Webster and others took part in the discussion.

Mr. Webster, of Rice, a very venerable old gentleman, said he "had worked many a day in the harvest field with Wade and that a more upright, honest, honorable man does not live." (Loud cheers.)

The motion to strike out Wade's name was lost by almost a unanimous vote.

The following resolution was adopted:—

Resolved, That the State Central Committee be instructed to base the call for the next State Convention upon the Republican vote at the preceding general election, giving to each organized county one delegate, and an additional delegate for every 250 votes, or major fraction of 250.

Impeachment.

Johnson Acquitted on the Eleventh Article.

Seven Republicans, seven Democrats, and five Conservatives voted in favor of Johnson, and he won by one vote.

The Eleventh article was read by the clerk. The first name on the roll (Anthony) being called, that Senator rose; and the Chief Justice, also standing, addressed to him this formula:

Senator Anthony: How say you? Is the respondent, Andrew Johnson, President of the United States, guilty or not guilty of a high misdemeanor, as charged in the article?

Mr. Anthony responded "Guilty," and so the vote went on till all the Senators had responded; the vote summing up, Yeas 35, Nays, 19, as follows:

SENATORS VOTING "GUILTY."

Henry B. Anthony, R. I.
Simon Cameron, Penn.
Alex. G. Cattell, N. J.
Zach. Chandler, Mich.
Cornelius Cole, Cal.
Roscoe Conkling, N. Y.
John Conness, Cal.
Henry W. Corbett Oregon.
Aron H. Cragin, N. H.
Charles D. Drake, Missouri.
George F. Edmunds, Vt.
Orrin S. Ferry, Conn.
E. T. Frelinghuysen, N. J.
James Harlan, Iowa.
Timothy O. Howe, Wis.
Jacob M. Howard, Mich.
Edwin D. Morgan, N. Y.
Lot M. Morrill, Me.
Justin S. Morrill, Vt.
Oliver P. Morton, Ind.
James W. Nye, Nevada.
James W. Patterson, N. H.
Samuel C. Pomeroy, Kansas.
Alexander Ramsey, Minn.
John Sherman, O.
William Sprague, R. I.
William M. Stewart, Nevada.
Charles Sumner, Mass.
John M. Thayer, Nebraska.
Thomas W. Tipton, Nebraska.
Benj. F. Wade, O.
Waitman T. Willey, West Virginia.
George H. Williams, Oregon.
Henry Wilson, Mass.
Richard Yates, Ill.

SENATORS VOTING "NOT GUILTY."

James A. Bayard, Del.
Charles B. Buckalew, Penn.
Garrett Davis, Ky.
James R. Doolittle, Wis.
Wm. F. FESSENDEN, Me.
JAMES S. FOWLER, Tenn.
JAMES W. GRIMES, Iowa.
JOHN B. HENDERSON, Missouri.
Thomas A. Hendricks, Ind.
Reverdy Johnson, Md.
Thomas C. McCreery, Ky.
Daniel S. Norton, Minn.
David T. Patterson, Tenn.
EDMUND G. ROSS, Kansas.
Willard P. Saulsbury, Del.
LYMAN TRUMBULL, Ill.
P. P. VAN WINKLE, West Va.
George Vickers, Md.

ARTICLE XI.

That said Andrew Johnson, President of the United States, unmindful of the high duties of his office and of his oath of office, and in disregard of the Constitution and laws of the United States, did heretofore, to wit: on the 18th day of August, 1866, at the City of Washington, and the District of Columbia, by public speech, declare and affirm in substance, that the XXXIXth Congress of the United States was not a Congress of the United States authorized by the Constitution to exercise legislative power under the same; but, on the contrary, was a Congress of only part of the States, thereby denying and intending to deny that the legislation of said Congress was valid or obligatory upon him, the said Andrew

Johnson, except in so far as he saw fit to approve the same, and also thereby denying and intending to deny the power of the said XXXIXth Congress to propose amendments to the Constitution of the United States; and in pursuance of said declaration, the said Andrew Johnson, President of the United States, afterward, to wit: on the 21st day of February 1868, at the City of Washington, in the District of Columbia, did unlawfully and in disregard of the requirements of the Constitution, that he should take care that the laws be faithfully executed, attempt to prevent the execution of an act entitled "An act regulating the tenure of certain civil offices," passed March 3, 1867, by unlawfully devising and contriving, and attempting to devise and contrive means by which he should prevent Edwin M. Stanton from forthwith resuming the functions of the office of Secretary for the Department of War, notwithstanding the refusal of the Senate to concur in the suspension thereof made by said Andrew Johnson, of said Edwin M. Stanton from said office of Secretary for the Department of War, and also by further unlawfully devising and contriving, and attempting to devise and contrive means then and there to prevent the execution of an act entitled "An act making appropriations for the support of the army for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1868, and for other purposes," approved March 2, 1867, and also to prevent the execution of an act entitled "An act to provide for the more efficient government of the rebel States," passed March 2, 1867; whereby the said Andrew Johnson, President of the United States, did then, to wit: on the 21st day of February, 1867, at the City of Washington, commit and was guilty of a high misdemeanor in office.

Before the result of the vote was announced, but when it was known, Senator Williams rose and moved that the Senate, sitting as a high court of impeachment, adjourn until Tuesday, the 26th day of May, at 12 o'clock.

After some discussion the court adjourned till the 26th of May.

THE GREAT TREASON.

Republican Members Sold Out—Bribery and Corruption at Work—Trumbull at the Bottom of It—The President attends a Ball—He Knew the Renegades in Advance—Washington Corr. New York Papers.

From the New York Sun of Tuesday.

From a feeling of safety and certainty a great political party has shifted this afternoon into doubt and almost despair. "We are sold out!" exclaimed one of the Managers this afternoon at 1 o'clock, as he came into the House and told his colleagues of Mr. Henderson's speech against all the articles of impeachment generally; and from that moment the whole Republican party in the House have been in a panic almost uncontrollable. At the opening of the debate to-day a motion was made to notify the House that the Senate would be ready to have the House to-morrow at 12 o'clock. "Oh, no," exclaimed Mr. Fessenden, and then Messrs. Trumbull, Grimes and Henderson chimed their appeal for delay, and the earnest Republicans, fearing there was trouble brewing, let it be over.

The Chief Justice having given his opinion on the process of voting, Mr. Sherman took the floor to give his views, and in five minutes he spread a gloomy feeling over the whole Senate. He said he did not believe Mr. Stanton was covered by the Tenure office bill, and that the President had a right to remove him. He dispersed some of the gloom, however, when he announced his intention of voting for the second, third, eighth, and eleventh articles.

Then Mr. Henderson, in whom all Republicans had trusted, commenced to pick, first at one article and then at another, until he had reached the eighth, when his time ran out and he sat down, and as he closed murmurs ran around the Republican side of the Chamber, and whisperings and hasty consultations, and messengers were sent out to sound the alarm of danger.

Mr. Trumbull, who had sat silently quiet in his chair all day, and who assured your correspondent so long previously that he would not speak to day, rose and stated to the Senate that had this case been before any ordinary Justice of the Peace, it would have long ago been dismissed, as Mr. Stanton was not removed, and Gen. Thomas was not Secretary of War. Then he proceeded to whine out his complaints about every article, and the Senate extended his time to let him finish his essay, which was prepared several weeks ago. He nauseated nearly all the Republicans, by the outcropping of his enmity to impeachment and to the assaults upon Mr. Johnson.

Then Mr. Morton, with a power and an eloquence that made the Senate Chamber ring, and fix upon him the eyes and minds of all, tore into shreds the excuses of Messrs. Trumbull and Henderson, and made them wince under his sledge-hammer blows.

It is now 10 p. m., and he still continues, while the corridors are filled with members of the House and newspaper correspondents. All the managers are there, and old Thad. Stevens keeps his messengers flying from his room, where he now lies quite worn out by his day's labor in the House.

Among the members of the House there is but one feeling, that the case has been sold out, and that money is the great lever which is working in the Senate is boldly charged. "It is a corrupt and wicked conspiracy," said Butler, "for has not the President known his men for days? Have not Senators prepared adverse opinions before hearing the case through? and if there was but an honest difference of opinion, why did they not let some of their old friends know of it, and who seek to so studiously create an impression among them that they were for conviction when they knew they would not do it?"

The list sent you last evening, which came from the President is right to within one or two men; and how did he know what was not known to the managers?

Andrew Johnson was in company with his daughter at a ball this evening in high spirits, and was congratulated on all sides at the prospect of his early acquittal and triumphant endorsement by so many Republican Senators who were supposed to be politically hostile to him.

Though the case is generally regarded as lost, there are a number who yet hope to save it. If carried, it will not be by over one, or possibly two, votes, and if lost, it will be by the same number. So nicely has the President made his little combinations that he will not have but exactly the number needed. The Missouri members say that there is a woman in Mr. Henderson's case, which accounts for his defection.

From Washington Cor. N. Y. Tribune.

There is no doubt but that 100 men in Washington have been under pay since the trial began, on purpose to cry down impeachment and bet against conviction. This has been done in several ways. Weak-kneed Republicans have been hired to look glum, and talk mysteriously that impeachment was dead, lamenting it, of course, with great appearances of sorrow.

Every means have been employed to make public opinion in favor of the President. The result is that the party tonight is demoralized, and that only the strongest and most individual men in the Senate have the courage to stand boldly to their guns. I feel plainly that Trumbull is at the bottom of this whole trouble.

I said to-night to a prominent member from Illinois that the State ought to be impeached. He said he'd vote for that, although the State itself would be sorry enough for the course of Trumbull. He believed that the State would buy the pistol with which Senator Lane of Kansas shot himself and give it to him (Trumbull) upon his first appearance in the State.

DICTIONARY OF THE BIBLE.—We have just received from the publishers—Messrs. S. S. Scranton & Co., of Hartford, Conn.—a 1017 double page octavo volume bearing the above title, and which is beautifully embellished with numerous illustrations and maps, engraved expressly for this work. This Dictionary, prepared for wide and general use, contains a full and accurate account of every place and name mentioned in the Bible, which can possible need explanation,—of every animal, plant, or mineral, alluded to by the Sacred Writers, and of every custom and article of use, among Jewish and contemporary nations, to which reference is made in the Bible or Apocrypha. The most recent researches of Robinson, Layard, Rawlinson, and many other explorers in Bible lands, here render their aid in determining questions hitherto unsettled, or in correcting the mistakes of previous investigations. It contains also a sufficiently complete history and analysis of each of the Books of the Bible, while adequate biographical sketches are given of each of the inspired penmen; and of every historical character mentioned in the Bible,—every article being entirely reliable, and many of them the results of the ripest and rarest scholarship, and embodying the substance of whole treatises upon their respective subjects. The simple explanations of this work, unlike the explications of a commentary, admit of no denominational or sectarian coloring, and it is, therefore, equally valuable to Bible readers of every diversity of belief.

The Southern Minnesota Railroad.

Work on this road has commenced

in good earnest, the money having been provided to construct 150 miles westward from Rushford, through the southern ties of counties. As evidence of the truth of this statement it is enough to say that, at 9 o'clock, A. M., of the 4th instant, two mortgages for three million six hundred thousand dollars each, upon 180 miles of the road bed and franchises of the said road commencing at the west bank of the Mississippi river, opposite La Crosse, was filed for record in the office of the Register of Deeds for Fillmore county.—Upon the conditions of this mortgage given to Samuel B. Ruggles and Albon P. Mann, of New York, the company can draw twenty thousand dollars for each mile of road constructed. The contracts for the grading of the first ten miles have been let; also, for the ties, and the right of way has been secured for the first 20 miles west from Rushford. We can confidently say that Fillmore county is to have a railroad, and that in five years her capital and population will be more than doubled.

At the recent annual meeting of the stockholders of the company, the following board of Directors were elected for the current year: T. B. Stoddard, C. W. Thompson, Luke Miller, Edward Thompson, C. G. Wykoff, B. D. Sprague, H. W. Holley, Hiram Walker, P. M. Meyers.

At the meeting of the directors for the election of officers, the result was: T. B. Stoddard, President; Luke Miller, Vice President; C. G. Wykoff, Secretary; Luke Miller, Treasurer, B. D. Sprague Land Agent.—Preston Republican.

Is It Money?

The New York Tribune says:—

We have not been able to get a report of the meeting called by *The World* to raise five or ten million dollars to buy the votes of certain Senators. It is supposed that the meeting took place in some of the back parlors of the Manhattan Club; but our most vigilant reporters have been defeated in their attempts to obtain the details. We have no doubt that the secrecy will be maintained in this matter; and all we can assure our readers is that, as soon as we can, we shall put them in possession of the facts.

The latest Parisian head dress, styled "out of the water," is the most popular and most pleasing that has been adopted by the ladies for many a year. The whole head of hair is brushed back over the ears without any attempt at "parting," and without the slightest ornament. This is as nature intended, and proves, as a Parisian dame wittily but irreverently declares, that "one cannot improve on God."

The United States Senate as a court of impeachment, has adjourned until Tuesday of next week. The final result of impeachment can hardly be predicted, so nicely are the scales of justice (?) balanced. Impeachers and anti impeachers are alike confident of the success of their respective sides, and whether Andrew Johnson be lord or devil can only be decided by the final vote.

Georgia is all right. More than forty-four thousand white electors voted the straight radical ticket, while some fifteen thousand negroes were cajoled, forced and swindled into casting their ballots for the rebel Gordon. The Republicans have a clear majority in both branches of the legislature, and have certainly elected four and probably six, of the seven members of Congress.

Senators Howard, Conkling and Grimes were suddenly attacked last week with an alarming illness, and as their symptoms were similar, they were supposed to have been poisoned. They had so far recovered as to be able to vote last Saturday.

The health of Thad. Stevens is better now than at any time during the past two years; and it is among the rumors of the day that he will replace Mr. Seward as Secretary of State.

There was a heavy snow storm in Me. the 8th inst.

Suicides are now unusually frequent in Cincinnati.

Spain, with an army of 100,000 men, has 510 Generals.

Mr. Charles Dickens arrived in England on the 15th inst.

Thirteen States of the United States and one Territory grow cotton.

One of the three silver dollars coined in 1804 was recently sold for \$750.

Wolves have lately destroyed several hundred sheep in Erie county, Ohio.

A wild woman is said to be living in the Big Cane neighborhood, Texas.

Six murders in one day were recently committed in a single county in Texas.

Russia has sixty-eight agricultural schools and colleges, one of which has 3,000 acres attached.

The culture of flax is rapidly increasing in California. Oil cakes now sell there for \$30 per ton.

OFFICIAL.

Laws of Minnesota.

AN ACT to regulate the erection of mill dams near the highway.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:—

SECTION 1. When any person is desirous of erecting and maintaining a mill dam upon his own land across any water course not navigable, or digging a race-way across any highway and deems it necessary to raise the water by means of such dam so as to overflow any highway or otherwise obstruct, impair or render less commodious for the public travel, any highway, he may obtain the right from the township supervisors, or common council of any city in which said highway is situated to erect and maintain said dam or dig said raceway across any highway in the manner and upon the terms hereinafter provided.

SEC. 2. He shall present to the supervisors of the township, or the common council of any city in which said highway is to be so affected from the raising of such dam or digging such raceway, a petition by him signed, setting forth the place as near as may be where said dam is to be erected or said raceway is to be dug, also the height the dam will be raised, and the width the raceway will be dug, the purpose to which the waterpower will be applied, and such other facts as will show fully the object of the said petition.

SEC. 3. The supervisors of any township or common council of any city on receiving such petition, shall post or cause to be posted in three of the most public places in the township or city, notices in writing setting forth the time and place they will meet to make a personal examination of the highway to be affected by the erection of said dam or digging said raceway, also the name of the petitioner and the object and prayer of said petition, which notice shall be posted at least ten days before the time of meeting for such examination.

SEC. 4. The supervisors or common council, as the case may be, shall meet at the time and place specified in the notice and proceed to examine the point at which said dam is proposed to be erected or raceway dug, and the highway to be affected by the raising of said dam or digging said raceway, and shall have power to subpoena witnesses and take testimony touching the subject of their examination.

SEC. 5. The supervisors or common council of any city, shall within thirty days after completing their examination, make a report in writing, granting or refusing the prayer of the petitioner. If the supervisors or common council, as the case may be, grant the prayer of the petitioner, in whole or in part, they shall fully and explicitly set out in their report the terms and conditions upon which said right is granted to said petitioner, which said report together with the petition shall be duly recorded in the township records [or the records of the common council] by the township [or city] clerk.

SEC. 6. Whenever such petitioner, his heirs or assigns shall fully comply with all the terms and conditions of the report of the supervisors, or common council, as the case may be, he shall have the right to erect and maintain such dam or dig such raceway, and use the same as fully as he might have done before the laying out of said highway.

SEC. 7. Any person having already erected such a dam or dug such a raceway as above provided for, shall have the right to avail himself of the provisions of this act within one year by complying with the same as above provided.

SEC. 8. The petitioner shall pay all costs and expenses of the proceedings and examinations had by virtue of this act, at his request, whether the prayer of his petition be granted or otherwise.

SEC. 9. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage. Approved March 5, 1868.

AN ACT to amend section forty-five, of chapter thirty-four, of the general statutes, relating to corporations.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:—

SEC. 1. That section forty-five, of chapter thirty-four, of the general statutes, be amended so as to read as follows:

Section 45. Any number of persons not less than three, who shall, by articles of agreement in writing, associate, according to the provisions of this title under any name assumed by them, for the purpose of engaging in and carrying on mining, smelting, or manufacturing iron, copper or other minerals, or any kind of manufacturing, lumbering, agricultural, mechanical, chemical, insurance or transportation business, and who shall comply with the provisions of this title, shall, with their successors and assigns, constitute a body politic and corporate, under the name assumed by them in their articles of association; Provided, No company shall take a name previously assumed by any other company.

SEC. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage. Approved March 4, 1868.

THE FREE HOMESTEAD.

WEDNESDAY, MAY 20, 1868.

BABY MAY.

BY REV. C. S. PERCIVAL.

When the charming month of flowers
Lift her earliest ray,
Come one from the angel bowers
To this pleasant home of hours,
For a while to stay;
So, acknowledging the favor,
We would think of nothing graver,
And the month's own name we gave her—
Baby May!

Fitter name was never given—
So we fondly say,
Who have found the light of heaven
In her smile from morn till eve,
Though the time long day;
For the sweet month's incarnation
In this Eden exhalation,
With her spring time appellation,
Baby May!

All the sweets of earliest roses
On the dew-bent spray;
All the beauty that reposes
In the blossom when it closes
At the shrub of day;
All the music that is ringing
Where the birds and brooks are singing,
She to us is fondly bringing—
Baby May!

Lead their diurnal stories telling
Round us all the day,
Rude December winds are swelling;
But upon our peaceful dwelling
Sunshine smiles for aye;
For within this home of ours,
Though the bleak December lowers,
Drears the light of all the flowers—
Baby May!

The *St. Paul Dispatch* is to be enlarged.

The weather is delightful. Every day is a poetic May-day.

Why is a man when sneezing like a man asleep?—He can't keep his eyes open.

Immigrant wagons by the score have lately passed through town, on their way south, and west.

A large pamphlet written by Sylvester Waterhouse of St. Louis, and setting forth the resources of Missouri is having a wide circulation.

The Garden City *Herald* fills its eight column pages well, and is really a first rate representative of that city of the mountain and valley.

FOR SALE.—Six acres of timber land situated three miles south of Winnebago City—\$40 per acre. Inquire of Wallace at the Hardware in Winnebago City.

It should be distinctly understood that Sargent pays the highest market price for green Hides and Furs, at his store in Winnebago City. half

ONCE A MONTH is the title of a magazine published at Springfield, Mass., by W. J. Holland & Co. A Nun's Story, Trade Secrets, and Spontaneous Combustion are among the literary contents.

THE UNION HOTEL of Blue Earth City is one of the best stopping places in the country. Everything is tidy and inviting, and the gentlemanly proprietor, H. P. Constans, is the right man in the right place.

THE WORLD AT HOME continues its regular visits. It is a popular magazine published by Evans & Co., 814 Chestnut St., Philadelphia, at \$3.00 per year. The music of the May number is entitled "We have met, Loved, and Parted."

Next Tuesday, Emerick goes to Fairmont to photograph the people of the "Pleasant Mountains." He will remain there one week. Remember that Emerick makes a picture free to every new subscriber to the FREE HOMESTEAD.

PROVOKING.—1st. For a carrier to forget to leave the mail at the Post Office.

2d. When horse-back riding, to have your horse lie down with you in the middle of a stream. More so, if an accompanying lady is witness to the baptism.

WORTH CONSIDERING.—Good diet makes healthy children and healthy adults. Good Saleratus helps to make nutritious, healthy diet. Hence use D. B. De Land & Co.'s Best Chemical Saleratus, as it is perfectly pure, and better than Soda for all purposes.

We have read LITTELL'S LIVING AGE of the 9th inst, with interest. This magazine is one of the best repositories of Foreign literary miscellany in the United States.

William Edmondstone Aytoun, and Sir Robert Walpole, are leading articles. Boston:—Littell & Gay.

The Martin County *Atlas* has reached its fifth number, and is well received everywhere. It circulates four hundred and eighty-six copies, and the subscription list is daily increasing.

Col. Lounsbury knows how to make the *Atlas* a live, interesting newspaper and the people have already learned to appreciate it.

The steamer "Mankato," with twenty thousand feet of lumber for Randall & Smith, of this place, struck a snag in the Minnesota, near Henderson, on the 13th inst, and sunk in six feet water. The cargo was insured with Clark & Potter, of this place.—*Mankato Record.*

The increasing demand for Merat. Tread Shoes, both Silver and Copper, the former being extensively used on fine shoes, shows conclusively that the public appreciate their value. It is astonishing that any parent should buy any other, as they save half the expense in keeping children supplied with shoes.—*N. Y. Post.*

An advertisement of "Immanuel" will be found in our columns, and from the testimonials of eminent divines, the book meets a want which none others in the language supplies so well. Agents for this work are wanted in every County in every State, to whom liberal inducements are offered. Address, W. J. Holland & Co., Chicago, Ill.

The *Radical* continues its regular visits. The May number is fully up to its high standard of free thought. Consulting neither denominational or party interests, consistently enforces the lessons of intellectual freedom and self-dependence. Our Financial Difficulties, Moral Causes of Material Prosperity, The Pedigree of Liberalism, and Progress, are gems in the present number. Boston, Adams & Company.

D. W. Porter was in town last week, and by him we learn that he has a large stock of Liquors, Wines and Cigars on hand in his store in Higgins' Block, in Mankato, which he proposes to sell at Eastern prices with less than freight added. Sparkling Catawba and Champagne Wines by the bottle or box. Those in need of anything in his line, will find it to their advantage to call and examine the stock of Mr. Porter.

The *Owatonna Journal* of the 14th inst, noticing some errors in a late number of the *HOMESTEAD*, remarks that "The editor has evidently made grammar his principal study." Not exactly so Mr. *Journal*, and yet, in reading the *Home News* in four issue of the same date, we find that

"Forty teams are on the way from Wisconsin, ten of which arrived yesterday," and that

"Many persons are also called 'professor' because they have taught a country school, played the Jewsharp for a monkey dance, or learned a pig how to drink swill. There's no accounting for taste," particularly when you say "learned a pig."

Will the three editors of the *Journal* spell "baker?"

Our indispensable man of all work and typo-in-chief, went on a fishing excursion to Fairmont last week, with a party from Center Creek and vicinity, and says he enjoyed himself hugely. The party camped out one night; but either from the excitement of catching few fish, or the chilliness of mother earth, we do not believe sleep blessed them with its gentle influence, but that rather, they were all wide awake, and ready to "take in" strangers who came that way. Lounsbury of the *Atlas* was met returning from a *hooking* expedition, having one fish in his possession, and looking happy as a king.

It would afford us infinite satisfaction to become for one short hour even, a disciple of Isaac Walton, but the fates and the *HOMESTEAD* are against us.

SHADE TREES AND HEDGES.—C. J. Farley, Wm. Ballande, A. A. Huntington, Dr. Humes and L. J. Emerick, have greatly improved the appearance of their lots by a liberal supply of shade trees.

F. E. Ross has set an ash tree hedge around his lot, west of Dr. Farley's.

Pat Carl has surrounded his lots with a soft maple hedge.

E. A. Hotchkiss has filled his dooryard with soft maples and cottonwoods, and inclosed his lots with a hedge of the same.

Already the town wears a more comfortable, home-like appearance, and in this respect will continue to improve. If every land owner in Winnebago would devote two days in a year to the planting of trees, we should soon have a forest city which would be the pride of every resident, and a glory to Minnesota.

THE LADY'S FRIEND for July is received. Whatever the *Lady's Magazine* have been in times past, some of those of the present day, both in respect to engravings and as to their literary contents, are of a very high character.

The steel engravings are executed in the best style of art—the fashions are refined, judicious and elegant—while their literary contents often surpass in their peculiar line the efforts of the masculine monthlies. To blame these magazines for not being more solid and heavy, is as sensible as to blame a young girl for not being an old man—or a rose for not being a potato. We take the magazine before us—one of the best of its class—and what do we find? A well executed and suggestive steel engraving, called "The Prisoner of State." A handsome and picturesque colored steel fashion plate of Fancy Costumes; An interesting wood engraving of the "First Church in England;" and a number of other engravings illustrative of the present modes for women and children's dresses. And, in addition to all this, novels and stories by popular writers. Published by Deacon & Peterson, 319 Walnut street, Philadelphia, at \$2.50 a year [which also includes a large steel engraving.] Sample copies, 15 cents.

The *New York Tribune* says the man who did more than all others, unless in a pecuniary way, to secure the acquittal of the President, was Chief Justice Chase.

The news of the acquittal of President Johnson on the 11th article, created a profound sensation in London.

MARKET REPORTS.

Winnebago City Market.

Corrected Weekly by Moulton & Deacon.

Wheat, spring, No. 1	\$1.40
" " " No. 2	1.30
Corn " " "	.65
Oats " " "	.50
Flour, 34 cwt.	4.50
Corn Meal	3.00
Potatoes	.15
Butter	.20
Eggs	.12
Beans	.30
Celery	.75
Hay, 34 ton	4.00
Wood 34 cord	3.00
Cheese	.18
Pork, salt, 34 pound	.15
" " " "	.12
Beef, 34 pound	.15
Kerosene Oil	.15
Salt, 34 bbl.	.60
Lard 34 lb.	.20

Waseca Lumber Market.

Common Boards, 1st quality, per M.	\$24.00
Feeling " " "	23.00
Stock Boards	27.00
Wagon Box Boards	30.00
Shedding " " "	20.00

JOIST AND DIMENSIONS.

18 feet to 24	\$24.00
18 feet to 24	25.00
24, 18 feet and under	24.00
24, 10 and 26 feet	25.00

FLOORING.

1st common, dressed and matched	\$40.00
2d " " "	35.00
1st dressed " " "	35.00
2d " " "	30.00

CLEAR STUFF.

1st clear, 12, 14 and 2 inch	\$50.00
2d clear, 12, 14 and 2 inch	45.00

LATH AND PICKETS.

Lath " " "	\$1.75
Pickets, 1st	25.00
" " " "	25.00

SHINGLES.

Shingles, No. 1	\$3.25
Shingles, No. 2	3.50

Waseca Produce Market.

Wheat per bushel, No. 1	\$1.55
" " " No. 2	1.50
Oats " " "	.75
Corn " " "	.60
Potatoes	.15
Pork 34 hundred	7.50 to 9.00
Beef " " "	4.50
Lard 34 pound	16
Flour, 34 cwt. retail	4.75
Butter, 34 pound	20 to 25
Eggs 34 doz.	15
Hides 34 pound, green	6
Tallow 34 lb.	24
Beans 34 bushel	4.00

R. WAITE, JEWELER.

BLUE EARTH CITY, MINNESOTA.
Has constantly on hand Clocks, Watches, Jewelry, Silver-ware, Gold Pens, Musical Instruments, &c. Repairing done with dispatch and warranted. 239 1/2

LAW'S HOTEL.

Winnebago City, Minnesota.
E. G. & A. P. COLLINS, Proprietors.
Excellent accommodations, and charges moderate. Stage leave this House for all points. 237 1/2

U. S. Land Office.

Winnebago City, Minn., May 18th, 1868.
To Alvin S. Manchester.
Win J. Town has this day applied for the south east quarter of section 20, township 101 north, range 29 west; it being the land you filed on. You are hereby notified to be and appear at this office on Friday, the 19th day of June, 1868, at 12 m. for the purpose of giving the whole matter a fair and impartial investigation.

A. H. BULLIS, Register.
H. W. HOLLEY, Receiver.

\$500 REWARD.—For anything in the shape of a Fair Wash, that will grow as much hair upon a bald head as Prof. CHRISTY'S HAIR LOTIO. See what one of the first medical men of the city says about it: I have used Prof. Christy's Hair Lotio for restoring diseased hair. I find it a superior article. I am perfectly satisfied with it.

Wm. GARRETTSON, M. D.
My hair was gray, and the Lotio has restored it to its original color. W. LAKEMAN, Clerk Mill Creek Township.

Wholesale orders addressed to A. R. CHRISTY & Co., Cincinnati.

A second-hand Wagoner & Wilson Sewing Machine, in working order, for sale. 236 For Sale For Sale For Sale

THE Hickory Pole

IS THE LOFTY SIGN.

and beneath the shade of its

BUSHY TOP

STAND the BUILDINGS of

S. Richardson,

where at all times you will find

EXCELLENT CHEER.

Liquors of the finest brand May constantly be found on hand, And if you ask for rum or gin You'll surely find it at your chin; But if you'd rather drink of sherry, And then burrah for General Terry, You'll find it just as quickly brought, As though you sipped on "whiskey straight," And shouted for the North Star State.

But aside from the "crater" it is the best place in

WINNEBAGO CITY

to purchase

Flour and Feed,

GROCERIES

of all kinds,

School-Books,

STATIONERY

and

Yankee Notions.

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS.

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS, AND HOOFLAND'S GERMAN TONIC.

Prepared by Dr. C. M. JACKSON, PHILADELPHIA, PA.

The Great Remedies for all Diseases OF THE LIVER, STOMACH, or DIGESTIVE ORGANS.

Hooftland's German Bitters are composed of the purest juices (as they are medically termed, *Extracts*) of Roots, Herbs and Barks, making a preparation highly concentrated and agreeable.

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN TONIC is a combination of all the ingredients of the Bitters, with the purest quality of *Stevia* (from Orange, etc., making one of the most pleasant and agreeable remedies ever offered to the patient).

Hooftland's German Bitters. In cases of nervous depression, when some alcoholic stimulus is necessary.

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN TONIC should be used.

The Bitters or the Tonic are both equally good, and contain the same medicinal virtues.

The stomach, from a variety of causes, such as indigestion, Dyspepsia, Nausea, etc., is very apt to be deranged. The result of this is, that the patient suffers from several of the following diseases:

Constipation, Flatulence, Inward Piles, Fulness of Blood to the Head, Acidity of the Stomach, Nausea, Heartburn, Disgust for the Food, Failure of Digestion, Stomach, Sour Eructations, Sinking or Fluttering at the Pit of the Stomach, Swimming of the Head, Headache, Nervous Debility, Fluctuating at the Heart, Choking or Suffocating Sensations when in a Lying Position, Dimness of Vision, Dots or Webs before the Sight, Dull Pain in the Head, Deficiency of Perspiration, Yellowing of the Skin and Eyes, Pain in the Limbs, Back, Sudden Flashes of Heat, Burning in the Face, Constant Imaginations of Evil, and Great Depression of Spirits.

These remedies will effectually cure Liver Complaint, Jaundice, Dropsy, Chronic or Nervous Debility, Chronic Diarrhea, Diseases of the Kidneys, and all Diseases arising from a Disordered Liver, Stomach, or Intestines.

DEBILITY. Resulting from any Cause whatever; PROSTRATION OF THE SYSTEM, Induced by Severe Labor, Hardships, Exposure, Fevers, etc.

There is no medicine extant equal to these remedies in such cases. A tone and vigor is imparted to the whole system, the appetite is strengthened, food is enjoyed, the stomach digests promptly, the complexion becomes a sound and healthy, the yellow tinge is eradicated from the eyes, a bloom is given to the cheeks, and the weak and nervous invalid becomes a strong and healthy being.

Persons Advanced in Life. And feeling the least of them weighing heavily upon them, with all its attendant ills, will find in the use of these BITTERS, or the TONIC, an elixir that will infuse new life into their veins, restore in a measure the energy and vigor of more youthful days, build up their shrunken forms, and give health and happiness to their remaining years.

NOTICE. It is a well-established fact that fully one-half of the female portion of our population are afflicted in the enjoyment of good health, or, in less than their own "feel well." They are languid, devoid of all energy, extremely nervous, and of great benefit in this class of persons the BITTERS, or the TONIC, are especially recommended.

WEAK AND DELICATE CHILDREN Are made strong by the use of either of these remedies. They will cure every case of MARASMOUS, or the "Wasting Disease," and give health and vigor to the system. Thousands of certificates have accumulated in the hands of the proprietor, but space will allow of the publication of but a few. Those, it will be observed, are men of note and of such standing that they must be believed.

TESTIMONIALS. HON. GEO. W. WOODWARD, Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of Pa., writes: Philadelphia, March 14, 1867.

"I find Hooftland's German Bitters is a good tonic, useful in diseases of the digestive organs, and in cases of debility, and in the system. Yours truly, GEO. W. WOODWARD."

HON. JAMES THOMPSON, Judge of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania, Philadelphia, April 26, 1866.

"I consider Hooftland's German Bitters a valuable medicine in cases of attacks of indigestion or dyspepsia. I can certify this from my experience of it. Yours, with respect, JAMES THOMPSON."

From Rev. J. H. KENNARD, D. D., Pastor of the Third Baptist Church, Philadelphia. Dr. Jackson—Dear Sir: I have been frequently requested to connect my name with recommendations of different kinds of medicines, but regarding the practice so out of my appropriate sphere, I have in all cases declined; but with a clear proof in your own family of the usefulness of Hooftland's German Bitters, I depart for once from my usual course, to express my full conviction that, for general debility of the system, and especially for Liver Complaint, it is a safe and valuable preparation. In some cases it may fail; but usually, I don't not, it will be very beneficial to those who suffer from the above causes. Yours, very respectfully, J. H. KENNARD, Eighth, below Centre St.

From Rev. E. D. FENBALL, Assistant Editor Christian Chronicle, Philadelphia. I have derived decided benefit from the use of Hooftland's German Bitters, and feel it my privilege to recommend them as a most valuable tonic, to all who are suffering from general debility or from disease arising from derangement of the liver. Yours truly, E. D. FENBALL.

CAUTION. Hooftland's German Remedies are counterfeited. Beware of cheap imitations. Use of C. M. JACKSON is on the wrapper. All others are spurious. Principal Office and Manufacturing at the German Medicine Store, No. 631 ARCH Street, Philadelphia.

CHARLES M. EVANS, German Druggist, Proprietor, Formerly C. M. JACKSON & Co.

PRICES. Hooftland's German Bitters, per bottle \$1.00
Hooftland's German Tonic, per bottle 50 cts.
per bottle, or a half dozen for \$2.50
By mail, sent to examine well the article you buy, in order to get the genuine.

For Sale by all Druggists and Dealers of Medicines.

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN TONIC.

CONDIT & AUSTIN, Mankato, Minn.,

DEALERS IN DRUGS, MEDICINES, PAINTS, &c.

Stock always full, and customers can at all times be furnished with anything in the Drug line.

Front Street, 2d door above Record office. 283pm

U. S. Land Office. Winnebago City, Minn., April 27th, 1868.

To John W. Gilly. Lyman B. Scovill has this day applied for the south east quarter of section 24, township 101 north, range 28 west; it being the land you filed on. You are hereby notified to be and appear at this office on Monday, the 1st day of June, 1868, at 1 p. m. for the purpose of giving the whole matter a fair and impartial investigation.

A. H. BULLIS, Register.
H. W. HOLLEY, Receiver.

U. S. Land Office. Winnebago City, Minn., April 27th, 1868.

To John S. Hall. Joseph B. Duneill has this day applied for the south east quarter of section 24, township 101 north, range 31 west; it being the land you filed on. You are hereby notified to be and appear at this office on Friday, the 29th day of May, 1868, at 9 a. m. for the purpose of giving the whole matter a fair and impartial investigation.

A. H. BULLIS, Register.
H. W. HOLLEY, Receiver.

U. S. Land Office. Winnebago City, Minn., April 27th, 1868.

To Wm. H. Cook. Joseph Smith has this day applied for the north east quarter of section 2, township 103 north, range 30 west; it being the land you filed on. You are hereby notified to be and appear at this office on Friday, the 29th day of May, 1868, at 9 a. m. for the purpose of giving the whole matter a fair and impartial investigation.

A. H. BULLIS, Register.
H. W. HOLLEY, Receiver.

U. S. Land Office. Winnebago City, Minn., April 28, 1868.

To Peter L. Scrimmer. John Babin has this day applied for the north east quarter section 2, township 103 north, range 30 west; it being the land you filed on. You are hereby notified to be and appear at this office on Saturday, the 30th day of May, 1868, at 9 a. m. for the purpose of giving the whole matter a fair and impartial investigation.

A. H. BULLIS, Register.
H. W. HOLLEY, Receiver.

U. S. Land Office. Winnebago City, Minn., April 27th, 1868.

To Henry Krumpholtz. Anna Krumpholtz has this day applied for the south east quarter of section 2, township 101 north, range 25 west; it being the land you filed on. You are hereby notified to be and appear at this office on Saturday, the 30th day of May, 1868, at 9 a. m. for the purpose of giving the whole matter a fair and impartial investigation.

A. H. BULLIS, Register.
H. W. HOLLEY, Receiver.

PROBATE NOTICE. STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of St. Paul, In Probate Court, Special term, April 15th, 1868.

In the matter of the Estate of Elizabeth Weir, deceased. On reading and filing the petition of George A. Weir, praying for reasons therein set forth, that he be appointed administrator of the estate of the deceased.

It is ordered that the 26th day of May, A. D. 1868, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for the hearing of said petition, and that the heirs at law of the said deceased and all other persons interested in the said estate be required to appear at a session of the Probate Court then to be held, at the Probate Office, and show cause why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted. And it is further ordered that the said petitioner give notice of the pendency of said petition, by causing a copy of this order to be published in the FREE HOMESTEAD for three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing.

A. P. DELAVERONE, Probate Judge.

NEW FIRM. New Goods. WELCH AND WALLACE, Dealers in Stoves, Tin AND SHEET IRON WARE, FARMING IMPLEMENTS, SHELF AND HEAVY HARDWARE.

SASH, GLASS AND PUTTY. Manufacturers of EAVE, TROUGHS SPOUTING, and all kinds of TIN WARE.

A fine assortment of Table and Pocket Cutlery. Grind-Stones and Haggings, Breaking and Cropping PLOWS, Fence-Wire, &c., &c.

AGENTS WANTED

The Great Book of the Times
IMMANUEL;
—OR THE—
Life of Jesus Christ Our Lord
BY Z. EDDY, D. D.

The Best Book now offered Agents.
Extracts from Letters Received.
From Rev. George Barton, D. D., Springfield, Mass.—I have examined, in manuscript, and by means of advance sheets, large portions of the "Life of Christ," by Dr. Eddy, and am prepared to give it a decided and unqualified approval. It meets a want which none others in the language supplies so well. Learned, yet simple; profound, yet familiar; sound in its doctrinal views, and pervaded by a glowing love of the great subject, it cannot fail to become an invaluable guide to every inquirer, and a cherished treasure in every Christian home.

From Rev. A. D. Smith, D. D., President of Dartmouth College.—It has been a long vexed question as to whether or not we have done that of which we are capable in the history of the world. In chapter 11, he has left nothing to be desired.

From Rev. Joseph H. Warren, D. D., Professor of Theology, Chicago.—I have examined with care, and much pleasure, the advance sheets which you have sent me, of a portion of the work of Dr. Eddy on the "Life of Christ." I have no hesitation in saying that the work is one of the very greatest value, rich in thought, strong in argument, fresh and vigorous in style.

From Rev. J. M. Sturtevant, D. D., President Illinois College.—I have received and examined with some care, the specimen sheets you sent me of Dr. Eddy's "Immanuel," and am encouraged to look for a work of rare value. Dr. Eddy proposes a line of thought of the highest interest to every thoughtful reader of the New Testament.

From the United Presbyterian, Pittsburgh, Pa.—The advance sheets justify the expectations of an able and timely work, one that will meet and expose the insidious works of such rationalists as Strauss and Renan.

From the Pittsburgh Christian Advocate.—Advanced sheets impress us with the conviction that the book is to be one of rare excellence. The author deals in earnest, precious words, coming from a warm, loving heart.

THE SUCCESS OF THE WORK.
One Agent reports the sale of 25 copies in 26 hours. Another, 35 copies in 4 days. One lady Agent, a commission of \$70 in eleven days.

For full particulars, address
W. J. HOLLAND & CO., Publishers,
236 W. 4th St., Chicago, Ill.

AGENTS WANTED TO SELL THE HISTORY OF THE WAR BETWEEN THE STATES,
its Causes, Character, Conduct, and Results.
By Hon. Alexander H. Stephens.

A book for all sections and all parties. This absorbingly interesting book by "THE GREAT STATESMAN" of the South, presents the most complete and impartial analysis of the causes of the war which has ever appeared from a Southern pen; it treats without partisanship, and in the utmost moderation of the character of the struggle; and in its description of the conduct of the war, it gives those interior lights and shadows of the conflict only known to those high officers who watched the flood-tide of revolution from its fountain-springs, and which were so accessible to Mr. Stephens from his position as second officer of the Confederate States. The results of the war, present and future, have never been treated by any other author, and Mr. Stephens' great abilities have here found their fullest play.

The intense desire everywhere manifested to obtain this work, its Official Character and ready sale, combined with an increased commission, make it the best subscription book ever published, and offers to Agents the finest opportunity to make money ever heard of in the history of books.

Send for descriptive circular and Terms to Agents.
Address, ZEIGLER, CURDY & CO.,
Lombard Block, Chicago, Ill.

BOOK AGENTS WANTED,
To canvass for CHAS. W. ELLIOTT'S new work, **THE ARKABLE CHARACTERS AND MEMORABLE PLACES OF THE HOLY LAND.** The following array of contributors is sufficient guarantee of its value. Henry Ward Beecher, T. D. Wooten, L. L. D., Pres. of Yale Col., Joseph C. McKim, D. D., LL. D., Pres. of Wesleyan Univ., Rev. Thos. M. O'Leary, Bishop of R. I., &c., &c.

It is a new and original work by these authors, and its subjects approved by clergymen of all denominations. Agents are meeting with unparalleled success. We employ no general agents, and are enabled to offer extra inducements. For full particulars and terms address the publishers, J. S. BURR & Co., Hartford, Conn.

BOOK AGENTS WANTED to solicit orders for Dr. WILLIAM SMITH'S DICTIONARY OF THE BIBLE. The only edition published in America, condensed by Dr. Smith's own hand. In one large Octavo volume, illustrated with over 125 steel and wood engravings. Agents and subscribers see that you get the genuine edition by Dr. Smith and do not be imposed upon by juvenile editions, nor imperfect reprints.

The Springfield Republican says, this edition published by Messrs. Burr & Co., is the genuine thing.

The Congregationalist says, whoever wishes to get, in the cheapest form, the best Dictionary of the Bible should buy this.

New Wagon and Blacksmith Shop.
THE subscribers have opened a shop on Blue Earth Avenue, where they can be found every day, ready to do any jobs of wood or iron work. Particular attention given to Repairing and Horse Shoeing.

A fair share of patronage is all we ask, and we will endeavor to give satisfaction.
2351 F. A. G. & LUTZENHIZER.
Winnebago City, April, 1868.

New Goods,
Cheap for Cash.

SCHOOL BOOKS & STATIONERY,
PATENT MEDICINES of all kinds,
BITTERS, WHISKY, BRANDY,
WINE, St. CROIX RUM,
FANCY CANDIES,
TOBACCO and CIGARS,
FANCY ARTICLES,
HOMEOPATHIC MEDICINES.

Remember I keep constantly on hand everything in the line of

PAINTS and OILS,
SCHOOL BOOKS, DIARIES,
Memoranda, Pass and Blank Books,
Journals and Ledgers,

"Shirrell's" Washing Crystal—
decidedly the best preparation known for
washing PURPOSES.

C. J. FARLEY.
Winnebago City, May 14, 1868. 2361

Adamantean!!!

Pictures Free
TO EVERY NEW SUBSCRIBER

TO THE
FREE HOMESTEAD.
—OR THE—
L. J. EMERICK

OF
WINNEBAGO CITY,

will furnish one of Dean and
Emerson's celebrated
ADAMANTEAN PLATE

Pictures to every new subscriber to the

FREE HOMESTEAD
Free of charge.

NOW IS YOUR TIME.

The FREE HOMESTEAD for
one year and a splendid likeness of yourself—all
for One Dollar and Fifty Cents.

No similar offer was ever
before made in Southern Minnesota, and we hold
the above inducement good only till the first day
of August, 1868.

L. J. EMERICK is a first
class artist, and we do not hesitate to state that
he can secure as good a picture of yourself, as any
man in Minnesota.

Therefore—if you wish to secure a good likeness of yourself, and be in receipt of a

First Class
COUNTY NEWSPAPER.

ACCEPT THE ABOVE OFFER.

E. A. HOTCHKISS.
Winnebago City, April 29th, 1868.

BARGAINS

In Cloths,
Prints,
De Laines,
Sheetings,

Poplins,
Alpacas,
Cassimeres,
Denims,
Hooped Skirts,

HATS and CAPS,
BOOTS and SHOES,
CROCKERY,

and Groceries of all kinds.

Winship & Goodwin

Have just received their
NEW GOODS,
and are offering them at prices
Vastly Reduced
from those which ruled last year.

No charge for showing goods.

2351 Winnebago City, April 29th, 1868.

MICHIGAN SOUTHERN
AND
LAKE SHORE R. R. LINE.
VIA
TOLEDO & CLEVELAND.

THE ONLY DIRECT ROUTE TO
Cleveland, Erie, Dunkirk, Buffalo,
AND ALL PRINCIPAL POINTS IN
NEW YORK AND NEW ENGLAND.

2351 All the principal Railways of the North-
west and Southwest connect at Chicago with the
Four Daily Express Trains of the Michigan
Southern Railroad. The most

Elegant Dressing Room Coaches
even put upon a Railway in this country, are in
use upon this line, one of which will leave Chicago
on Day Express at 7:00 A. M., running through to
Cleveland without change. The Drawing
Room Coaches, Sleeping Coaches, and Day
Coaches of this line, are unsurpassed by those of
any Railway line in this country. The smooth
and perfect track gives the advantage of quick
time and sure connections. Passengers for Detroit,
Pennsylvania, New York and New England should
purchase tickets via Michigan Southern Railway,
which are on sale at all principal Railway Ticket
Offices, and at the Company's Office,
No. 56 Chestnut Street, Chicago.
F. E. MORSE,
Gen'l Pass. Agt., Chicago.

GEO. GRAY,
General Western Passenger Agent M. S. &
L. S. Line, Chicago.

MEAT MARKET.
I would respectfully announce to the people of
Winnebago City and vicinity, that I have
opened a Meat Market in the second building
East of the Post Office, where I will at all times
keep on hand

Beef, Pork, Mutton, Fowls.
ALSO
Corn, Oats, Garden City Flour,
AND
CORN MEAL FOR SALE.
All kinds of produce taken in exchange for meat.
F. M. PEIRCE,
Winnebago City, Jan. 8th, 1868. 2191

ERRORS OF YOUTH.
A gentleman who suffered for years from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay, and all the effects of youthful indiscretion, will, for the sake of suffering humanity, send free to all who need it, the recipe and directions for making the simple remedy by which he was cured; suffers wishing to profit by the advertiser's experience, can do so by addressing

JOHN B. OGDEN,
42 Cedar street New York.

WANTED.—TEACHERS, STUDENTS, and other intelligent Men and Women, in a business paying \$100 to \$200 per month, according to ability. For particulars, address ZEIGLER, CURDY & CO., Lombard Block, Chicago, Illinois.

The Healing Pool.
ESSAYS FOR YOUNG MEN, on the CRIME OF SOLITUDINE, and the ERRORS, ABUSES, and DISEASES which destroy the manly powers, and create impediments to MARRIAGE, with sure means of relief. Sent in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Address, Dr. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Howard Association, Phil. Pa.

Fancy Candies of every description at WILSON'S.
Navy and Fine cut Tobacco of the best brands always on hand at WILSON'S.

NEW SPRING GOODS!

GO TO
Moulton and Deudon's
FOR YOUR

Dry Goods, Groceries, Clothing,
Hats, Caps,
Boots, Shoes,
Fancy and Staple
Goods.

They always keep a large stock of superior goods—selected with great care—and having just received a new assortment of

Prints, Delains, Sheetings,
Merinos,
and other dress goods, in addition to every class of

BOOTS & SHOES,
would respectfully solicit the attention of the public. They have on hand a big stock of

HOOP SKIRTS,
from the "Odessa Skirt Company," which are unsurpassed by any other Hoop Skirt in use, as regards Durability, Comfort and Style. Also a large assortment of

Groceries, Pork, Hams,
BUTTER,
Lard, Wheat, Corn,
POTATOES,
Onions, Flour, Meal, &c., &c.

ALSO EVERY DESCRIPTION OF
Crockery, Glassware,
Looking glasses,
Lamps, Lanterns,
Machine and Kerosene
Oil, Sugar Buckets and
Boxes,

And in fact everything usually kept in a first-class store.

IMPORTANT DECISION.
After careful investigation by competent judges it has been fully and fairly decided that the best place to purchase

DRY GOODS,
GROCERIES,
HATS and CAPS,
BOOTS and SHOES
and in fact any kind of Goods, is at the Store of

R. M. Wilson,
Next door to RICHARDSON'S,

where more Goods can be had for one dollar than any other

STORE.
in Fairbault County.

R. M. WILSON.
v4n21tf pr N. W. SARGENT
April 5th, 1867.

WAGON & BLACKSMITH SHOP!
Good Material Constantly on Hand.

Wagons and Carriages Made to Order.
Blacksmithing, Shoeing, Repairing, &c., done on Short Notice.

The undersigned still occupy the shop near the Steam Mill, and would respectfully announce that they are now prepared to manufacture both

ROD & MOLD-BOARD,
Breaking Plows.

Having secured the services of FIRST CLASS workmen, we are able to offer the best quality of work, both Manufacturing and Repairing, Jobbing, Horse & Ox Shoeing, &c. in the best manner. Thankful for past favors, we would solicit a continuance of the public patronage.

WHEELER & RICH.
2201tf

Information.
Information guaranteed to produce a luxuriant growth of hair upon a bald head or beardless face, also a recipe for the removal of Pimples, Blisters, Eruptions, etc., on the skin, leaving the same soft, clear, and beautiful, can be obtained without charge by addressing

THOS. F. CHAPMAN,
823 Broadway, New York.

THE BRYANT & STRATTON BUSINESS COLLEGE, AND

OF ST. PAUL, MINN.

One of the institutions comprising Bryant, Stratton & Co.'s Great International Chain of Colleges, consisting of forty-eight first class Business Colleges, is located in St. Paul, Minn., and is the largest and best equipped of the kind in the world. The college is situated in a large, airy, and comfortable building, and is surrounded by a beautiful park. The college is open to students of all ages, and is the best place to acquire a practical knowledge of the principles of business. The college is the only one of the kind in the world, and is the best place to acquire a practical knowledge of the principles of business. The college is the only one of the kind in the world, and is the best place to acquire a practical knowledge of the principles of business.

For information on the solid character of the St. Paul College, and on the advantages of attending it, apply to the Business College, or to any of the many persons who know of it. College attendance is giving full particulars, sent free to all applicants. Address.

NEW GOODS,
And Bought at
LOW PRICES
And will be sold cheaper than the cheapest.

Our Stock in part consists of
DRY GOODS,
YANKEE NOTIONS,
HARDWARE,
CROCKERY,
DRUGS & MEDICINES,
PROVISIONS, &C.,

in fact everything usually kept in a country store. Persons coming to Fairmount will please call and examine our Goods and learn our prices. No charge for showing our Goods.

BIRD & BURDICK.
Fairmount, Oct. 28th, 1867. 1091

NEW GOODS!
CHEAP FOR CASH!!

C. McCABE has just received a well selected stock of Fall and Winter Goods, consisting in part of a good assortment of Staple and Fancy Dry Goods, Dress Goods, Cloths, Cassimeres, Boots and Shoes, Hats and Caps, Grain Sacks, &c., &c.

ALL OF WHICH
he pledges himself to sell as cheap, or a little cheaper than any other establishment in the County. As

There is Money to be Saved
now a-days by being posted in prices, I would invite all to call and examine my Stock and Prices, before purchasing, and I will try to convince you that McCABE'S is the place to buy Goods Cheap.

C. McCABE.
Winnebago City, August 28, 1867. 200y1

BALDWIN & CHILD, BANKERS,
AND REAL ESTATE AGENTS.

Office opposite "Union House" Blue Earth City, Minnesota.

Will do a General Banking and Real Estate Business, pay Taxes for non-residents, make Collections, &c., &c.,
H. D. BALDWIN, S. P. CHILD.
Blue Earth City, May 7. 66. 20y1

T. T. T.
Best quality of Green and Japanese Tea at WILSON'S.

PIANOS

JULIUS BAUER & CO.
Wholesale Agents for
WM. KNABE & CO'S
CELEBRATED
GOLD MEDAL
PIANO FORTES.

As to the relative merits of these PIANOS we would refer to the certificates from HAINES, GOTTSCALK, STEIN, OCHS, G. BATTIE, H. VIELSTEMP, LOUIS STALL and F. RITZIO, President of the Italian Opera, as also from some of the most distinguished Professors and Musicians in the country. All instruments warranted for FIVE YEARS.

ALSO, AGENTS FOR
A. H. GALE & CO. & EMPIRE PIANO FORTES CO.
AND OTHER FIRST CLASS PIANOS.

We have the LARGEST and BEST ASSORTED STOCK OF PIANOS IN THE CITY. Particular attention paid to the selection of instruments for their orders. The instruments are delivered to the customers, and are ready to be played by the customers. The instruments are delivered to the customers, and are ready to be played by the customers. The instruments are delivered to the customers, and are ready to be played by the customers.

WHOLESALE AGENTS FOR
CARHART, NEWMAN & CO'S
CELEBRATED
HARMONIUMS,
Melodeons and Organs.
Manufacturers and Importers of
Brass Instruments
Strings, Accordeons,
Violas, Clarinets,
Drums, Guitars, &c.

The Harmonium and Brass Instruments of our manufacture and importation, are used by all of the best Bands in the United States, and wherever exhibited have always received the Gold Medal and highest prizes.

Having connections with Manufacturers in Berlin, London, Vienna, London and Paris, we are prepared to furnish the best of all instruments, and to give prompt attention to all orders. Address, JULIUS BAUER & CO., 69 Washington Street, CHICAGO, ILL.

WAREHOUSES IN
CROSBY'S OPERA HOUSE,
69 Washington Street,
CHICAGO, ILL.
New York Warehouses, 650 Broadway.

CHARLES E. MAYO,
WHOLESALE DEALER IN
HARDWARE!

AGENTS FOR
FAIRBANKS SCALES!
ST. PAUL.
v3n34y1

FURNITURE.
WARE ROOMS.
Thankful for the past patronage, I still need the same, and would therefore call the attention to my well assorted stock of well made Furniture, consisting of

COTTAGE BEDSTEADS
of all kinds, from \$5 upwards; very nice What-nots, Parquet Stands, Case Seated and Common Chairs, Rockers, Children's High Chairs, Crabs, Cradles, Lounges, etc., at very

Low Prices.
as I have made up my mind to sell.
WM. BALLANDE,
Winnebago City, Oct. 27th, 1867. v4n181f

Livery Stable!
GEORGE & COGRAVE

Would respectfully inform the public that they have opened a first class Livery Stable in Winnebago City, where good "establishments" can be had at all times, day or night. Passengers arriving by stage, carried to any point desired. Stable and Office in rear of Winnebago City Hotel. Hay, Oats and Stabling at reasonable rates. Winnebago City, Dec. 4th, 1867.

SALOON!
GEORGE E. NELSON, Proprietor.

Liquors of all kinds, Cream Ale and Lager Beer, constantly on hand. Oysters, Lobsters, Peaches, Blackberries, Raspberries, and Canned Fruits of all kinds.

Plain and Fancy Candies, and Nuts from every clime.
Winnebago City, Feb. 27, 1867. v4n1 18

To Consumptives.
The REV. EDWARD A. WILSON will send (free of charge) to all who desire it, the prescription with the directions for making and using the simple remedy by which he was cured of a long affection, and that dread disease Consumption. His only object is to benefit the afflicted, and he hopes every sufferer will try this prescription, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing. Please address

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No. 165 South Second St., Williamsburgh, N. Y.

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The Free Homestead.

LIBERTY, LITERATURE AND LAND.

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THE FREE HOMESTEAD.

WEDNESDAY, MAY 27, 1868.

This paper has a larger circulation than any other paper in Fairbault County, and is the only paper in the county, which is printed entirely at home.

REPUBLICAN NATIONAL TICKET.

For President,
ELYSSES S. GRANT,
OF ILLINOIS.
For Vice President,
SCHUYLER COLFAX,
OF INDIANA.

Republican Congressional Convention.

The Republicans of the First Congressional District of Minnesota are requested to meet in Delegate Convention at OWATONNA, Stearns Co., on WEDNESDAY, the 5th day of JULY, 1868, at 4 o'clock p.m., for the purpose of putting in nomination a candidate for Representative in Congress for said District. The several counties comprising the District will be entitled to delegates as follows, viz:

Blue Earth.....	6	Nicollet.....	3
Brown.....	2	Olmsted.....	2
Dodge.....	4	Redwood.....	2
Fairbault.....	4	Stearns.....	1
Hennepin.....	3	Wabasha.....	1
Fillmore.....	3	Winona.....	1
Freeborn.....	4	Watonwan.....	1
Houston.....	3	Scott.....	1
Jackson.....	1	Sibley.....	2
Le Sueur.....	1	Steele.....	2
Marshall.....	2		
Monroe.....	2		

The remaining counties in the District one each.

C. L. TAPPAN, Chairman.
A. C. DUNN.
O. T. WHITCOMB,
S. W. HICK,
D. SMITH,
H. R. JOHNSON, Jr.,
W. B. STRAIT.
Congressional Com. First District.
Owatonna, April 22, 1868.

Republican National Convention.

Last week Wednesday, at noon, in Crosby's Opera House, in Chicago, Gov. Ward, Chairman of the National Republican Committee, called the national convention to order in the following appropriate style:

"Delegates to the National Convention of the Union Republican party: You have assembled at the call of the National Convention to nominate its standard bearers for the ensuing campaign, to declare your unwavering to the Union and liberty, and to pledge that you will take no step backward in the work of reconstructing the rebel States and re-establishing the Union. [Applause.] You are here to bear witness that the war so gallantly and gloriously waged for the life of the nation was not a failure. An emancipated race has been lifted from slavery, and to-day unites with the Republican party to maintain Republican liberty. Neither armed treason nor political treachery can arrest the triumph of our cause. [Great applause.] You are here to point to a Republic boundless in extent and resources, a Republic guarded and protected by a patriotic and loyal people. [Immense applause.]

If you designate as your leader the great Captain of the age, the nation will greet it as the precursor of victory to our cause, and peace to the Republic. [Great applause.]

Bishop Simpson was then called upon to offer prayer, and complied in a very appropriate petition to the Throne of Grace, closing with the Lord's Prayer, in which the audience joined.

The afternoon was consumed in the selection of committees, &c., &c.

In the evening, Hamilton Harris, chairman of committee on permanent organization, reported the name of Joseph R. Hawley, of Conn., for permanent President of the Convention, which received him with a hearty burst of enthusiasm. Gov. Hawley in the course of his remarks to the Convention, said:

"We come together with the momentous duty of selecting a chief ruler of the nation which leads the world in the promotion of freedom and equal rights. [Applause.] Indications of your purposes and spirit already given assure us that you will maintain the noble character of the Republican party.

We unavailingly recall at this time the convention of 1860, with its profound anxieties and glowing devotion to liberty, and its enthusiastic acceptance of the waver of battle tendered by slavery and secession. [Applause.] It now seems clear to us that God then ruled our counsels. He made our declarations of principle manly and sincere. He gave us a Lincoln for President. [Tremendous applause.]

God send us like wisdom to-day. [Applause.] He tested us in a manner and to an extent which the liveliest posterity could not have anticipated. Posterity we hope, will decide that we have met that test with the spirit worthy of a free people. Countless treasure and 200,000 lives offered were evidence that we were solemnly in earnest. We offered our lives and our property, but it was not enough. We laid our prejudices of race and color upon the altar; and the consciousness that we at last deserved success redoubled our nerve.

The same high resolve rules to-day; and the honest men of this country are ready for equal and even greater sacrifices if they be indispensable to the dedication of this continent to liberty and equal rights. [Applause.] We learned the first lesson when we found we must make men free and call them to the battle field. We learned the second lesson when we found we must still move on, and give impartially to all men a share in the government we were endeavoring to restore. [Great applause.]

With a clear and fearless expression

on the essential question at issue, an issue which the people will understand, and no ingenious device, no words, can obscure, avoiding or passing by all personal and temporary controversies, working in perfect confidence that the American people will do right in the end, we feel sure of triumph. The power of a nation of forty millions must be behind the claims of the poorest working man of whatever race, its majesty must be felt wherever the humblest loyal man appeals against personal violence and oppression. [Cheers.] Every dollar of the national debt, the blood of soldiers is pledged for. [Cheers.] We must win, and we shall win. It is the old fight of liberty, equality and fraternity against oppression, caste and aristocracy. It is the old fight to make the world better, with malice towards none and with charity for all. [Loud applause.] We may halt for a moment, or change direction; but the good cause always goes steadily forward.

It is related, and whether true or not, the incident is well invented, that on the evening of that awful battle of the Wilderness, when the legions of the Union army had fought all day, by faith rather than by sight, in tangled brush, that some man asked Gen. Grant to step back and organize, and he replied: "We have done very well, gentlemen. At half past three in the morning we move forward." [Long continued applause.]

We accept his position and his words. Perhaps I am not anticipating in saying we shall accept him in person as our leader. [Loud cheering.]

General Sickles entering the hall here was received with three cheers.

A Delegation of the Soldier's and Sailor's Convention was then received, and in their behalf Gov. Fairchild presented the following resolution:

Resolved, That we, soldiers and sailors, stand fast now as ever to the Union and the flag, fully recognize the claims of Gen. U. S. Grant to the confidence of the American people, and believing that victories won under his guidance in war will be illustrated by him in peace by such measures as will secure the fruits of our exertions and restore the Union on a loyal basis, we declare our deliberate conviction that he is the choice of the soldiers and sailors of the United States for the office of President of the United States. [Loud applause.]

The soldiers of the United States ask the nomination of Gen. Grant for President because we love him, and love him, sir, because he is loyal to the Union, loyal to justice, loyal to freedom, and loyal to right. And if you will give us our comrade as our leader in the campaign of 1868, we will bear upon the enemies' works as we did in the field in 1864. [Applause.]

Three cheers were given with a will for the Soldier's and Sailor's Convention, and the resolutions were a part of the proceedings.

Gov. Brown of Georgia was called for, and in the course of his remarks said:

"As I find the Republican party standing on that platform to-day, that has been abandoned by the Democratic party, that naturally leads me into the Republican party."

SECOND DAY.

The Convention was called to order at fifteen minutes past ten a. m.

Hon. Richard Thompson, of Indiana, chairman of the committee on resolutions, advanced to the platform and reported as follows:

The National Republican party of the United States, assembled in Convention in the city of Chicago, on the 20th day of May 1868, make the following

DECLARATION OF PRINCIPLES.

First—We congratulate the country on the assured success of the reconstruction policy of Congress, [applause] as evidenced by the adoption in a majority of states lately in rebellion, of the constitutions securing equal, civil and political rights to all. [Applause.] We regard it as the duty of the Government to sustain these constitutions, and prevent the people of these States from being remitted to a state of anarchy or military rule. [Applause.]

Second—The guarantee by Congress of equal suffrage to all loyal men in the South was demanded by every consideration of public safety, of gratitude, and of justice, and must be maintained [applause], while the question of suffrage in all the loyal States properly belongs to the people of those States. [Applause.]

Third—We denounce all forms of repudiation as a national crime [immense applause] and the national honor requires the payment of the public indebtedness in the utmost good faith to our creditors at home and abroad, [applause], not only according to the letter but the spirit of the laws under which it was contracted. [Applause.]

Fourth—It is due to the labor of the nation that taxation should be equalized and reduced as rapidly as the national faith will permit. [Applause.]

Fifth—The national debt, contracted as it has been for the preservation of the Union for all time to come, should be extended over a fair period for redemption, and it is the duty of Congress to reduce the rate of interest thereon whenever it can honestly be done. [Applause.]

Sixth—The best policy to diminish our burden of debt, is to improve our credit so that capitalists will seek to lend us money at lower rates of interest than we now pay, and must continue to pay so long as repudiation, par-

tial or total, open or covert, is threatened or suspected. [Applause.] Seventh—The Government of the United States should be administered with the strictest economy. The corruptions which have been so shamefully nursed and fostered by A. Johnson call loudly for reform. [Loud cheers.]

Eighth—We profoundly deplore the untimely and tragic death of Abraham Lincoln, and regret the accession of Andrew Johnson to the Presidency, [cheers] who has acted treacherously to the people who elected him and the cause he was pledged to support; has usurped Legislative and judicial functions; has refused to execute the laws; has used his high office to induce other officers to violate the laws; has employed his Executive power to render insecure the property, liberty, and life of the citizen, has abused the pardoning power; has denounced the national legislature as unconstitutional; has persistently and habitually resisted by every means in his power every proper attempt at the reconstruction of States lately in rebellion; has perverted the public patronage into an engine of wholesale corruption, and has been justly impeached for high crimes and misdemeanors, [Cries, good, good,] and properly pronounced guilty thereof by the votes of 35 Senators. [Good, good, applause.]

Ninth—The doctrine of Great Britain and other European powers that because a man is once a subject he is always so must be resisted at every hazard by the United States as a relic of the feudal times not authorized by the law of nations, and at war with our national honor and independence. Naturalized citizens are entitled to be protected in all their rights of citizenship as though they were native born. No citizen of the United States, native or naturalized, must be liable to arrest or imprisonment by any foreign power for acts done or words spoken in this country, and if so arrested, it is the duty of the Government to interfere in his behalf.

Tenth—Of all who were faithful in the trials of the war, there were none entitled to more special honor than the brave soldiers and sailors who endured the hardships of camp and cruise, and imperiled their lives in the service of their country. The bounties and pensions appropriated by law for these brave defenders of the Union are obligations never to be forgotten. [Cheers.] The widows and orphans of the gallant dead are the wards of the people, a sacred legacy bequeathed to the protecting care of the United States. [Applause.]

Eleventh—Foreign emigration, which in the past has added so much to the wealth and increased resources of this nation, the asylum of all nations, should be fostered by a liberal and just policy.

Twelfth—This convention declared its sympathy with all oppressed people who are struggling for their rights.

Thirteenth—Highly commends the spirit of magnanimity and forgiveness with which men who have served the rebellion have now frankly and honestly co-operated with us in restoring the peace of the country, and are reconstructed. They are received back into the Union of the loyal people. We favor the removal of the restrictions imposed upon the late rebels as soon as the spirit of the rebellion has died out.

The resolutions were adopted, with but one or two dissenting voices, amid great cheers.

Mr. Schurz moved additional resolutions recognizing the principles of the declaration of independence as the true foundation of Democratic government, also commending magnanimity in reconstruction, towards rebels who now support the government, and favoring a removal of restrictions and disabilities imposed on them just as rapidly as their loyalty justified. They were seconded. Mr. Warner, of Alabama, sustained them. They were adopted nearly unanimously, and are as follows:—

Resolved, That we highly commend the spirit of magnanimity and forgiveness with which the men who have served the rebellion, but frankly and honestly co-operate with the United States in restoring the peace of the country and reconstructing the Southern State government on the basis of impartial justice and equal rights, are received back into the communion of the loyal people; and we favor the removal of the disabilities and restrictions imposed upon the late rebels in the same measure as the spirit of loyalty will direct, and as may be consistent with the safety of the loyal people. [Cries of "good, good."] That is my first amendment. It seems to me that the platform of the Republican party ought to contain at least a recognition of the great charter of our rights and liberties, the Declaration of Independence. I would therefore move that the following resolutions be added to those already reported by the committee.

Resolved, That we recognize the great principles laid down in the Declaration of Independence as the true foundation of Democratic government; and we hail with gladness every effort toward making these principles a living reality upon every inch of American soil.

ENTHUSIASTIC NOMINATION OF GRANT.

Gen. Logan of Illinois, in the name of the loyal citizen, soldiers and sailors of this great Republic of the United States of America; in the name of loyalty, liberty, humanity; and in the name of the National Union Republican party

nominated the candidate for Chief Magistrate of the Nation—U. S. GRANT.

The greatest enthusiasm prevailed on the nomination of Grant. The House rose and gave three cheers for the General; handkerchiefs waved, and the band played hail to the chief.

Every vote from every State entitled to a seat in the Convention, was for U. S. Grant, and he received six hundred and fifty votes; wherefore there were given with a will, three times three, with swinging hats and waving handkerchiefs.

The Tribune gives the following vivid description of the scene which followed the announcement of the unanimous nomination of Grant:

There was silence for an instant, the silence before a storm. The Chairman rose and announced: "The roll is completed. Gentlemen of the Convention, out of the 650 votes cast, you have given 650 for Gen. Ulysses S. Grant." The pent up enthusiasm broke forth in a perfect storm, the Chairman leading off in the applause. Immediately upon the announcement of the result, the large flag on the background of the canopy slowly rose and revealed a cartoon by Thomas Nast, occupying the entire rear of the stage, and illuminated by the brilliant chandelier in front. In relief, against a temple, was the Goddess of Liberty, pointing to a full length figure of Gen. Grant, seated upon a pedestal inscribed, "Republican Nomination, Chicago, May 28, 1868."

Opposite was an empty pedestal inscribed, "Democratic Nomination," New York, July 4, 1868; and on the fringe of the temple, in large letters, "Match Him." From one of the procession boxes was also suspended Marshall's fine portrait of Grant, and on the front of the stage, Roger's group of Lincoln, Grant, and Stanton,—"The Council of War." These heightened the enthusiasm. The audience, men and women, rose to their feet, waved hats, caps, canes, fans, and handkerchiefs. Three cheers were given and then three more. Six cheers were given and then six more. And then a delegate proposed nine cheers and then nine more were given, and after that, by way of variety, three cheers were given. The band struck in with the "Star Spangled Banner," but the torrent of applause from three thousand throats drowned the sparse and ineffectual instruments. Then the band struck up "We'll Rally Round the Flag," and the entire audience joined in until the building shook, again drowning the band, and so carried away with enthusiasm that when the audience had finished a stanza the band would have only got half through. And while the band was struggling through with strict regard for tempo, the audience would fill up the gap with cheers and tigers, ready to start off at the next verse, when the band reached it. All this time Gen. Grant's father was sitting upon the platform, the only person in the house not crazy with enthusiasm. The old man was leaning forward with a look of intense satisfaction on his face, resting his chin upon his cane, now looking upon the stage floor, and now around the house, apparently trying to comprehend the ecstasy of the scene and the wild roar of enthusiasm which had centered about this boy Ulysses. The applause lasted for a long time; and, as it began to partly subside, Chaplain McCabe, Chaplain Lozier and Captain H. G. Lombard came forward to the footlights and sang George F. Root's new campaign song, "We'll fight it out on the old Union line," in a superb style, awakening afresh the storm of enthusiasm at the close of each stanza. The word was passed to the large crowds in front of the Opera House, whose voices swelled the thunder of applause and a hundred guns on the lake shore announced from their noisy throats the glad tidings to the whole city. The applause finally subsided and the convention proceeded to nominate a Vice President.

NOMINATION FOR VICE PRESIDENT.

Mr. Lane of Indiana, nominated the tried, true and trusted patriot, Schuyler Colfax.

The following is the result of the five ballots:

	J.	H.	III.	IV.	V.
Colfax.....	110	149	164	186	217
Wade.....	140	170	175	204	226
Wilson.....	119	113	101	87	56
Fenton.....	132	140	129	144	140
Curtis.....	51	45	40	40	40
Hamlin.....	30	38	23	25	16
Eped.....	22	15	15	15	15
Harlan.....	15	15	15	15	15
Cresswell.....	14	14	14	14	14
Kelley.....	6	6	6	6	6

When Colfax was a few votes in advance of Wade, the Fenton and Wilson men commenced the change of votes that resulted in giving Colfax the majority; and

GRANT and COLFAX

to the nation.

NATIONAL EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

CHICAGO, May 22.—The following is the Executive Committee appointed yesterday:

Alabama—J. P. Stowe.
Arkansas—B. F. Rice.
California—G. C. Gorham.
Connecticut—H. H. Starkweather.
Delaware—Edward G. Bradford.
Florida—S. B. Conover.
Georgia—J. H. Caldwell.
Iowa—John Tracy.
Illinois—J. R. Jones.
Indiana—Cyrus M. Allen.
Kansas—John A. Martin.
Kentucky—Allen A. Barton.
Louisiana—M. A. Southworth.
Maryland—Charles C. Fulton.
Massachusetts—Wm. Claflin.

Maine—Lewis Barker.
Michigan—Marsh Giddings.
Minnesota—John T. Averill.
Mississippi—A. C. Fisk.
Missouri—Benjamin Deas.
Nebraska—E. B. Taylor.
Nevada—Charles E. De Long.
New Hampshire—Wm. B. Chandler.
New Jersey—James Goplin.
New York—Horace Greeley.
North Carolina—W. Sloan.
Ohio—Benjamin Bush Cowan.
Oregon—Henry W. Corbett.
Pennsylvania—William H. Kemble.
Rhode Island—Lyman B. Fries.
South Carolina—Joseph H. Deas.
Tennessee—Wm. B. Stokes.
Texas—Andrew J. Hamilton.
Vermont—Trenor W. Parks.
Virginia—Franklin Stearns.
West Virginia—Samuel D. Karna.
Wisconsin—David Atwood.
Wyoming—Daniel Wittor.
Dakota—Newton Edwards.
Idaho—J. C. Hooley.
Montana—E. M. Wilson.
District of Columbia—Sayles J. Bowen.

Messrs. Claflin, of Massachusetts; Giddings, of Michigan; Greeley, of New York; Starkweather, of Connecticut; Cowen, of Ohio; Edmunds, of Dakota; and Bowen, of D. C., were members of the last National Committee: Chairman—Lieut. Gov. William Claflin, of Massachusetts, Secretary—W. B. Chandler, of New Hampshire.

CENTRAL COMMITTEE.

(Headquarters, New York City.) William Claflin, Massachusetts. Horace Greeley, New York. T. W. Parks, Vermont. Marsh Giddings, Michigan. Wm. H. Kemble, Pennsylvania. B. R. Cowan, Ohio. H. H. Starkweather, Connecticut.

WESTERN COMMITTEE.

(Headquarters, Chicago.) J. Russell Jones, Illinois. E. B. Taylor, Nebraska. Cyrus M. Allen, Indiana.

SOUTHERN COMMITTEE.

(Headquarters, Atlanta, Ga.) J. H. Caldwell, Georgia. B. F. Rice, Arkansas. M. A. Southworth, Louisiana. C. C. Graham, California. Charles E. De Long, Nevada.

These three sub-committees constitute the national executive committee. The organization was effected Friday morning, at the Tremont House, Chicago.

The national committee have authority to reconvene the convention if it should become expedient at any time during the next four years, or before it is superseded by the selection of the next Republican National Convention.

Treachery in the Senate. The Lawyers' Conspiracy against the Constitution.

For some time past it has been evident that a new political conspiracy was brewing within the atmosphere of the Republican party, but what were its purposes and what precise form of development it would ultimately take, were problems which baffled the conjecture of every man who was not party to the plot.

The first symptoms of this disaffection were the singular desertions of the lawyers Cowin, Doolittle, and Dixon, followed by the quasi defection of Foster of Connecticut. But these early desertions from the Republican ranks were regarded as more desultory instances of perfidy; not proceeding from any formal political cabal, but resulting, rather, from separate motives of chagrin, ambition, or reward. It would appear, however, from what has lately transpired in the Senate, that these desertions were merely the advanced signs of a sympathetic element remaining in that extraordinary body, and which, though cautiously holding itself back for a while, was destined to separate from the more vigorous and progressive blood of its associates, and deliberately reinforce the cold, gray, conservative current of the so-called Democracy with its own. That development was made on Monday last, in the course pursued by Messrs. Grimes, Fessenden, and Trumbull, three more old lawyers, under the patronage of the Chief Justice, who is at once the head of their profession and their faction. In making this demonstration it was doubtless the idea of these three mistaken Senators that their personal and party prestige would awe a large portion of the Senate and draw after them a train of proselytes whose numbers would so swell the votes of the Democracy as to enable the combination not only to acquit the President, but to dictate through their new ascendancy a victorious policy for the Democratic party. Unhappily for Messrs. Grimes, Fessenden, and Trumbull, however, it has turned out that the only disciples which their august trio could win to their movement were not the very august John B. Henderson, of Missouri, and poor Fowler, of East Tennessee; and for even these some credit must be given, it appears, to outside and more material motives. This is not quite one follower apiece to the managing seceders, though the necessities of the treachery required that they should capture one and a fraction apiece; so the result is, after all, that these besotted abandoned men, instead of effecting a revolution and heading a new party, have merely fallen victims to their own conceit, with no prospect

left to them but to be led out, along with the Chief Justice, before the betrayed and indignant masses now assembling at Chicago, and ignominiously shot. Such is the fate which unsuccessful treachery invokes, and such is the justice which we have no doubt will be administered upon them.

The part which Mr. Chase has played in this conspiracy has been more infamously conspicuous than that of any other man. Indeed, he may be pointed to as the arch centripetal of the whole revolt; and had his cabal succeeded, and an executive despotism had been established on the ruins of the Constitution, the vast supervening bloodshed which must have ensued would have been chargeable mainly to his accursed ambition. It is he who, disseised with an unwholesome lust of power and soured by disappointment, has artfully fed the jealousies and hatreds of the old lawyer element of the Senate, and finally induced it to unite its fortunes with his own in a fresh parcelling of the empire. This is the meaning of the recent conspiracy in the Senate; and in further evidence that Mr. Chase is its head, we refer to the fact that the whole Democratic press of the country have been, for the last eight weeks, endeavoring to induce him to betray the trial, even to the gross extreme of abandoning the court.

Mr. Chase, however, fearing the practical effects and personal penalties of such a course, declined to follow the affectionate counsel; but it has been noticeable, from the beginning of the trial to the end, that he has neglected no opportunity to stab the prosecution by his rulings; and it has also been noticed that he has frequently gone to the extent of tampering with the jurors by an open patronage of every doubtful vote. These seem to be hard words to use of the Chief Justice; but they will startle no one who observed the alacrity with which Mr. Chase patronized Mr. Johnson as soon as he had betrayed his party, or who has noticed the eagerness with which he has of late encouraged conservative associations. Men are known by the company they keep. On Thursday of last week, Mr. Chief Justice Chase indulged Senator Hendricks in an afternoon drive. On Sunday last he drove out the courtly and estimable John B. Henderson. On Monday afternoon, during the court recess, which occurred between six and half-past seven o'clock, he managed to live at his dinner table the four neophytes in treachery—Fessenden, Henderson, Trumbull, and Grimes—while they were yet steaming from the Democratic altar; and on Tuesday was his misfortune to miss the estimable and engaging Fowler for a carriage excursion by just a quarter of an hour. These are not criminal acts, but they are not decent ones; and if not exactly amenable to prosecution, they certainly provoke an unhesitating feeling of disgust. Of a much graver character was Mr. Chase's official conduct in the Court of Impeachment. Through his copperhead organs he challenged the Senate for undue prerogatives, on the threat to break up the trial. The Senate, understanding the threat, and consulting wisely on the danger, yielded to him the privilege of deciding primarily on interlocutory questions; their main motive thereto being to facilitate the proceedings by an avoidance of repetitive debate. The Chief Justice, however, instead of using the new functions which he had thus wrested from the Senate for the purposes intended, sullenly withheld their exercise, and repeatedly forced identical propositions to be argued and re-argued in debate, and subjected, again and again, to the calling of the yeas and nays, when a word from him, under his new power, to the effect that the question was incompetent under a previous ruling, would have saved the court and country several hours. In the course of General Sherman's testimony, he permitted one particular question, under a scarcely altered form, to be asked and argued four separate times, and thus, with the formality of the yeas and nays added to the arguments, he succeeded in murdering an entire afternoon. Should any loyal citizen who witnessed that scandalous performance forgive him for such vicious consumption of the public time?

But without these latter proofs, Mr. Chase's mischievous motives have long been understood by men who have observed him closely. He belongs to a class of politicians who imagine that governments were made for their possession, and who, being disappointed in their aims, are ever ready to sacrifice the party which for a moment may discriminate against them in favor of some other

THE FREE HOMESTEAD.

WEDNESDAY, MAY 27, 1868.

This paper has a larger circulation than any other paper in Faribault County, and is the only paper in the county, which is printed entirely at home.

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For President,
LYSSES S. GRANT,
OF ILLINOIS.
For Vice President,
SCHUYLER COLFAX,
OF INDIANA.

Republican Congressional Convention.

The Republicans of the First Congressional District of Minnesota are requested to meet in Delegate Convention at OWATONNA, Steele Co., on WEDNESDAY, the 8th day of JULY, 1868, at 4 o'clock p. m., for the purpose of putting in nomination a candidate for Representative in Congress for said District. The several counties comprising the District will be entitled to delegates as follows, viz:

Blue Earth.....	5	Sisseton.....	3
Brown.....	2	Olmitz.....	2
Dodge.....	2	Redwood.....	2
Faribault.....	2	Renville.....	2
Fillmore.....	2	Rice.....	2
Frederick.....	2	Wadena.....	2
Hennepin.....	2	Winona.....	2
Island.....	2	Wabawau.....	2
Jackson.....	2	Scott.....	2
Le Sueur.....	2	Sibley.....	2
Lincoln.....	2	Steele.....	2
Martin.....	2		
Monroe.....	2		

The remaining counties in the District one each.
C. L. TAPPAN, Chairman.
A. C. DUNN,
O. P. WHITCOMB,
E. W. HICK,
D. SMITH,
R. B. JOHNSON, Jr.,
W. B. STRAIT,
Congressional Com. First District.
Owatonna, April 22, 1868.

Republican National Convention.

Last week Wednesday, at noon, in Crosby's Opera House, in Chicago, Gov. Ward, Chairman of the National Republican Committee, called the national convention to order in the following appropriate style:

"Delegates to the National Convention of the Union Republican party: You have assembled at the call of the National Convention to nominate its standard bearers for the ensuing campaign, to declare your unwavering to the Union and liberty, and to pledge that you will take no step backward in the work of reconstructing the rebel States and re-establishing the Union. [Applause.] You are here to bear witness that the war so gallantly and gloriously waged for the life of the nation was not a failure. An emancipated race has been lifted from slavery, and to-day unites with the Republican party to maintain Republican liberty. Neither armed treason nor political treachery can arrest the triumph of our cause. [Great applause.] You are here to point to a Republic boundless in extent and resources,—a Republic guarded and protected by a patriotic and loyal people. [Immense applause.]

If you designate as your leader the great Captain of the age, the nation will greet it as the precursor of victory to our cause, and peace to the Republic. [Great applause.]

Bishop Simpson was then called upon to offer prayer, and complied in a very appropriate petition to the Throne of Grace, closing with the Lord's Prayer, in which the audience joined.

The afternoon was consumed in the selection of committees, &c., &c.

In the evening, Hamilton Harris, chairman of committee on permanent organization, reported the name of Joseph R. Hawley, of Conn., for permanent President of the Convention, which received him with a hearty burst of enthusiasm. Gov. Hawley in the course of his remarks to the Convention, said:

"We come together with the momentous duty of selecting a chief ruler of the nation which leads the world in the promotion of freedom and equal rights. [Applause.] Indications of your purposes and spirit already given assure us that you will maintain the noble character of the Republican party.

We unavoidably recall at this time the convention of 1860, with its profound anxieties and glowing devotion to liberty, and its enthusiastic acceptance of the wage of battle tendered by slavery and secession. [Applause.] It now seems clear to us that God then ruled our counsels. He made our declarations of principle manly and sincere. He gave us a Lincoln for President. [Tremendous applause.]

God send like wisdom to-day. [Applause.] He tested us in a manner and to an extent which the liveliest imagination could not have anticipated. Fidelity we hope, will decide that we have met that test with the spirit worthy of a free people. Countless treasure and 200,000 lives offered were evidence that we were solemnly in earnest. We offered our lives and our property, but it was not enough. We laid our prejudices of race and color upon the altar; and the consciousness that we at last deserved success redoubled our nerve.

The same high resolve rules to-day; and the honest men of this country are ready for equal and even greater sacrifices if they be indispensable to the dedication of this continent to liberty and equal rights. [Applause.] We learned the first lesson when we found we must make men free and call them to the battle field. We learned the second lesson when we found we must still move on, and give impartially to all men a share in the government we were endeavoring to restore. [Great applause.]

With a clear and fearless expression

on the essential question at issue, an issue which the people will understand, and no ingenious device, no words, can obscure, avoiding or passing by all personal and temporary controversies, working in perfect confidence that the American people will do right in the end, we feel sure of triumph. The power of a nation of forty millions must be behind the claims of the poorest working man of whatever race, its majesty must be felt wherever the humblest loyal man appeals against personal violence and oppression. [Cheers.] Every dollar of the national debt, the blood of soldiers is pledged for. [Cheers.] We must win, and we shall win. It is the old fight of liberty, equality and fraternity against oppression, caste and aristocracy. It is the old fight to make the world better, with malice towards none and with charity for all. [Loud applause.] We may halt for a moment, or change direction; but the good cause always goes steadily forward.

It is related, and whether true or not, the incident is well invented, that on the evening of that awful battle of the Wilderness, when the legions of the Union army had fought all day, by faith rather than by sight, in tangled brush, that some man asked Gen. Grant to step back and organize, and he replied: "We have done very well, gentlemen. At half past three in the morning we move forward." [Long continued applause.]

We accept his position and his words. Perhaps I am not anticipating in saying we shall accept him in person as our leader. [Loud cheering.]

General Sickles entering the hall here was received with three cheers.

A Delegation of the Soldier's and Sailor's Convention was then received, and in their behalf Gov. Fairchild presented the following resolution:

Resolved, That we, soldiers and sailors standfast now as ever to the Union and the flag, fully recognize the claims of Gen. U. S. Grant to the confidence of the American people, and believing that victories won under his guidance in war will be illustrated by him in peace by such measures as will secure the fruits of our exertions and restore the Union on a loyal basis, we declare our deliberate conviction that he is the choice of the soldiers and sailors of the Union for the office of President of the United States. [Loud applause.]

The soldiers of the United States ask the nomination of Gen. Grant for President because we love him, and love him, sir, because he is loyal to the Union, loyal to justice, loyal to freedom, and loyal to right. And if you will give us our comrade as our leader in the campaign of 1868, we will bear upon the onerous works as we did in the field in 1864. [Applause.]

Three cheers were given with a will for the Soldier's and Sailor's Convention, and the resolutions were a part of the proceedings.

Gov. Brown of Georgia was called for, and in the course of his remarks said:

"As I find the Republican party standing on that platform to-day, that has been abandoned by the Democratic party, that naturally leads me into the Republican party."

SECOND DAY.

The Convention was called to order at fifteen minutes past ten A. M.

Hon. Richard Thompson, of Indiana, chairman of the committee on resolutions, advanced to the platform and reported as follows:

The National Republican party of the United States, assembled in Convention in the city of Chicago, on the 20th day of May 1868, make the following

DECLARATION OF PRINCIPLES.

First—We congratulate the country on the assured success of the reconstruction policy of Congress, [applause] as evidenced by the adoption in a majority of states lately in rebellion, of the constitutions securing equal, civil and political rights to all. [Applause.] We regard it as the duty of the Government to sustain these constitutions, and prevent the people of these States from being remitted to a state of anarchy or military rule. [Applause.]

Second—The guarantee by Congress of equal suffrage to all loyal men in the South was demanded by every consideration of public safety, of gratitude, and of justice, and must be maintained [applause] while the question of suffrage in all the loyal States properly belongs to the people of those States. [Applause.]

Third—We denounce all forms of repudiation as a national crime [immense applause] and the national honor requires the payment of the public indebtedness in the utmost good faith to our creditors at home and abroad, [applause] not only according to the letter but the spirit of the laws under which it was contracted. [Applause.]

Fourth—It is due to the labor of the nation that taxation should be equalized and reduced as rapidly as the national faith will permit. [Applause.]

Fifth—The national debt, contracted as it has been for the preservation of the Union for all time to come, should be extended over a fair period for redemption, and it is the duty of Congress to reduce the rate of interest thereon whenever it can honestly be done. [Applause.]

Sixth—The best policy to diminish our burden of debt, is to improve our credit so that capitalists will seek to lend us money at lower rates of interest than we now pay, and must continue to pay so long as repudiation, par-

tial or total, open or covert, is threatened or suspected. [Applause.]

Seventh—The Government of the United States should be administered with the strictest economy. The corruptions which have been so shamefully nursed and fostered by A. Johnson call loudly for reform. [Loud cheers.]

Eighth—We profoundly deplore the untimely and tragic death of Abraham Lincoln, and regret the accession of Andrew Johnson to the Presidency, [cheers] who has acted treacherously to the people who elected him and the cause he was pledged to support; has usurped Legislative and judicial functions; has refused to execute the laws; has used his high office to induce other officers to violate the laws; has employed his Executive power to render insecure the property, liberty, and life of the citizen, has abused the pardoning power; has denounced the national legislature as unconstitutional; has persistently and habitually resisted by every means in his power every proper attempt at the reconstruction of States lately in rebellion; has perverted the public patronage into an engine of wholesale corruption, and has been justly impeached for high crimes and misdemeanors. [Cries, good, good.] and properly pronounced guilty thereof by the votes of 35 Senators. [Good, good, applause.]

Ninth—The doctrine of Great Britain and other European powers that because a man is once a subject he is always so must be resisted at every hazard by the United States as a relic of the feudal times not authorized by the law of nations, and at war with our national honor and independence. Naturalized citizens are entitled to be protected in all their rights of citizenship as though they were native born. No citizen of the United States, native or naturalized, must be liable to arrest or imprisonment by any foreign power for acts done or words spoken in this country, and if so arrested, it is the duty of the Government to interfere in his behalf.

Tenth—Of all who were faithful in the trials of the war, there were none entitled to more special honor than the brave soldiers and sailors who endured the hardships of camp and cruise, and imperiled their lives in the service of their country. The bounties and pensions appropriated by law for these brave defenders of the Union are obligations never to be forgotten. [Cheers.] The widows and orphans of the gallant dead are the wards of the people, a sacred legacy bequeathed to the protecting care of the United States. [Applause.]

Eleventh—Foreign emigration, which in the past has added so much to the wealth and increased resources of this nation, the asylum of all nations, should be fostered by a liberal and just policy.

Twelfth—This convention declared its sympathy with all oppressed people who are struggling for their rights.

Thirteenth—Highly commends the spirit of magnanimity and forgiveness with which men who have served the rebellion have now frankly and honestly co-operated with us in restoring the peace of the country, and are reconstructed. They are received back into the Union of the loyal people. We favor the removal of the restrictions imposed upon the late rebels as soon as the spirit of the rebellion has died out.

The resolutions were adopted, with but one or two dissenting voices, amid great cheers.

Mr. Schurz moved additional resolutions recognizing the principles of the declaration of independence as the true foundation of Democratic government, also commending magnanimity in reconstruction, towards rebels who now support the government, and favoring a removal of restrictions and disabilities imposed on them just as rapidly as their loyalty justified. They were seconded. Mr. Warner, of Alabama, sustained them. They were adopted nearly unanimously, and are as follows:—

Resolved, That we highly commend the spirit of magnanimity and forgiveness with which the men who have served the rebellion, but frankly and honestly co-operate with the United States in restoring the peace of the country and reconstructing the Southern State government on the basis of impartial justice and equal rights, are received back into the communion of the loyal people; and we favor the removal of the disabilities and restrictions imposed upon the late rebels in the same measure as the spirit of loyalty will direct, and as may be consistent with the safety of the loyal people. [Cries of "good, good."] That is my first amendment. It seems to me that the platform of the Republican party ought to contain at least a recognition of the great charter of our rights and liberties, the Declaration of Independence. I would therefore move that the following resolutions be added to those already reported by the committee.

Resolved, That we recognize the great principles laid down in the Declaration of Independence as the true foundation of Democratic government; and we hail with gladness every effort toward making these principles a living reality on every inch of American soil.

ENTHUSIASTIC NOMINATION OF GRANT.

Gen. Logan of Illinois, in the name of the loyal citizen, soldiers and sailors of this great Republic of the United States of America; in the name of loyalty, liberty, humanity; and in the name of the National Union Republican party

nominated the candidate for Chief Magistrate of the Nation—U. S. GRANT.

The greatest enthusiasm prevailed on the nomination of Grant. The House rose and gave three cheers for the General; handkerchiefs waved, and the band played hail to the chief.

Every vote from every State entitled to a seat in the Convention, was for U. S. Grant, and he received six hundred and fifty votes; whereof there were three with a will, three times three, with swiftness and waving handkerchiefs.

The Tribune gives the following vivid description of the scene which followed the announcement of the unanimous nomination of Grant:

There was silence for an instant, the silence before a storm. The Chairman rose and announced: "The roll is completed. Gentlemen of the Convention, out of the 650 votes cast, you have given 650 for Gen. Ulysses S. Grant." The pent up enthusiasm broke forth in a perfect storm, the Chairman leading off in the applause. Immediately upon the announcement of the result, the large flag on the background of the canopy slowly rose and revealed a cartoon by Thomas Nast, occupying the entire rear of the stage, and illuminated by the brilliant chandelier in front. In relief, against a temple, was the Goddess of Liberty, pointing to a full length figure of Gen. Grant, seated upon a pedestal inscribed, "Republican Nomination, Chicago, May 28, 1868." Opposite was an empty pedestal inscribed, "Democratic Nomination," New York, July 4, 1868; and on the frieze of the temple, in large letters, "Match Him." From one of the procession boxes was also suspended Marshall's fine portrait of Grant, and on the front of the stage, Roger's group of Lincoln, Grant, and Stanton,—"The Council of War." These heightened the enthusiasm. The audience, men and women, rose to their feet, waved hats, caps, canes, fans, and handkerchiefs. Three cheers were given and then three more. Six cheers were given and then six more. And then a delegate proposed nine cheers and then nine more were given, and after that, by way of variety, three cheers were given. The band struck in with the "Star Spangled Banner," but the torrent of applause from three thousand throats drowned the sparse and ineffectual instruments. Then the band struck up "We'll Rally Round the Flag," and the entire audience joined in until the building shook, again drowning the band, and so carried away with enthusiasm that when the audience had finished a stanza the band would have only got half through. And while the band was struggling through with strict regard for tempo, the audience would fill up the gap with cheers and tigers, ready to start off at the next verse, when the band reached it. All this time Gen. Grant's father was sitting upon the platform, the only person in the house not crazy with enthusiasm. The old man was leaning forward with a look of intense satisfaction on his face, resting his chin upon his cane, now looking upon the stage floor, and now around the house, apparently trying to comprehend the ecstasy of the scene and the wild roar of enthusiasm which had centered about "this boy Ulysses." The applause lasted for a long time; and, as it began to subside, Chaplain McCabe, Chaplain Lorier and Captain H. G. Lombard came forward to the footlights and sang George F. Root's new campaign song, "We'll fight it out on the old Union line!" superb style, awakening afresh the storm of enthusiasm at the close of each stanza. The word was passed to the large crowds in front of the Opera House, whose voices swelled the thunder of applause and a hundred guns on the lake shore announced from their noisy throats the glad tidings to the whole city. The applause finally subsided and the convention proceeded to nominate a Vice President.

NOMINATION FOR VICE PRESIDENT.

Mr. Lane of Indiana, nominated the tried, true and trusted patriot, Schuyler Colfax.

The following is the result of the five ballots:

	I.	II.	III.	IV.	V.
Colfax.....	110	140	164	186	217
Wade.....	140	170	178	204	226
Wilson.....	110	113	101	87	56
Fenton.....	132	140	139	144	140
Curtis.....	51	45	40	40	40
Hamlin.....	30	38	23	25	18
Eped.....	22	22	22	22	22
Harlan.....	15	15	15	15	15
Cresswell.....	14	14	14	14	14
Kelley.....	6	6	6	6	6

When Colfax was a few votes in advance of Wade, the Fenton and Wilson men commenced the change of votes that resulted in giving Colfax the majority; and

GRANT and COLFAX

to the nation.

NATIONAL EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

CHICAGO, May 22.—The following is the Executive Committee appointed yesterday:

Alabama—J. P. Stowe.
Arkansas—B. F. Rice.
California—G. C. Graham.
Connecticut—H. H. Starkweather.
Delaware—Edward G. Bradford.
Florida—S. B. Conover.
Georgia—J. H. Caldwell.
Iowa—John A. Martin.
Illinois—J. R. Jones.
Indiana—Cyrus M. Allen.
Kansas—John A. Martin.
Kentucky—Allen A. Burton.
Louisiana—M. A. Southworth.
Maryland—Charles C. Fulton.
Massachusetts—Wm. Claflin.

Maine—Lewis Barker.
Michigan—Marah Giddings.
Minnesota—John T. Averill.
Mississippi—A. C. Fisk.
Missouri—Benjamin Dean.
Nebraska—E. F. Taylor.
Nevada—Charles E. De Long.
New Hampshire—Wm. E. Chandler.
New Jersey—James Gopoli.
New York—Horace Greeley.
North Carolina—W. Sloan.
Ohio—Benjamin Rush Cowan.
Oregon—Henry W. Corbett.
Pennsylvania—William H. Kemble.
Rhode Island—Lyman B. Fries.
South Carolina—Joseph H. Jenks.
Tennessee—Wm. B. Stoker.
Texas—Andrew J. Hamilton.
Vermont—Trenor W. Parks.
Virginia—Franklin Stowers.
West Virginia—Samuel D. Karna.
Wisconsin—David Atwood.
Colorado—Daniel Witter.
Dakota—Newton Edmunds.
Idaho—J. C. Henley.
Montana—E. M. Wilson.
District of Columbia—Sayles J. Bowen.

Messrs. Claflin, of Massachusetts; Giddings, of Michigan; Greeley, of New York; Starkweather, of Connecticut; Cowen, of Ohio; Edmunds, of Dakota; and Bowen, of D. C., were members of the last National Committee: Chairman—Lieut. Gov. William Claflin, of Massachusetts.
Secretary—W. E. Chandler, of New Hampshire.

CENTRAL COMMITTEE.

(Headquarters, New York City.)
William Claflin, Massachusetts.
Horace Greeley, New York.
T. W. Parks, Vermont.
Marah Giddings, Michigan.
Wm. H. Kemble, Pennsylvania.
B. R. Cowan, Ohio.
H. H. Starkweather, Connecticut.

WESTERN COMMITTEE.

(Headquarters, Chicago.)
J. Russell Jones, Illinois.
E. F. Taylor, Nebraska.
Cyrus M. Allen, Indiana.

SOUTHERN COMMITTEE.

(Headquarters, Atlanta, Ga.)
J. H. Caldwell, Georgia.
B. F. Rice, Arkansas.
M. A. Southworth, Louisiana.
G. C. Graham, California.
Charles E. DeLong, Nevada.

These three sub-committees constitute the national executive committee. The organization was effected Friday morning, at the Tremont House, Chicago.

The national committee have authority to reconvene the convention if it should become expedient at any time during the next four years, or before it is superseded by the selection of the next Republican National Convention.

Treachery in the Senate. The Lawyers' Conspiracy against the Constitution.

For some time past it has been evident that a new political conspiracy was brewing within the atmosphere of the Republican party, but what were its purposes and what precise form of development it would ultimately take, were problems which baffled the conjecture of every man who was not party to the plot.

The first symptoms of this disaffection were the singular desertions of the lawyers Cowin, Doolittle, and Dixon, followed by the quasi defection of Foster of Connecticut. But these early desertions from the Republican ranks were regarded as mere desultory instances of perfidy; not proceeding from any formal political cabal, but resulting, rather, from separate motives of chagrin, ambition, or reward. It would appear, however, from what has lately transpired in the Senate, that these desertions were merely the advanced signs of a sympathetic element remaining in that extraordinary body, and which, though cautiously holding itself back for a while, was destined to separate from the more vigorous and progressive blood of its associates, and deliberately reinforce the cold, gray, conservative current of the so-called Democracy with its own. That development was made on Monday last, in the course pursued by Messrs. Grimes, Fessenden and Trumbull, three more old lawyers, under the patronage of the Chief Justice, who is at once the head of their profession and their faction. In making this demonstration it was doubtless the idea of these three mistaken Senators that their personal and party prestige would awe a large portion of the Senate and draw after them a train of proselytes whose numbers would so swell the votes of the Democracy as to enable the combination not only to acquit the President, but to dictate through their new ascendancy a victorious policy for the Democratic party. Unhappily for Messrs. Grimes, Fessenden, and Trumbull, however, it has turned out that the only disciples which their august trio could win to their movement were not the very august John B. Henderson, of Missouri, and poor Fowler, of East Tennessee; and for even these some credit must be given, it appears, to outside and more material motives. This is not quite one follower apiece to the managing seceders, though the necessities of the treachery required that they should capture one and a fraction apiece; so the result is, after all, that these besotted abandoned men, instead of effecting a revolution and heading a new party, have merely fallen victims to their own conceit, with no prospect

left to them but to be led out, along with the Chief Justice, before the betrayed and indignant masses now assembling at Chicago, and ignominiously shot. Such is the fate which unsuccessful treachery invokes, and such is the justice which we have no doubt will be administered upon them.

The part which Mr. Chase has played in this conspiracy has been more infamously conspicuous than that of any other man. Indeed, he may be pointed to as the arch contriver of the whole revolt; and had his cabal succeeded, and an executive despotism had been established on the ruins of the Constitution, the vast supervening bloodshed which must have ensued would have been chargeable mainly to his accused ambition. It is he who, disseised with an unwholesome lust of power and soured by disappointment, has artfully fed the jealousies and hatreds of the old lawyer element of the Senate, and finally induced it to unite its fortunes with his own in a fresh parcelling of the empire. This is the meaning of the recent conspiracy in the Senate; and in further evidence that Mr. Chase is its head, we refer to the fact that the whole Democratic press of the country have been, for the last eight weeks, endeavoring to induce him to betray the trial, even to the gross extreme of abandoning the court.

Mr. Chase, however, fearing the practical effects and personal penalties of such a course, declined to follow the affectionate counsel; but it has been noticeable, from the beginning of the trial to the end, that he has neglected no opportunity to stab the prosecution by his rulings; and it has also been noticed that he has frequently gone to the extent of tampering with the jurors by an open patronage of every doubtful vote. These seem to be hard words to use of the Chief Justice; but they will startle no one who observed the alacrity with which Mr. Chase patronized Mr. Johnson as soon as he had betrayed his party, or who has noticed the eagerness with which he has of late encouraged conservative associations. Men are known by the company they keep. On Thursday of last week, Mr. Chief Justice Chase indulged Senator Hendricks in an afternoon drive. On Sunday last he drove out the courtly and estimable John B. Henderson. On Monday afternoon, during the court recess, which occurred between six and half-past seven o'clock, he managed to hivo at his dinner table the four neophytes in treachery—Fessenden, Henderson, Trumbull, and Grimes—while they were yet steaming from the Democratic altar; and on Tuesday it was his misfortune to miss the estimable and engaging Fowler for a carriage excursion by just a quarter of an hour. These are not criminal acts, but they are not decent ones; and if not exactly amenable to prosecution, they certainly provoke an unhesitating feeling of disgust. Of a much graver character was Mr. Chase's official conduct in the Court of Impeachment. Through his copperhead organs he challenged the Senate for undue prerogatives, on the threat to break up the trial. The Senate, understanding the threat, and consulting wisely on the danger, yielded to him the privilege of deciding primarily on interlocutory questions; their main motive thereto being to facilitate the proceedings by an avoidance of repetitious debate. The Chief Justice, however, instead of using the new functions which he had thus wrested from the Senate for the purposes intended, sullenly withheld their exercise, and repeatedly forced identical propositions to be argued and re-argued in debate, and subjected, again and again, to the calling of the yeas and nays, when a word from him, under his new power, to the effect that the question was incompetent under a previous ruling, would have saved the court and country several hours. In the course of General Sherman's testimony, he permitted one particular question, under a scarcely altered form, to be asked and argued four separate times, and thus, with the formality of the yeas and nays added to the arguments, he succeeded in murdering an entire afternoon. Should any loyal citizen who witnessed that scandalous performance forgive him for such vicious consumption of the public time?

But without these latter proofs, Mr. Chase's mischievous motives have long been understood by men who have observed him closely. He belongs to a class of politicians who imagine that governments were made for their possession, and who, being disappointed in their aims, are ever ready to sacrifice the party which for a moment may discriminate against them in favor of some other

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AN ACT for the protection of railroads and persons riding thereon.
Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Sec 1. Whoever shall wilfully and maliciously obstruct the passage of any carriage upon any railroad, or in any way injure such road or anything appertaining thereto, or any materials or implements for the construction and use thereof, and who shall be aiding and abetting in such trespass, shall forfeit to the use of the corporation for every such offence treble the amount of the damages which shall appear on the trial to have been sustained thereby.

Sec 2. Whoever shall wilfully obstruct any engine or carriage passing upon any railroad, so as to endanger the safety of persons conveyed in and upon the same, or shall assist or aid therein, shall be punished by imprisonment in the State Prison not exceeding twenty years.

Sec 3. Whoever shall wilfully do or cause to be done anything with intent to obstruct any engine or carriage passing upon any railroad, or with intent to endanger the safety of persons conveyed in or upon the same or who shall aid or assist therein, shall be punished by imprisonment in State Prison not more than five years, or by fine not exceeding five hundred dollars, nor less than one hundred dollars, and by imprisonment in the county jail not more than one year nor less than three months.

Sec 4. No liabilities already incurred or proceedings pending, shall be affected by the passage of this act.

Sec 5. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved March 5, 1868.
AN ACT to provide for the compensation of the officers and members of the Legislature.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

SECTION 1. That the compensation of the officers and members of the Legislature shall be as follows:

The per diem of the President of the Senate and Speaker of the House of Representatives shall be ten dollars (\$10).

Of the Secretary of the Senate and Chief Clerk of the House shall be seven dollars (\$7).

Of the Assistant Secretary of the Senate and Assistant Clerk of the House, six dollars (\$6).

Of the Senators and Representatives and Chaplain, five dollars (\$5).

Of the Enrolling and Engrossing Clerks, five dollars (\$5).

Of the Sergeant-at-arms and Fireman, five dollars (\$5).

Of the Messengers, two dollars (\$2).

Sec 2. The President of the Senate, Speaker of the House, and members of the two Houses shall receive mileage at the rate of fifteen cents (.15) per mile for the distance necessarily traveled in going to and returning from the sessions of the Legislature.

Sec 3. It shall be the duty of the Secretary of the State, and Chief Clerk of the House, to issue certificates for mileage and per diem to the presiding officers, and members of their respective Houses, and certificates for per diem to the officers of the same, as provided for by this act; upon the presentation of such certificate, signed by the presiding officer and clerk of the House to which the member, or officer, presenting the same belongs, to the State Auditor, he shall issue his warrant upon the Treasurer for the sum therein named, which amount shall be paid on presentation, out of any money in the treasury appropriated for that purpose.

Sec 4. All acts or parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions of this act are hereby repealed.

Sec 5. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved Feb. 5, 1868.

AN ACT to prevent trespassing upon personal property.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Sec 1. Whoever shall carry off or destroy any wood, timber, lumber, hay, grass or other personal property of another person without lawful authority, shall be liable to the owner thereof for treble the amount of damages which may be assessed therefor in a civil action in any court having jurisdiction, except as provided in the next section.

Sec 2. If upon the trial of such action it appears that the defendant had probable cause to believe that the property so taken or carried off was his own or that of another person under whose direction the act was done, judgment shall be given for single damages only, and costs of the action.

Sec 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved Feb. 27, 1868.

AN ACT to amend section one hundred and forty-nine (149), of chapter sixty-six (66), of the general statutes, in relation to garnishment.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Sec 1. That section one hundred and forty-nine (149) of chapter sixty-six (66) of the general statutes be amended by adding to the end thereof the following words, viz:

But no person shall be obliged to appear as garnishee, unless his fees for one day's attendance and mileage, according to law, is paid or tendered in advance.

Sec 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved Feb. 29, 1868.

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Approved Feb. 5, 1868.

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property so taken or carried off was

his own or that of another person under

whose direction the act was done,

judgment shall be given for single

damages only, and costs of the action.

Sec 3. This act shall take effect

and be in force from and after its pas-

sage.

Approved Feb. 27, 1868.

AN ACT to amend section one

hundred and forty-nine (149), of chap-

ter sixty-six (66), of the general stat-

utes, in relation to garnishment.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the

State of Minnesota:

Sec 1. That section one hundred

and forty-nine (149) of chapter sixty-

six (66) of the general statutes be

amended by adding to the end thereof

the following words, viz:

But no person shall be obliged to

appear as garnishee, unless his fees for

one day's attendance and mileage, ac-

cording to law, is paid or tendered in

advance.

Sec 2. This act shall take effect

and be in force from and after its pas-

sage.

Approved Feb. 29, 1868.

First Class

COUNTY NEWSPAPER.

ACCEPT THE ABOVE OFFER.

F. A. HOTCHKISS.

Winnebago City, April 29th, 1868.

BARGAINS

In Cloths,

Prints,

De Laines,

Sheetings,

Poplins,

Alpacas,

Cassimeres,

Denims,

Barred Muslin.

Hooped Skirts,

HATS and CAPS,

BOOTS & SHOES,

CROCKERY,

and Groceries of all kinds.

Winship &

Goodwin

Have just received their

NEW GOODS,

and are offering them at prices

Vastly Reduced

from those which ruled last year.

No charge for showing goods.

285tf Winnebago City, April 20th, 1868.

MICHIGAN SOUTHERN

AND

LAKE SHORE R. R. LINE.

VIA

TOLEDO & CLEVELAND.

THE ONLY DIRECT ROUTE TO

Cleveland, Erie, Dunkirk, Buffalo,

AND ALL PRINCIPAL POINTS IN

NEW YORK AND NEW ENGLAND.

All the principal Railways of the North-

west and Southwest connect at Chicago with the

Four Daily Express Trains of the Michigan

Southern Railroad. The most

Elegant Drawing Room Coaches

ever put upon a Railway in this country, are in

use upon this line, one of which will leave Chicago

on Day Express at 7.00 a. m., running through to

Cleveland without change. The Drawing

Room Coaches, Sleeping Coaches, and Day

Coaches of this line, are unsurpassed by those of

any Railway line in this country. The smooth

and perfect track gives the advantage of quick

time and safe connections. Passengers for Detroit,

and all points in Canada, and those for Ohio,

Pennsylvania, New York and New England should

purchase tickets via Michigan Southern Railway,

which are on sale at all principal Railway Ticket

Offices, and at the Company's Office,

No. 56 Clark Street, Chicago.

F. E. MORSE,

Gen'l Pass. Agt., Chicago.

GEO. J. GRAY,

General Western Passenger Agent M. S. &

L. S. Line, Chicago.

MEAT MARKET.

I would respectfully announce to the people of

Winnebago City and vicinity, that I have

opened a Meat Market in the second building

East of the Post Office, where I will at all times

keep on hand

Beef, Pork, Mutton, Fowls.

ALSO

Corn, Oats, Garden City Flour,

AND

CORN MEAL, FOR SALE.

All kinds of produce taken in exchange for meat.

F. M. PEIRCE.

Winnebago City, Jan. 8th, 1868. 219tf

ERRORS OF YOUTH.

A gentleman who suffered for years from Nervous

Debility, Premature Decay, and all the effects of

youthful indiscretion, will, for the sake of

suffering humanity, send free to all who need

it, the recipe and directions for making the sim-

ple remedy by which he was cured; suffering

wishing to profit by the advertiser's experience,

can do so by addressing

JOHN B. OGDEN,

42 Cedar street New York.

44331y

WANTED.—TRACERS, STENOGRAPHS, and oth-

er intelligent Men and Women, in a busi-

ness paying \$100 to \$200 per month, according

to ability. For particulars, address ZEIGLER,

McCURDY & CO., Lombard Block, Chicago, Illinois.

226m3

The Healing Pool

ESSAYS FOR YOUNG MEN, on the CRIME

OF SOLITUDE, and the ERRORS, ABUS-

ES AND DISEASES which destroy the manly

power, and create impediments to MARRIAGE,

with sure means of relief. Sent in sealed letter

envelopes, free of charge. Address, Dr. J.

SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Howard Association,

Phil. Pa. 226m3

Fancy Candies of every description at

WILSON'S.

Navy, and Fine cut tobacco of the best brands

always on hand at WILSON'S.

NEW SPRING GOODS!

GO TO

Moulton and Deuden's

FOR YOUR

Dry Goods, Groceries, Clothing,

Hats, Caps,

Boots, Shoes,

Fancy and Staple

Goods.

They always keep a large stock of superior

goods—selected with great care—and having

just received a new assortment of

Prints, Delains, Sheetings,

Merinos,

and other dress goods, in addition to serve

cases of

BOOTS & SHOES,

would respectfully solicit the attention of the

public.

They also have on hand a big stock of

HOOP SKIRTS,

from the "Odessa Skirt Company," which are

unsurpassed by any other Hoop Skirt in use, as

regards Durability, Comfort and Style.

Also a large assortment of

Groceries, Pork, Hams,

Butter,

Lard, Wheat, Corn,

POTATOES,

Onions, Flour, Meal, &c., &c.

ALSO EVERY DESCRIPTION OF

Crockery, Glassware,

Looking-glasses,

Lamps, Lanterns,

Machine and Kerosene

Oil, Sugar Buckets and

Boxes,

And in fact everything usually kept in a first

class store. 231tf

IMPORTANT DECISION.

After careful investigation by competent judges

it has been fully and fairly decided that the best

place to purchase

DRY GOODS,

GROCERIES,

HATS and CAPS,

BOOTS and SHOES

and in fact, any kind of Goods, is at the Store of

R. M. Wilson,

Next door to RICHARDSON'S,

where more Goods can be had for one dollar than

any other

STORE

in Fairbairn County.

R. M. WILSON.

44n21tf pr N. W. SARGENT

April 5th, 1867.

WAGON & BLACKSMITH

S H O P!

Good Material Constantly on Hand.

Wagons and Carriages Made to Order.

Blacksmithing, Shoeing, Repairing, &c., done on

Short Notice.

The undersigned still occupy the shop near

the Steam Mill, and would respectfully announce

that they are now prepared to manufacture both

ROD & MOLD-BOARD,

Breaking Plows.

Having secured the services of FIRST CLASS

workmen, we are able to offer the best quality of

work, both Manufacturing and Repairing, Job-

bing, Horse & Ox Shoeing, &c. in the best man-

ner. Thankful for past favors, we would solicit

a continuance of the public patronage.

2201tf WHEELER & RICE.

Information.